

Lake Cahuilla Subregion ACEC Units

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Coyote Mountains Fossil Site

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location: The Coyote Mountains Fossil Site ACEC is located within southwest Imperial County and is almost entirely encompassed by the Coyote Mountains Wilderness area.

Nationally Significant Values: Not proposed for NCLS designation.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: ACEC Plan No. 62, 01/08/1988

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

Biological: Although important primarily for geologic and paleontological values, these lands provide habitat linkage between the Imperial Valley and the mountains in Anza-Borrego Desert State Park. Animals that traverse these lands include Peninsular bighorn sheep. Addition of these conservation lands complement and enhance the landscape and ecosystem protection provided by the adjacent Coyote Mountains Wilderness and State Wilderness. The magic gecko, a lizard species of scientific and management concern, is also present within the ACEC. Some areas within the ACEC provide a combination of meteorological, geological, hydrological, topographical features that have been identified as important climate refugia (slow/minimized climate changes) for wildlife species.

Cultural: Pit and groove rock art, unusual and very rare for this part of the Colorado Desert, is located within these conservation lands and ACEC. These types of prehistoric archaeological sites are eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). The Coyote Mountains Fossil Site contain the largest collection of paleontological resources from the Imperial Group and includes a diverse fossil array. Ancient marine invertebrates such as clams, scallops, oysters, gastropods, sea urchins and sand dollars dominate the fossil types. Marine vertebrate fossils are rarer; however, sharks teeth, rays, sea cow, sea turtle, and portions of lower jaws of baleen whales have also been found within the unit. The San Diego Natural History Museum considers this site one of the most important and intact locations within the region and conducts ongoing scientific research regarding ancient shallow inland seas. The prehistoric archaeological rock art contains significant scientific information potential that makes it eligible for listing in the NRHP. Stunning sandstone rock formations (Wind Caves) are also located here. These Wind Caves are important recreationally to the area as they are a popular hiking destination.

Overarching Goals: Protect and enhance the significant paleontological and cultural resources. Protect and improve the habitat of the state listed species to comply with existing legislation and BLM policies.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

Designation and Acreage by Alternative:				
Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	5,900	0	NA
Preferred Alternative	0	5, 900	0	1%
1	0	5, 900	0	1%
2	0	5, 900	0	1%
3	0	5, 900	0	1%
4	0	5, 900	0	1%

^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

This ACEC almost completely overlaps designated wilderness, thus is automatically included in NCLS.

Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Vegetation of the ACEC is composed of creosote	Vegetation (incl. special
bush scrub, succulent scrub and desert microphyll woodland	status species)
communities. The major components of the creosote bush	
scrub community include creosote bush (Larrea tridentata),	
bursage (Ambrosia dumosa), brittlebush (Encelia farinosa), and	
cholla (<i>Opuntia</i> spp.). Major components of the succulent	
scrub community are cacti, including cholla, hedgehog cactus	
(Echinocereus engelmanni var. engelmanni), and barrel cactus	
(Ferocactus acanthocerpa). The microphyll woodland community	
includes cat claw (Acacia greggi), mesquite (Prosopis	
julifulra), palo verde (Parkinsonia florida), and ironwood	
(Olneya tesota). The latter species are quite rare in the ACEC.	
Special Status Species include the brown turbans and rock nettle.	
Objective: Create a baseline of plant species to track environmental changes.	
Management Action: Inventory vascular and non-vascular plants, include soil	
crust species, in the ACEC.	
Special Status Species: Bighorn sheep, Magic gecko	Fish and Wildlife (incl.
	special status species)
Objective: Maintain and enhance habitat that supports native wildlife.	
Management Action: Monitor wildlife for habitat and population change.	
Objective Manager Landscape In the Committee of the Commi	
Objective: Manage landscape to ensure wildlife passage and connectivity	
between wildlife populations.	
Objective 1 : Protect biodiversity and manage for resilience (protect climate	Climate Change and
refugia and provide for migration corridors).	Adaptation

Management Action 1: Prioritize habitat enhancement in areas expected to provide for the greatest level of resiliency (good response or rehabilitation results after significant disturbance such as fire) and or resistance to change (e.g. climate refugia).

Management Action 2: Consider actions that enhance the primary productivity of climate refugia with native species restoration, reduced soil surface disturbance, and habitat infrastructure to increase carrying capacity of refugia (e.g., wetland, oasis).

Management Action 3: Maintain migration corridor integrity by minimizing obstructions (fences, roads), disturbances (limiting access to water and shade during peak temperatures) and habitat fragmentation.

Objective 2: Maintain and or enhance key ecosystem processes (e.g., carbon sequestration, water residence time) and prepare and respond to significant disturbances to the environment (e.g. floods).

Management Action 1: Develop proactive and responsive management actions for potentially dangerous and damaging disturbances to the environment, which are exacerbated by climate change (e.g. wildfire, flash floods, etc.).

Management Action 2: Minimize carbon sequestration losses from management activities by reducing impacts to vegetation, soil structure and soil biota.

Management Action 3: Leverage disturbance events and other landscape changes, when possible, as opportunities to assess climate adaptation actions. For example, revegetation objectives for projected climate scenarios benefiting multiple ecosystem services (habitat and carbon sequestration objectives).

See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in general cultural resources rules.

Objective: Provide for the protection and enhancement of cultural resources. Management Action: Conduct patrols and surveillance.

Management Action: Nominate the significant rock art site or potential district to the NRHP.

Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosk to ensure the public is aware of restrictions as well as provide general education about the unique and important resources.

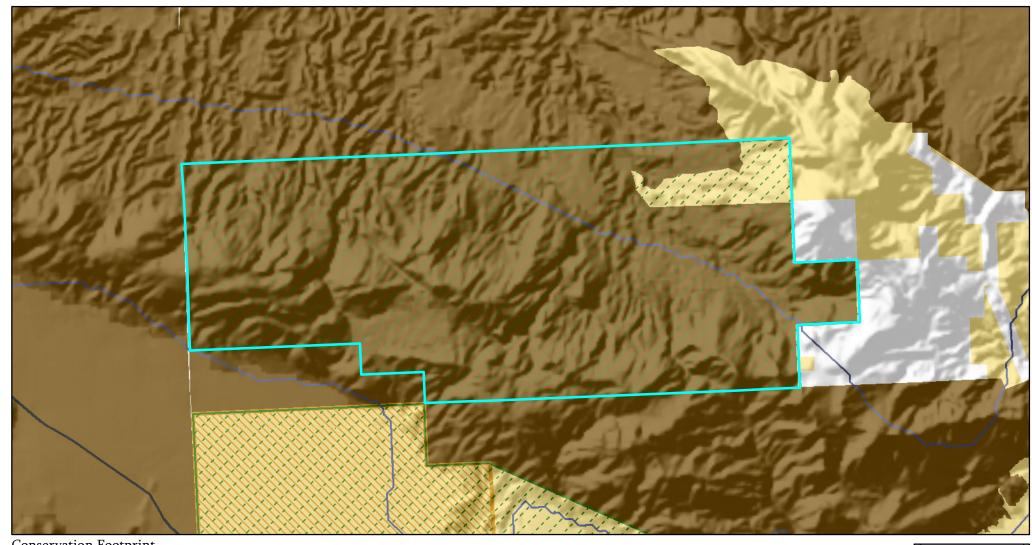
Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable traditional practitioners regarding the unusual rock art that is present within the ACEC.

Objective: Fully document and record the significant rock art site as well as any

Cultural Resources

new similar type sites that may exist within the ACEC.	
Management Action: Work with local archaeological organizations and	
institutions to develop partnerships to enable proactive survey and	
recordation.	
Management Action: Apply for grant or other funding to pay for contracting.	
Objective: Ensure the general management and protection of paleontological	Paleontology
resources.	
Management Action: Manage and protect fossil resources consistent with the	
Paleontological Resources Preservation Act and the Omnibus Act.	
Management Action: Develop plans and cooperative agreements to increase	
the inventory and scientific and educational use of paleontological resources.	
Management Action: Prohibit casual collection of invertebrate and vertebrate	
fossils without a permit.	
Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of the resources in	
the area.	
Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks to ensure the	
public is aware of restrictions as well as provide general education about the	
unique and important resources.	
Objective: Maintain existing closure of the area to vehicular travel.	Trails and Travel
Objective. Maintain existing closure of the area to venicular travel.	
Allewalds Heavy This area is alread to well-independent	Management
Allowable Uses: This area is closed to vehicular travel.	
Management Actions: Increase BLM presence in the area to improve	
compliance.	
Objective: Promote non-motorized recreation. The most prominent	Recreation
recreational activities in the area include hiking, backpacking, nature study,	
sightseeing, and desert exploration.	
Allowable Uses: Not limited to; hiking, hunting, target shooting, etc.	
Objective: Promote and enhance public understanding regarding the	
prohibition against collecting invertebrate and vertebrate fossils without a	
permit.	
Management Actions: Maintain existing signage and kiosks to ensure the	
public is aware of restrictions as well as provide general education about the	
unique and important resources.	
Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of resources in the	
area.	
Objective: Consolidate through tenure adjustment.	Land Tenure
Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests	Land Tendle
from willing sellers.	
Holli willing sellers.	
The majority of the ACEC boundaries are overlapped by the Coyote Mountain	Rights of Way
Wilderness area. ROWs are not allowed within the Wilderness area.	- ,
Objective: Protect resource values of the ACEC	
Management Action: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and	
amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they	
are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals.	

Closed to renewable energy development. Geothermal: ACECs are closed to geothermal leasing and development unless they overlap with a DFA where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap, ACECs are open to geothermal leasing with an NSO stipulation.	Renewable Energy
60 mining claims present within the ACEC when designated in 1987. Gold, copper, manganese, and nickel are known to exist in the area. There is a high potential for saleable mineral development. Portions of ACEC currently within the Coyote Mountains Wilderness are however excluded from mineral entry; locatable and saleable mineral development would not be permitted on lands within the wilderness. Objective: Ensure paleontological and wildlife resources are not impacted during the process of mineral exploration.	Locatable Minerals Mineral Materials Non-Energy Leasables
Action: Consider projects on a case-by-case basis through normal environmental assessment process or through wilderness IMP procedures and permit those which are consistent with the management of the Coyote Mountains wildlife Habitat Area Management Plan. Continuous restriction of mineral development and all mechanized operations on lands within the Coyote Mountain Wilderness.	



Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas CDCA Boundary

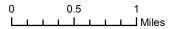
DRECP Boundary Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

1% Disturbance Cap



Coyote Mountains Fossil Site

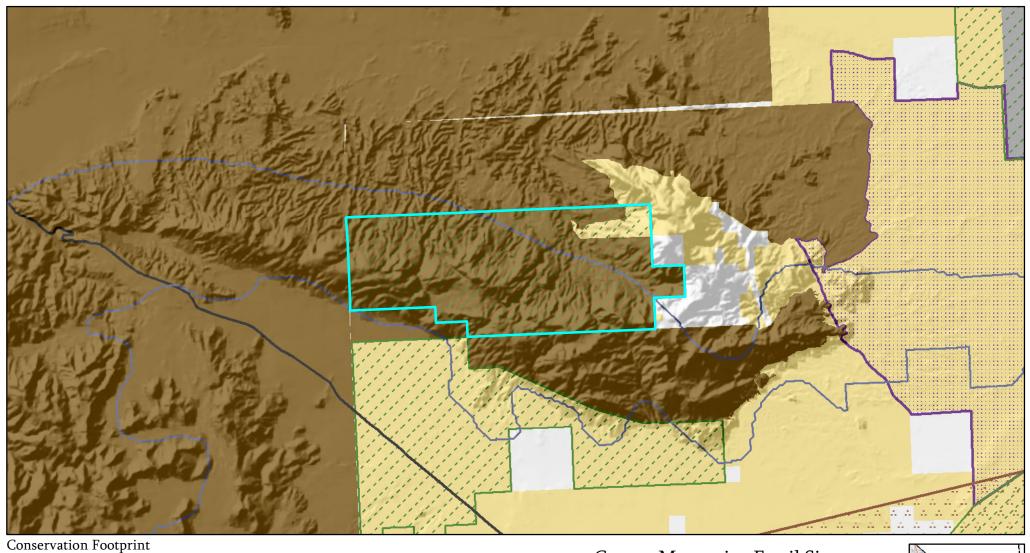
7/2/2015













Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas

ACEC Boundaries

1% Disturbance Cap

DRECP Boundary CDCA Boundary

Transmission Corridor

OHV Boundary

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Department of Defense

Coyote Mountains Fossil Site Alternative 1

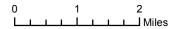
8/25/2015

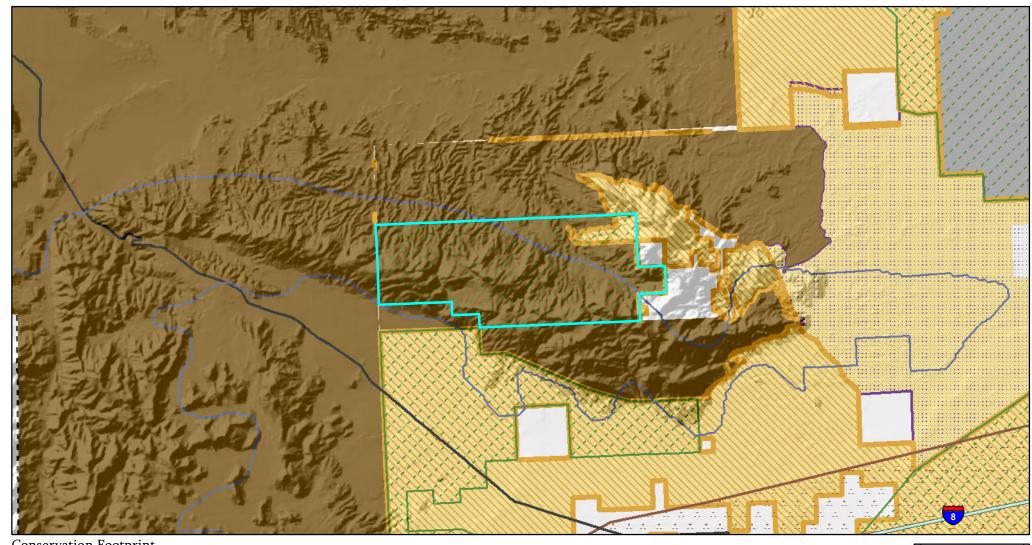










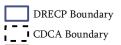


Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas

National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

1% Disturbance Cap



Transmission Corridor OHV Boundary

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Department of Defense

Coyote Mountains Fossil Site

Alternative 2

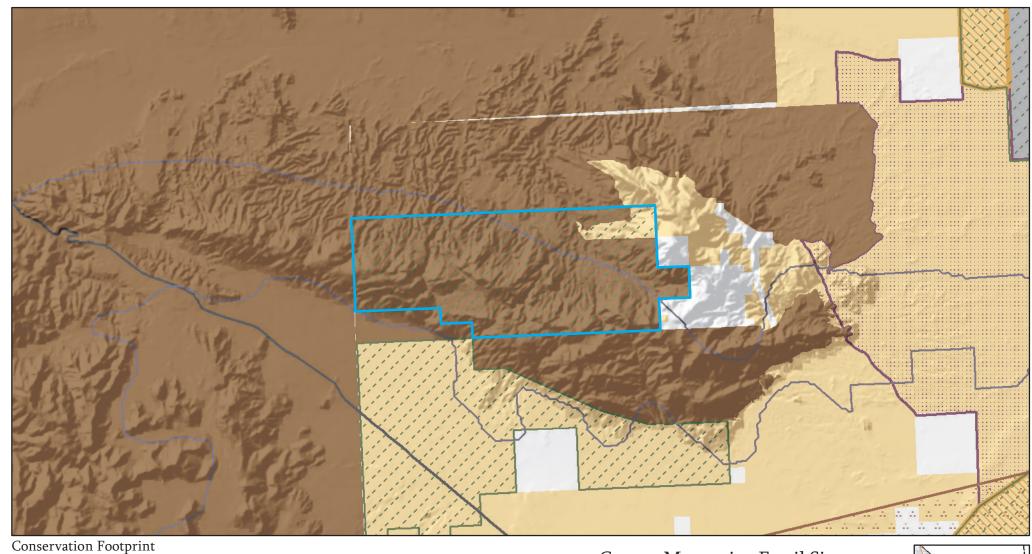
8/26/2015











Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas

National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

1% Disturbance Cap



Transmission Corridor |
OHV Boundary

Bureau of Land Management

Department of Defense

Land Status

Coyote Mountains Fossil Site

Alternative 3

8/26/2015

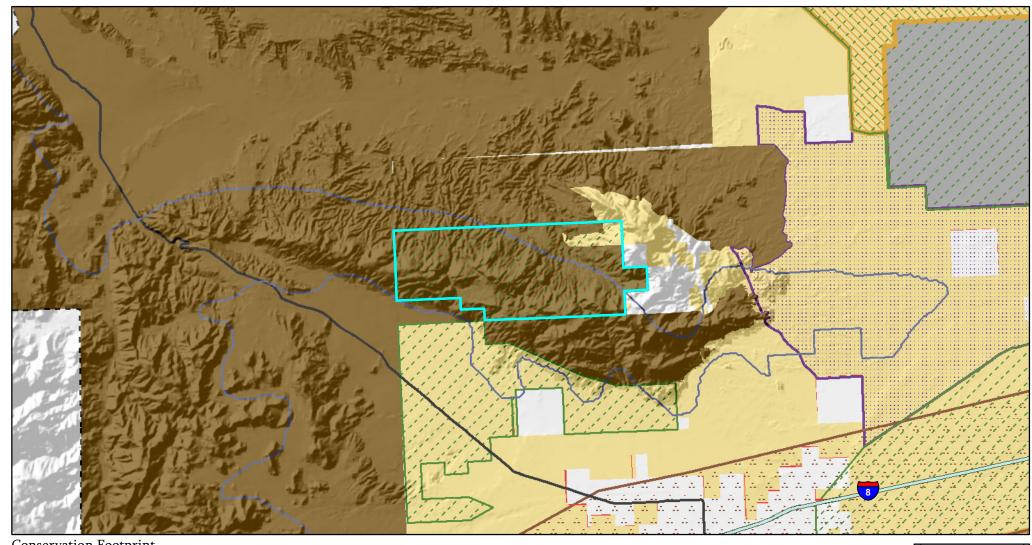






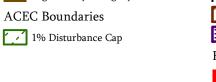


^{0 1 2} L 1 1 1 1 1 Miles





1% Disturbance Cap





DRECP Boundary

Transmission Corridor

Bureau of Land Management Department of Defense

Land Status

OHV Boundary Renewable Footprint

Variance Lands

Coyote Mountains Fossil Site Alternative 4

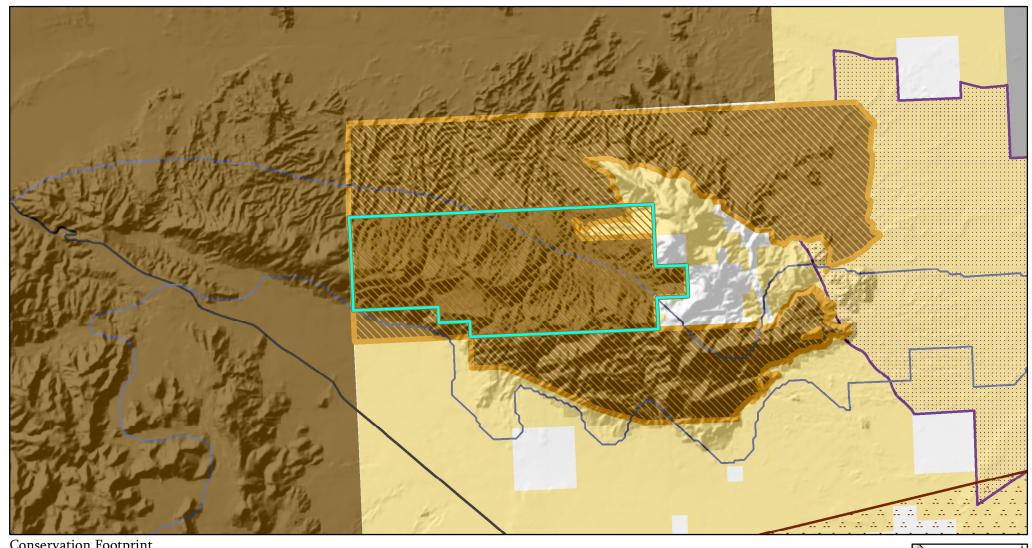
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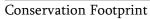


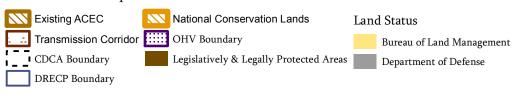












Coyote Mountains Fossil Site No Action

9/15/2015









East Mesa

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location: This proposal includes National Conservation Lands and an expansion of the existing East Mesa ACEC. These lands are located in southeastern Imperial County, about 16 miles southeast of El Centro, California and west of the Imperial Sand Dunes Recreation Area.

Nationally Significant Values:

Cultural: These conservation lands and expanded ACEC contain significant prehistoric archaeological sites including habitation, possible cremations, trails systems/segments, habitation sites, and areas of traditional and sacred values to Native American tribes. These sites are eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP).

Ecological: The conservation lands and expanded ACEC contain some of the largest contiguous range for the flat-tailed horned lizards (a federally listed Sensitive Species) and includes multiple sections of high population densities.

Scientific: Prehistoric archaeological sites with scientific information potential that make them eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within these conservation lands and expanded ACEC.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: East Mesa ACEC Plan 70/1982

Relevance and Importance Criteria: In addition to significant cultural resources and the flat-tail horned lizard presence, other relevant wildlife, recreational, and geothermal resources exist in this ACEC. East Mesa provides habitat for a variety of bird species on the Audubon Society Blue List. Special status vegetation including *Ammobroma sonorae* and *Croton wigginsii* are found in the area. Significant geothermal resources and existing leases are located in the East Mesa.

Proposed Expansion: This ACEC is proposed to expand, northward to more closely align with the Flat-tailed Horned Lizard Range-wide Management Conservation Strategy.

Overarching Goals: To protect the unique wildlife and cultural values within those portions of the East Mesa.

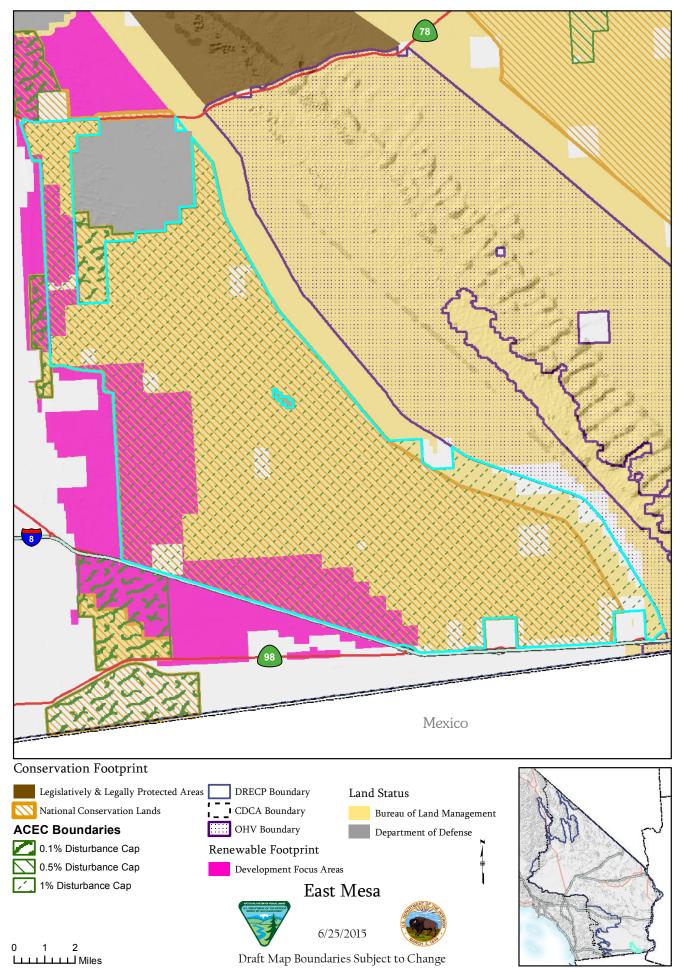
Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e., management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

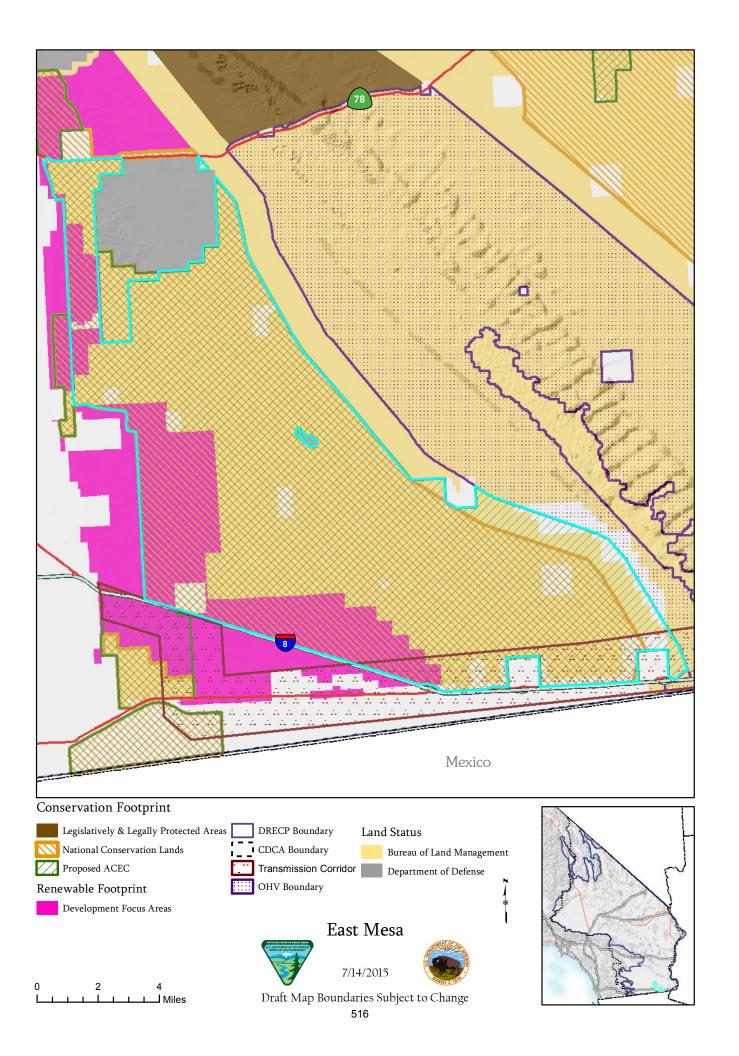
If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

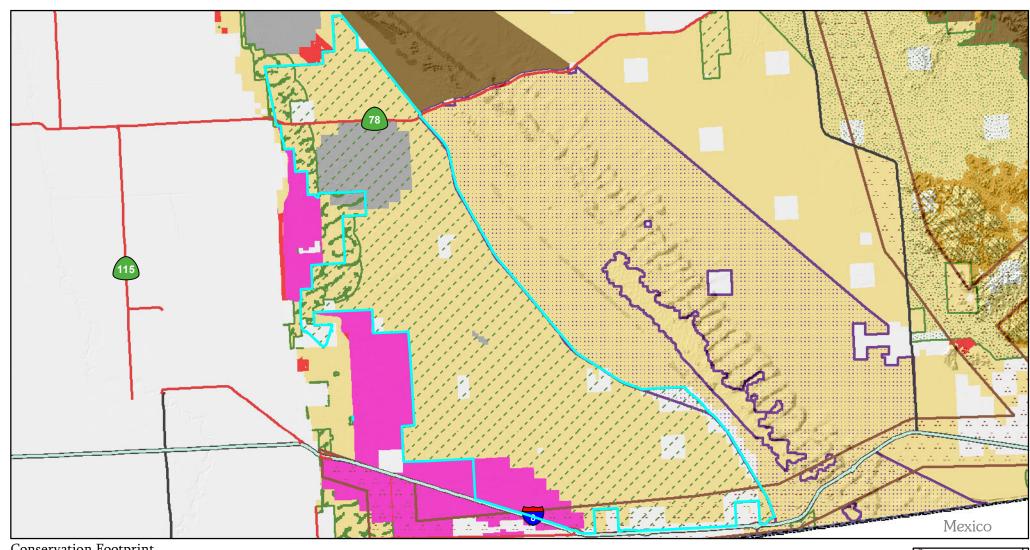
Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres Wildlife Allo		ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	42,100	0		1%
Preferred Alternative	84,174	88,484	0		1%
1	0	103,900	0		0.10, 1%
2	94,300	94,300	0		0.10, 1%
3	94,900	103,900	0		0.10, 1%
4	74,700	94,100	0		0.10, 1%
* Acreage value	s are for BLM managed lar	nds			
	red future condition)/Allo		ent Actions	Resour	ce
Management Ad routes. This will Objective: Creat Management Ad crust species, in		ffic to stay on designate e species. es to track environment ed non-vascular plants,	al changes. include soil		
norned lizard. T Cooper's hawk (nawk (B. haliaet sparverius), whi dove (macroura owl (Speotyto co udovicianus), ye Canis latrans), k ackrabbit (Lepu auduboni), and	zed by several significant spread by several significant spread and an accordance of the sharp-ship spread and an accordance of the sharp-ship spread shrip s	nned hawk (Accipiter stock (Buteo swainsoni), for siatica), mourning a passerina), burrowing ke (Lanius etechia), coyote acktail ontail (Sylvilagus nionus). Also included v	riatus), erruginous within the		d Wildlife (incl. status species)

Objective: Protect and monitor habitat that supports the Flat-tailed Horned	
Lizard (special status species).	
Management Action: Determine the effect of pesticide spraying on the flat-	
tailed horned lizard and its prey, the harvester ant.	
Management Action: Participate actively in the Flat Tail Interagency	
Coordinating Committee to coordinate the management of the flat-tailed	
horned lizard and its habitat.	
Management Action: Follow the Flat-Tailed horned Lizard Range-wide	
Management Strategy	
Management Action: Monitor wildlife for habitat and population change.	
See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in	Cultural Resources
general cultural resources rules.	Cultural Nesources
Series as castal at 1 coodines i ales.	
Objective: Protect and monitor cultural resources within the ACEC.	
Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform route	
restoration as needed.	
Management Action: Perform route restoration to erase illegal routes.	
Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of resources in the	
area.	
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV	
Routes.	
Management Action: Install informative signage and a kiosk to ensure the	
public is aware of restrictions.	
Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable	
traditional practitioners regarding the cultural resource values present within	
the ACEC.	
Management Action: Survey, identify and record new cultural resources within	
the ACEC boundaries.	
Objective: Manage the route of travel network to fulfill requirements of the	Trails and Travel
CDCA Plan, as amended including the WECO Plan Amendment.	Management
Management Action: Provide signage and maps to the public to inform them of	Management
route locations and regulations.	
Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of resources in the	
area.Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform	
route restoration as needed.	
Objective: Provide recreational opportunities that are compatible with the	Recreation
protection of the wildlife, vegetation, and cultural resources.	Recreation
protection of the whalie, regetation, and cultural resources.	
Management Action: Prohibit competitive SRP events that are not compatible	

with the ACEC goals and chiestives	
with the ACEC goals and objectives.	
Management Action: Increase compliance with routes of travel and the Travel Management Plan.	
Management Action: Continue to allow and monitor recreational activities (Hunting, target shooting, camping etc.)	
Management Action: Install informative signage and a kiosk to ensure the	
public is aware of sensitive wildlife and cultural resource values.	
Objective: Consolidate through tenure adjustment. Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests from willing sellers.	Land Tenure
Objective: Protect resource values of the ACEC	Rights of Way
Management Action: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals.	
Objective: Allow geothermal leasing in portions of the ACEC while mitigating	Renewable Energy
impacts on other important values.	
Management Action: Permit geothermal leasing as outlined in the Final Environmental Assessment Record East Mesa Non-competitive Leases for the Geothermal Exploration and Development. Management Action: Encourage no surface occupancy.	
No Solar or Wind Energy projects within the ACEC. Geothermal: ACECs are	
closed to geothermal leasing and development unless they overlap with a DFA	
where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap, ACECs are open to new	
geothermal leasing with an no surface occupancy (NSO) stipulation. Existing	
leases and their renewal are not affected by the NSO requirement, but	
amendments and expansions must comply with the NSO requirement.	
Objective: Prevent impacts to sensitive wildlife values within the ACEC which occur as a result of surface or habitat disturbing activities. Minimize potential impacts resulting from geothermal energy development within the ACEC. Minimize potential impacts form hydrocarbon energy development within the ACEC.	Locatable Minerals Mineral Materials Non-energy Leaseables
Allowable Uses: Geothermal leasing and geothermal energy development. Oil and gas exploration and development.	
Action: Evaluate mineral material projects for compatibility with purposes of the conservation unit. Make site-specific recommendation for mitigation of oil and gas development when specific Plans of Operations, Development, Utilization, and Abandonment are received.	









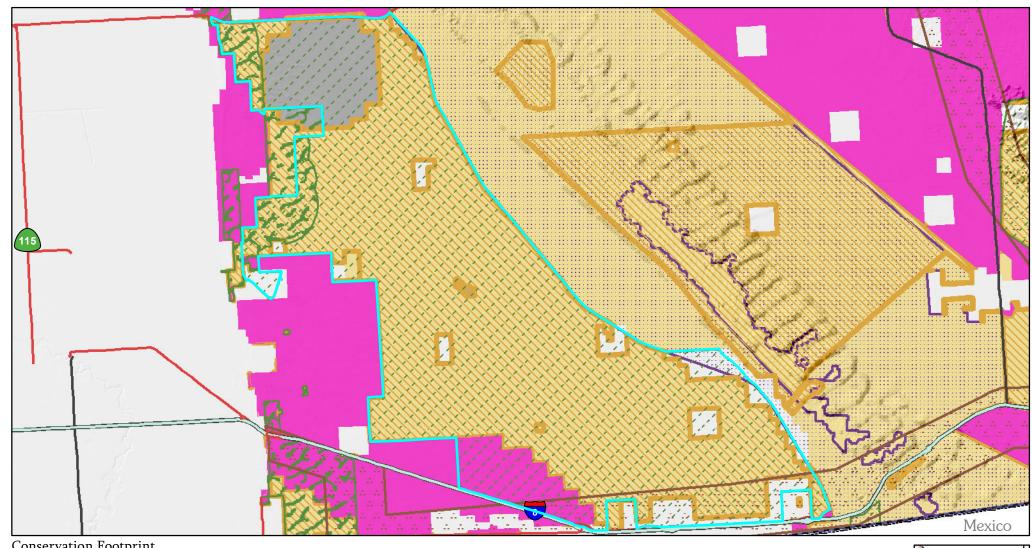
East Mesa Alternative 1

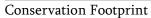
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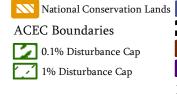












LLLL Miles

DRECP Boundary

CDCA Boundary Transmission Corridor OHV Boundary

Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Department of Defense

East Mesa Alternative 2

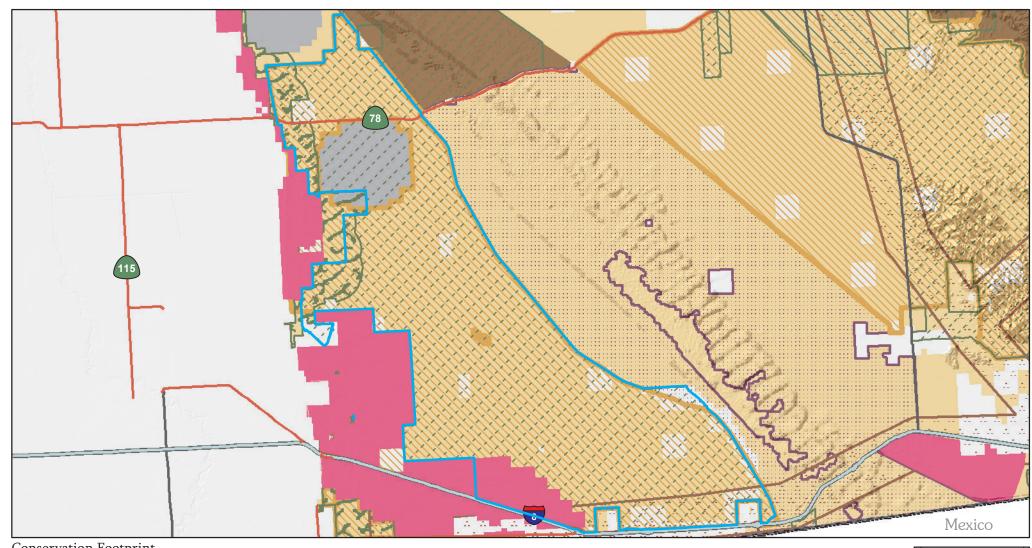
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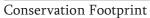












Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

0.1% Disturbance Cap 0.5% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

Miles

DRECP Boundary

CDCA Boundary Transmission Corridor

OHV Boundary

Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Department of Defense

East Mesa Alternative 3

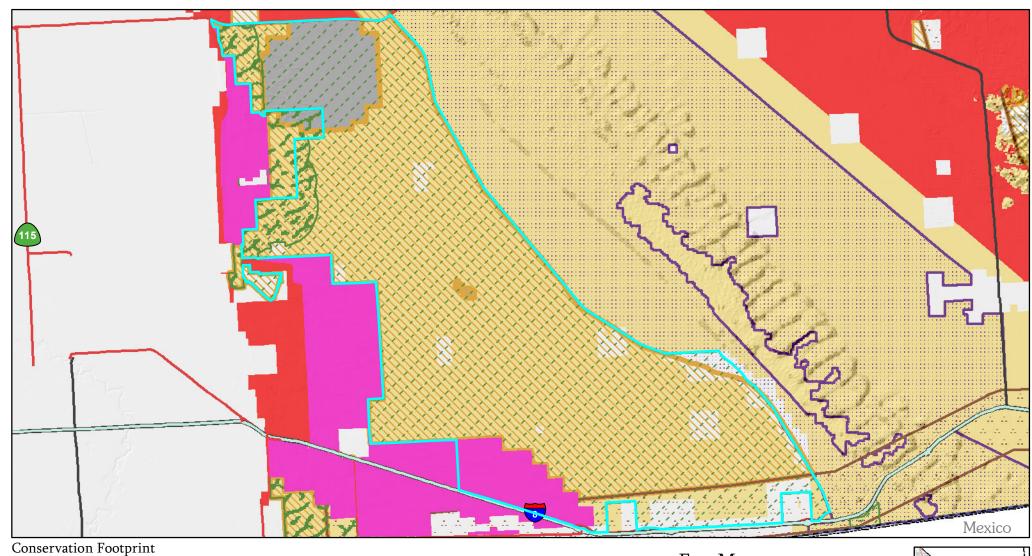
8/26/2015

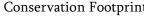


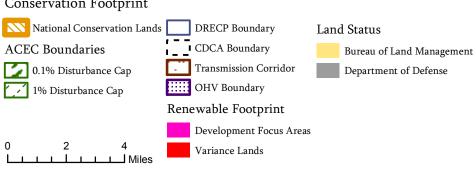












East Mesa Alternative 4

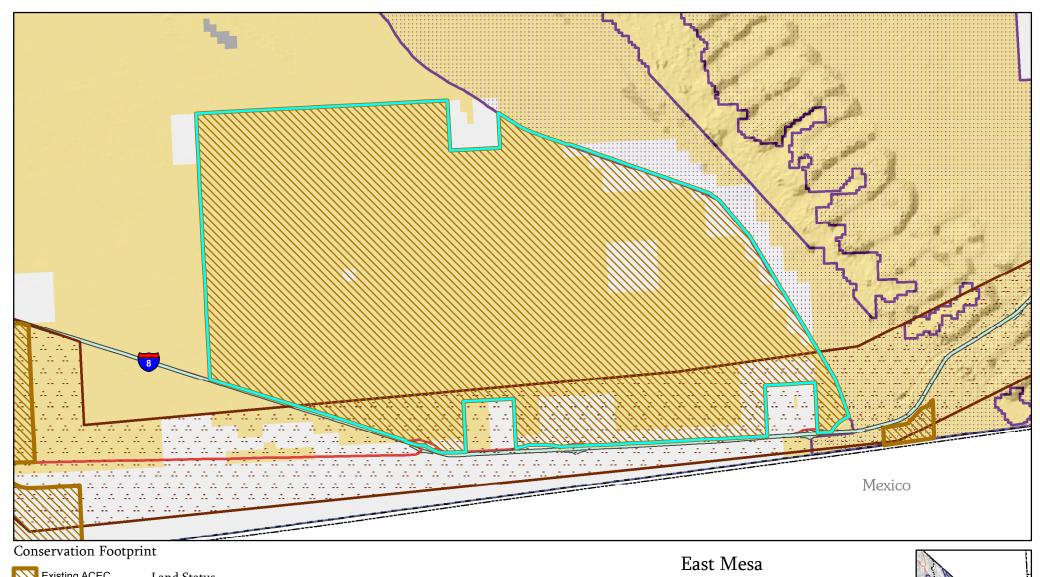
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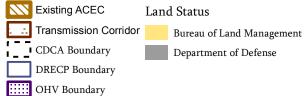












0 2.5 5 L I I L I I Miles

East Mesa No Action

9/15/2015









Indian Pass

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Colorado Desert and Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location: This ACEC is located in the southern Chocolate Mountains. It lies 48 miles northeast of El Centro, California and is within the El Centro BLM Field Office. The Indian Pass ACEC encompasses a major topographic saddle named Indian Pass and is bisected by Gavilan Wash.

Nationally Significant Values:

Cultural: Prehistoric archaeological sites eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), including rock art, trails systems/segments, and trail shrines, are located within this ACEC. The largest collection of etched designs inscribed onto cobbles in southeast California is contained within this area. These etched cobbles are a particularly unique and rare type of rock art and are considered to be highly significant to the local Native American tribes, including the Quechan Indian Tribe's Area of Traditional Cultural Concern, a traditional cultural property that has been determined eligible for the NRHP.

Scientific: The prehistoric archaeological sites located within this unit also contain significant information values that would inform our understanding and knowledge of the past.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: ACEC Plan 68/1987

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

Biological: The Gavilan Wash old growth subtropical woodland is an important stopover for neo-tropical migrant birds along the Colorado River flyway. There are three species of rare plants located within this ACEC. Maintaining and enhancing natural woodland communities and other vegetation and soil conditions may provide additional benefits of carbon sequestration. Some areas within the ACEC provide a combination of meteorological, geological, hydrological, topographical features that have been identified as important climate refugia (slow/minimized climate changes) for wildlife species.

Overarching Goals: To protect and preserve the cultural resources located within the ACEC.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

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Designation and Acreage by Alternative:				
Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	1,900	0	NA
Preferred Alternative	391	1,900	0	1%
1	100	1,900	0	1%
2	1,900	1,900	0	1%
3	400	1,900	0	1%
4	300	1,900	0	1%

^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Objective: Minimize soil disturbance. Preserve existing air quality.	Soil, water, air
Management Actions: Coordinate with the Imperial County Air Pollution	
Control District.	
The following rare species have been found in this ACEC:	Vegetation (incl. special
Las Animas Columbrina (Columbrina californica) (CNPS 2.3)	status species)
Spiny Abrojo (Condalia globosa var. pubescens) (CNPS 4.2)	
Glandular Ditaxis (Ditaxis clayana) (CNPS 2.2)	
Objective: Maintain robust populations of rare native plants.	
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV	
routes. This will protect the habitat of these species in and near Gavilan Wash.	
Objective: Create a baseline of plant species to track environmental changes.	
Management Action: Inventory vascular and non-vascular plants, include soil	
crust species, in the ACEC.	
Objective: Maintain uneven age-distribution of Sonoran Desert subtropical	
thorn woodland along Gavilan Wash.	
Management Action: Monitor natural tree revegetation. If small trees are not	
persisting because of wild burro browse, construct fenced enclosures in areas	
in need of tree regeneration.	5.1 12401105 (2.1
Objective: Maintain wildlife habitat that supports native species including that	Fish and Wildlife (incl.
of special status species; Kit Fox, Burro Mule Deer, Bighorn Sheep.	special status species)
Management Action: Monitor wildlife for habitat and population change.	
(Wild Horse and Burro Management)	
Objectives Reduce wild hurre populations to target hard numbers to resintain	
Objective: Reduce wild burro populations to target herd numbers to maintain	
vegetation regeneration in the ACEC.	

Management Action: Conduct periodic removal of wild burros.	
Objective 1 : Protect biodiversity and manage for resilience (protect climate refugia and provide for migration corridors).	Climate Change and Adaptation
Management Action 1: Prioritize habitat enhancement in areas expected to provide for the greatest level of resiliency (good response or rehabilitation results after significant disturbance such as fire) and or resistance to change (e.g. climate refugia).	
Management Action 2: Consider actions that enhance the primary productivity of climate refugia with native species restoration, reduced soil surface disturbance, and habitat infrastructure to increase carrying capacity of refugia (e.g., wetland, oasis).	
Management Action 3: Maintain migration corridor integrity by minimizing obstructions (fences, roads), disturbances (limiting access to water and shade during peak temperatures) and habitat fragmentation.	
Objective 2 : Maintain and or enhance key ecosystem processes (e.g., carbon sequestration, water residence time) and prepare and respond to significant disturbances to the environment (e.g. floods).	
Management Action 1: Develop proactive and responsive management actions for potentially dangerous and damaging disturbances to the environment, which are exacerbated by climate change (e.g. wildfire, flash floods, etc.).	
Management Action 2: Minimize carbon sequestration losses from management activities by reducing impacts to vegetation, soil structure and soil biota.	
Management Action 3: Leverage disturbance events and other landscape changes, when possible, as opportunities to assess climate adaptation actions. For example, revegetation objectives for projected climate scenarios benefiting multiple ecosystem services (habitat and carbon sequestration objectives).	
See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in general cultural resources rules.	Cultural Resources
Objective: Provide for highest level of protection of cultural resources. Management Action: Increase compliance with cultural resource laws, regulations, and CMAs. Management Action: Nominate the significant sites or districts for listing in the	
NRHP. Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks to ensure the public is aware of restrictions. Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable	

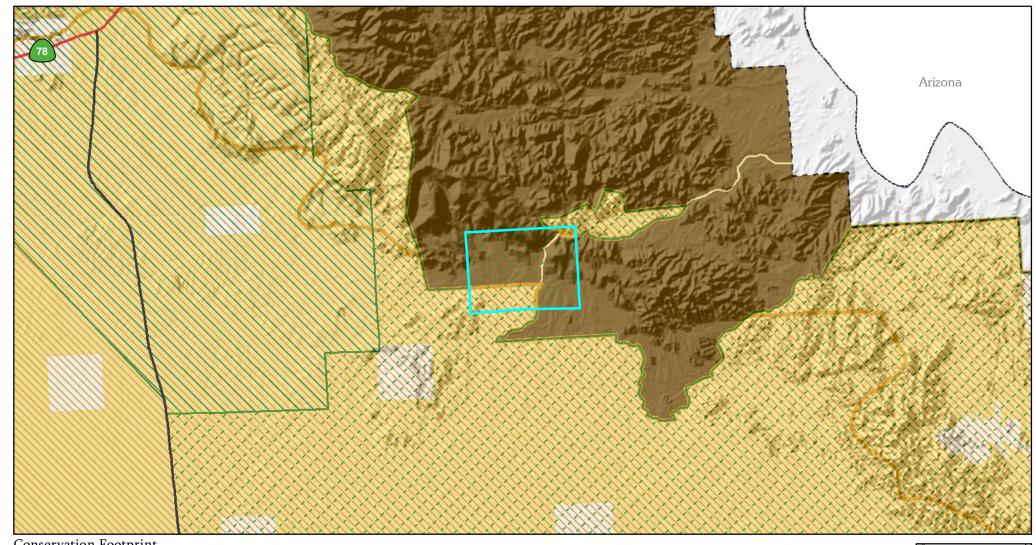
traditional practitioners regarding the cultural resource values present within the ACEC. Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV Routes.	
Objective: Fully document and record the known archaeological sites as well as any new sites that may exist within the ACEC. Management Action: Work with local archaeological organizations and institutions to develop partnerships to enable proactive survey and recordation. Management Action: Apply for grant or other funding to pay for contracting.	
Objective: Manage routes to fulfill requirements of the original CDCA Plan and the NECO Plan Amendment. Management Action: Continue to coordinate with the Imperial County's Public Works Department and ensure their knowledge of the ACEC's sensitivity so that special care is taken while grading along Indian Pass Road. Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform route restoration as needed.	Trails and Travel Management
Objective: Allow compatible recreational activities that can be accommodated while preserving and protecting cultural resources. Allowable Uses: Hunting, hiking, 4X4 touring on designated routes. Objective: Prohibit the commercial or recreational collection of rocks, gemstones, fossils, and minerals within the ACEC. Management Action: Install and update kiosks and signage around the	Recreation
boundaries of the ACEC to inform the public of its closure to rock collecting. Objective: Consolidate through tenure adjustment. Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests from willing sellers.	Land Tenure
Objective: Protect resource values of the ACEC Management Action: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals.	Rights of Way
No development Objective: Maintain integrity of large blocks of habitat Allowable Uses: Not an allowable use. Renewable energy development is not compatible with NLCS and ACEC unit values and criteria Geothermal: ACECs are closed to geothermal leasing and development unless they overlap with a DFA where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap, ACECs are open to geothermal leasing with an NSO stipulation.	Renewable Energy

Objective: Limit formal mineral exploration.

Management Actions: In 2000 a twenty year Indian Pass mineral Withdrawal was authorized by the Secretary which prevents development of existing claims within the Withdrawal. The northern section of this Withdrawal encompasses portions of the Indian Pass ACEC but not in its entirety. Objective: Prohibit the commercial or recreational collection of rocks, gemstones, fossils, and minerals within the ACEC.

Management Action: Install and update kiosks and signage around the boundaries of the ACEC to inform the public of its closure to rock collecting. Allowable Uses: There are existing mining claims within portions of the Indian Pass ACEC. New mineral entry for locatable minerals is currently restricted in portions of the ACEC which are covered by the Indian Pass Withdrawal. The Withdrawal, which terminates in 2020, prevents development of existing claims. Portions of the ACEC may be leased for oil and gas, although interests for these are negligible.

Locatable Minerals Mineral Materials Non-Energy Leasables



DRECP Boundary Land Status Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas National Conservation Lands

CDCA Boundary

Bureau of Land Management

ACEC Boundaries

0.5% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

Indian Pass

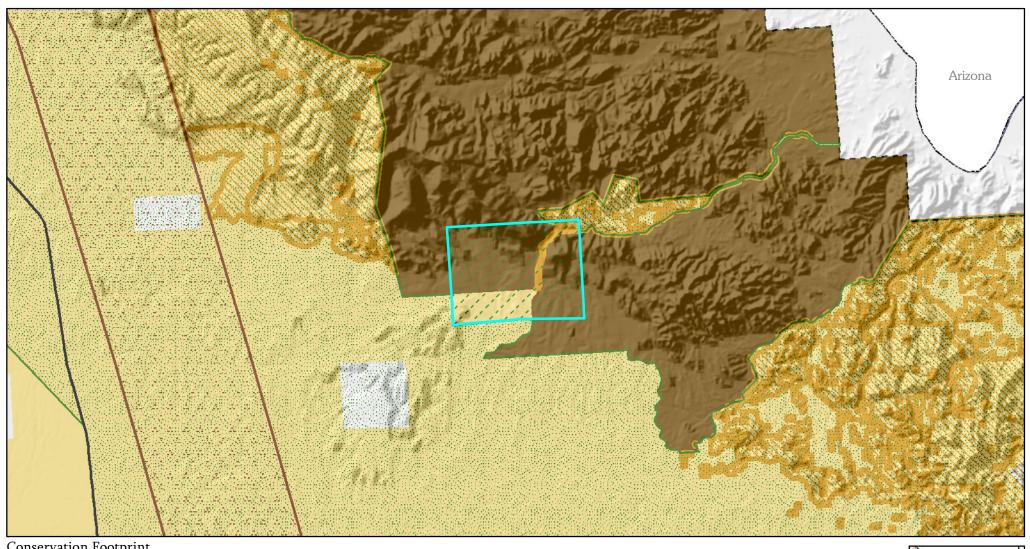
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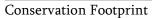














Indian Pass Alternative 1 8/25/2015

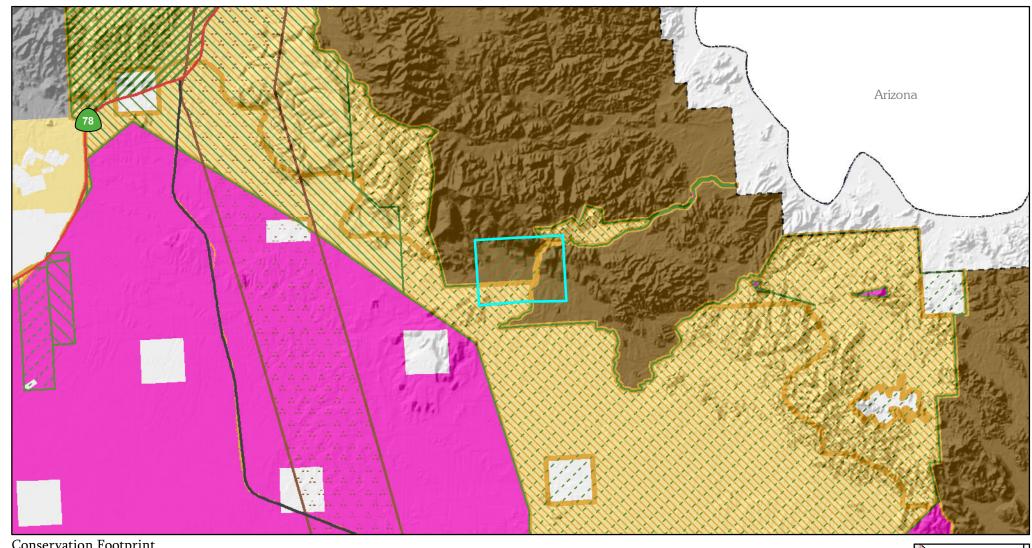
Draft Map Boundaries Subject to Change







Wildlife Allocation



Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

0.25% Disturbance Cap

0.5% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

Miles L

DRECP Boundary

CDCA Boundary Transmission Corridor

Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Department of Defense

Indian Pass

Alternative 2

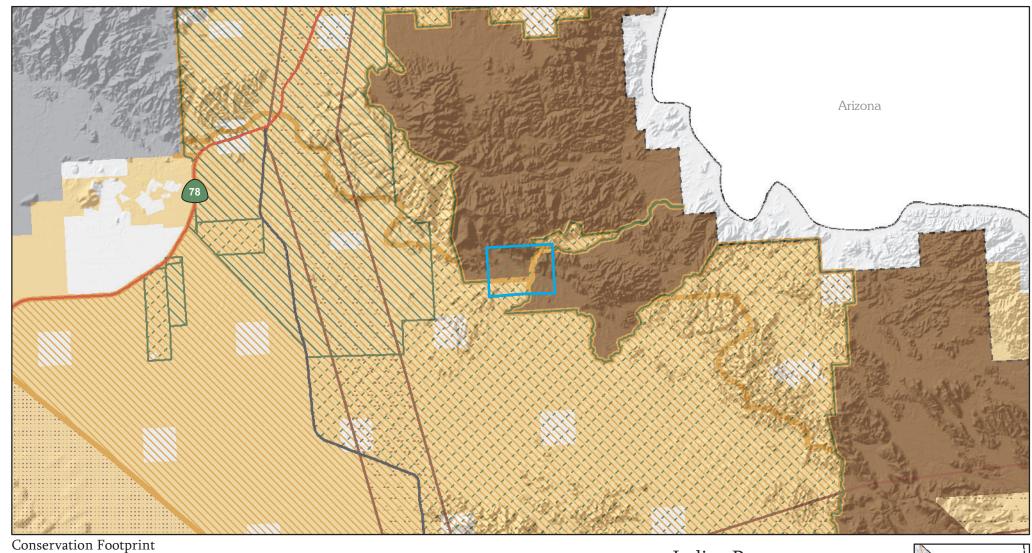
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Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas

National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

0.5% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

0 2 4 L 1 1 1 1 1 Miles

DRECP Boundary

CDCA Boundary

Transmission Corrid

Transmission Corridor OHV Boundary

Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Department of Defense

Indian Pass Alternative 3

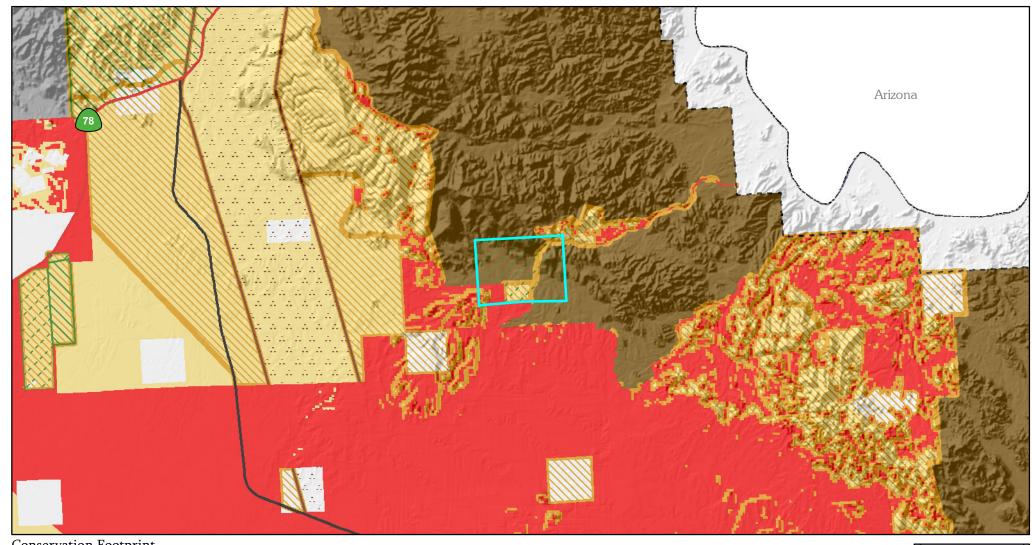
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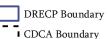




ACEC Boundaries

0.5% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap



- Transmission Corridor

Renewable Footprint Development Focus Areas

Variance Lands

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Department of Defense

Indian Pass Alternative 4

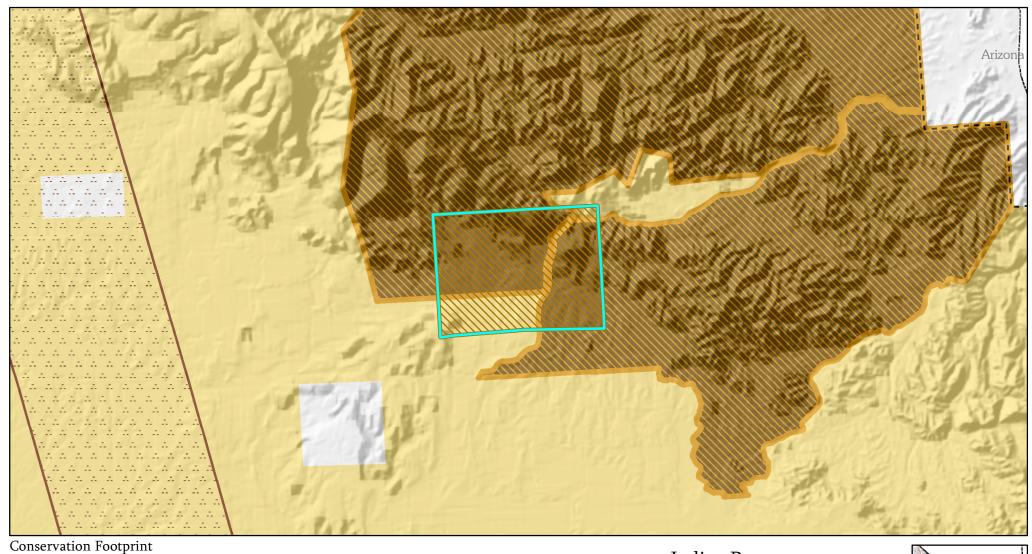
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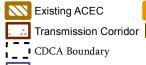












National Conservation Lands

Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

DRECP Boundary

Indian Pass No Action

9/15/2015









Lake Cahuilla

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location: Located about 18 miles east of El Centro, California, the existing Lake Cahuilla ACEC and proposed conservation lands lie in south central Imperial Valley between farm lands and the Imperial Sand Dunes. ACEC 71 lies against the International Border and the All-American Canal. ACEC 69 also lies adjacent to the canal and is contiguous with Interstate 8. ACEC 65 begins adjacent to the Holtville Airport and parallels the East Highline Canal. ACEC 66 covers a segment of an interior shoreline and lies one mile east of ACEC 65. The proposed conservation lands would connect these units of the existing ACEC and the proposed East Mesa conservation lands.

Nationally Significant Values:

Cultural: Rare and unique archaeological values exist within the proposed conservation lands and the existing ACEC. These lands include several large archaeological sites that contain dense accumulations of ceramics, hearths, stone tools, and features that are associated with the shoreline of ancient Lake Cahuilla which has repeatedly in-filled over the last thousand years. These sites contain evidence of habitation, food preparation, early trade, lake-shore adaption and socio-religious practices, giving us insight into prehistoric human behavior. Areas and landmarks of traditional religious and spiritual concern to Native Americans are located in and visible from the ACEC. Prehistoric archaeological sites listed in and eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within this ACEC.

Scientific: Prehistoric archaeological sites with scientific information potential that make them eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within this ACEC. This ACEC also contains significant paleontological resources.

ACEC #69,71 – contains portions of frontal beach with irregular shore shape and provides an opportunity to manage and examine shoreline versus non-shoreline prehistoric sites.

ACEC #66 – covers large portion of one East Mesa embayment shoreline. Microhabitats provided Native Americans with different and abundant food gathering opportunities

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: ACEC #65, 66, 69 and 71/1984

Note: this is an aggregate plan for all 4 units of this ACEC.

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

The Lake Cahuilla ACEC contains cultural resources which require special management attention. Sensitive archaeological sites are potentially endangered from uncontrolled sand and gravel removal, off-road vehicle use, and other forms of activity.

Archaeological values within each ACEC are rare and unique in character. The ecological environment of Lake Cahuilla was not duplicated elsewhere in the California Desert. In fact, the circumstances which led to repeated fillings of Lake Cahuilla may not exist elsewhere in the world. Consequently, Lake Cahuilla archaeology provides us with a rare glimpse into prehistoric human behavior which can contribute to our knowledge of our varied cultural heritage.

Recreation Area: This unit overlaps with the Hot Springs LTVA SRMA.

Overarching Goals: Protect and enhance cultural and paleontological values while complying with existing legislation and BLM policies. Provide for compatible uses.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

Designation and Acreage by Alternative:

Alternative**	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	14,000	0	NA
Preferred Alternative	5,285	8,615	0	None
1	0	35,800	0	0.10%
2	33,800	33,800	0	0.10%
3	16,700	35,600	0	0.10%
4	12,400	29,200	0	0.10%

^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

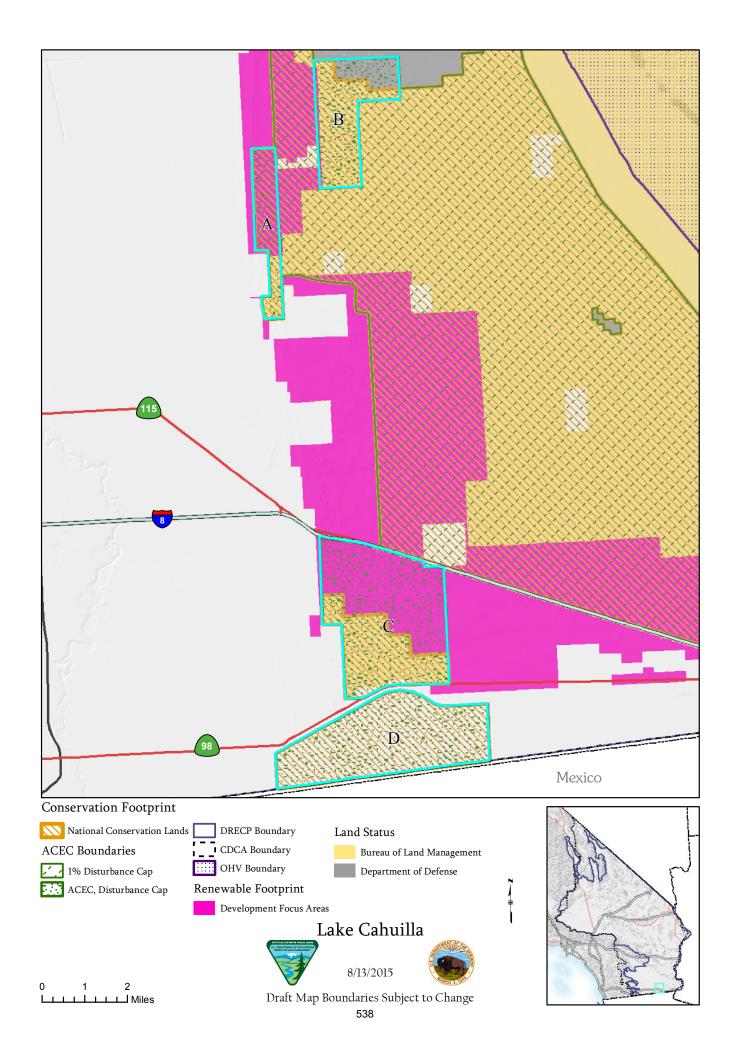
**** Acreage in Alternatives 1, 2, 3, 4 reflect this existing ACEC having a proposed expansion in the Draft EIS. The proposed expansion is now proposed as a separate ACEC, the Shoreline ACEC, and the acreage is no longer a part of the existing Lake Cahuilla ACEC acreage for the Final Preferred Alternative.

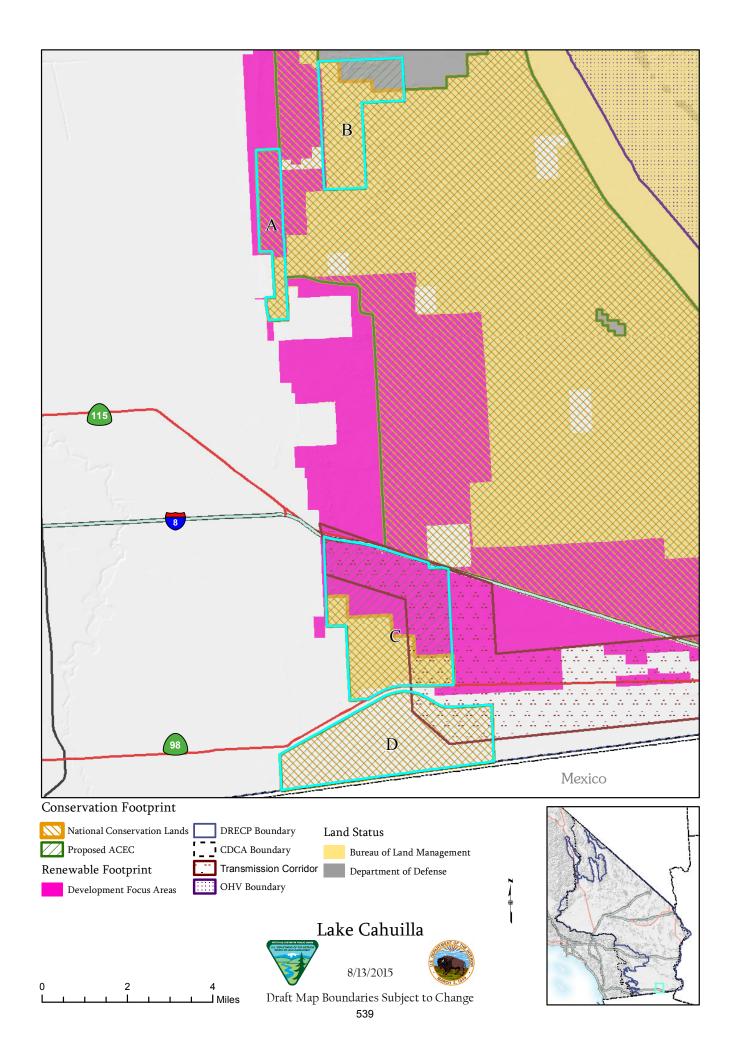
Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Objective: Minimize soil disturbance. Preserve existing air quality.	Soil, water, air
Management Actions: Coordinate with the Imperial County Air Pollution	
Control District to maintain air quality.	
The Lake Cahuilla ACEC lies largely within a Creosote bush	Vegetation (incl. special
scrub plant community. Major plant species in the area include	status species)
creosote (Larrea tridentata), Mormon tea (Ephedra trifurca),	
and saltbush (Atriplex canescens). The area is also dotted	
with small numbers of honey mesquite dunes (Prosopis gland	
ulosa). BLM Special Status Plants include Sand food and the Algodones Dunes	
sunflower.	

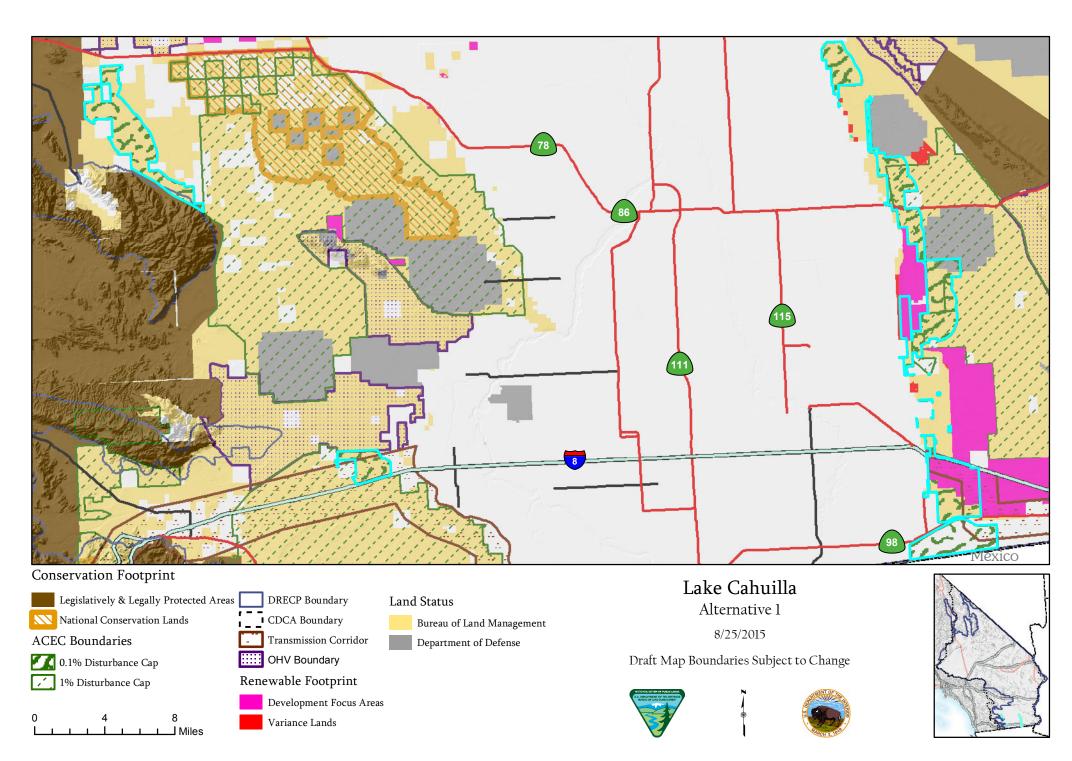
Objective: Protect and enhance robust populations of both rare and common	
native plants. Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV	
routes. Management Action: Blace signs, kincks and interpretive information at key	
Management Action: Place signs, kiosks and interpretive information at key recreational sites to better inform the public about the important plant	
resources.	
Management Action: Eradicate and control the spread of invasive and noxious	
weeds.	
Objective: Update a baseline of plant species to track environmental changes.	
Management Action: Inventory vascular and non-vascular plants, include soil	
crust species, in the ACEC.	
The Lake Cahuilla ACEC contains three primary habitat types:	Fish and Wildlife (incl.
creosote bush scrub, mesquite dunes, and canal-created	special status species)
riparian zones. Wildlife diversity is greatest in the	
artificial riparian areas. The primary species of special management concern	
are the state and Federally listed endangered Yuma clapper rail and the California black rail. The latter species is State listed and a candidate for	
Federal listing. These species have been reported in canal side vegetation	
adjacent to ACEC 71. The flat-tailed horned lizard, a candidate for Federal	
listing, likely occurs in the ACEC. Additionally, seven bird species included on	
the I982 Audubon Society Blue	
List of diminishing species occur or potentially occur within the Lake Cahuilla	
ACEC. These include the sharp-shinned hawk, marsh hawk, Swainson's hawk,	
long-billed curlew, Bewick's wren,	
loggerhead shrike, and yellow warbler.	
Objective: Maintain wildlife habitat that supports native species including that	
of special status species.	
Management Action: Monitor wildlife for habitat and population change.	
Within the flat-tailed horned lizard Management Area, follow the Range-wide	
Management Strategy.	
See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in	Cultural Resources
general cultural resources rules.	
Objective: Protect and preserve cultural resources within and visible from the	
ACEC.	
Management Action: Develop interpretive programs and brochures that explain Lake Cahuilla cultural resources.	
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV	
Routes.	
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV Routes.	
Management Action: Perform route restoration on unauthorized routes.	
Management Action:. Increase compliance with cultural resource laws,	
regulations, and CMAs	
	-

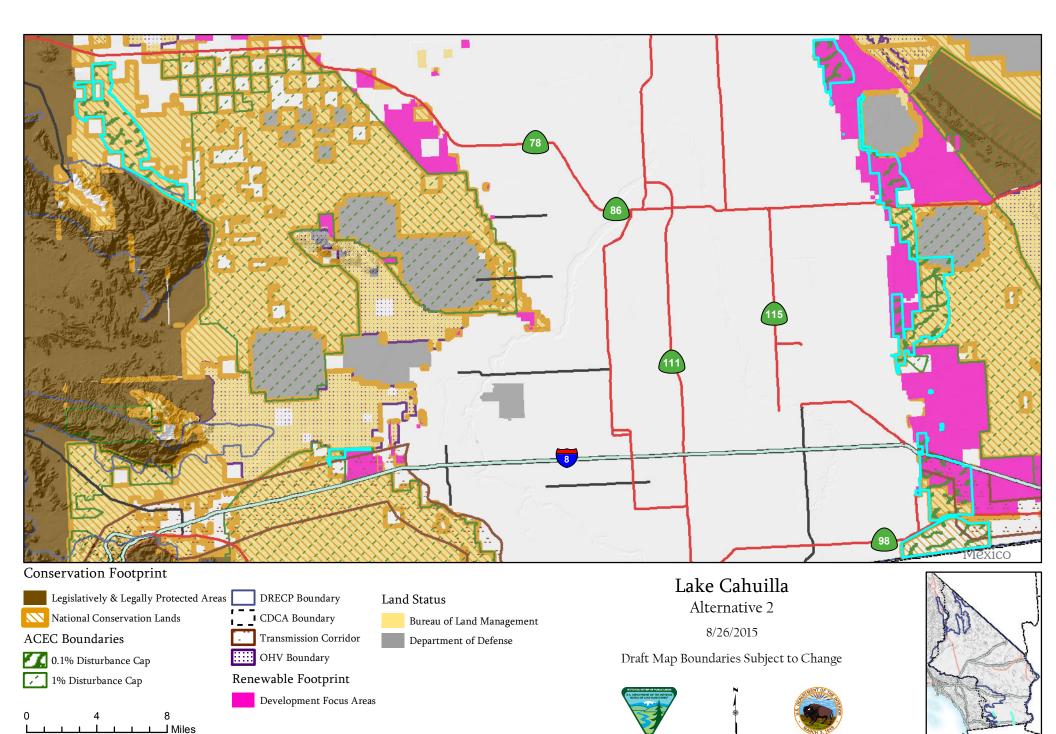
Management Action: Nominate the district for listing in the NRHP. Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks to ensure the public is aware of restrictions as well as provide interpretation about ancient Lake Cahuilla.	
Objective: Expand our understanding of the nature, variety, and complexity of cultural resources within the Lake Cahuilla ACEC. Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable traditional practitioners regarding the cultural resource values present within the ACEC. Management Action: Work with local archaeological organizations and institutions to develop partnerships to enable proactive survey and recordation. Management Action: Apply for grant or other funding to pay for contracting.	
Objective: Ensure the general management and protection of paleontological resources within the ACEC. Management Action: Manage and protect fossil resources consistent with the Paleontological Resources Preservation Act and the Omnibus Act. Management Action: Develop plans and cooperative agreements to increase the inventory and scientific and educational use of paleontological resources. Management Action: Prohibit casual collection of vertebrate fossils without a permit. Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of resources in the area. Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks to ensure the public is aware of restrictions as well as provide general education about the unique and important resources. Management Action: Develop interpretive programs and brochures that explain Lake Cahuilla paleontology.	Paleontology
Objective: Manage the route of travel network to fulfill requirements of the original CDCA Plan and the WECO Plan Amendment. Management Action: Provide signage and maps to the public to inform them of route locations and regulations. Management Action: Increase complaince and other BLM personnel visits to the area. Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform route restoration as needed.	Trails and Travel Management
Objective: Protect archaeological sites from physical degradation. Management Action: Prohibit camping except in sand and gravel pits and within 300' of center line feet of approved routes of travel, as per the WECO plan. Continue to monitor existing recreational opportunities (hunting, target shooting etc.). Management Action: Increase patrols and other BLM personnel visits to the area.	Recreation

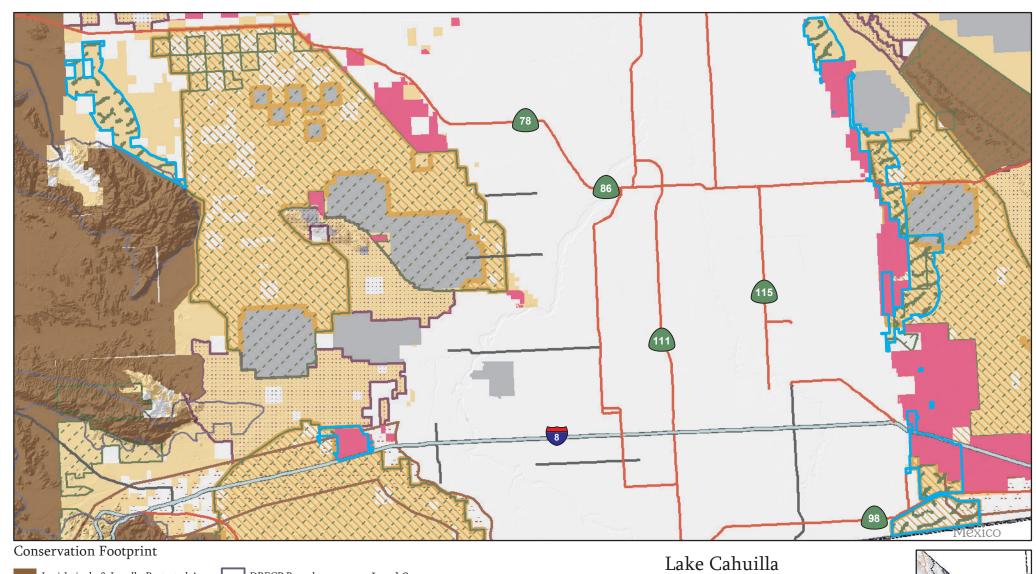
Management Action: Provide signage and maps to the public to inform them of route locations and regulations.	
Avoid impacts to resource values. Limit linear ROWs to designated transmission corridors.	Rights of Way
No development Objective: Maintain integrity of large blocks of habitat Allowable Uses: Not an allowable use. Renewable energy development is not compatible with NLCS and ACEC unit values and criteria, except as identified below Geothermal: ACECs are closed to geothermal leasing and development unless they overlap with a DFA where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap, ACECs are open to geothermal leasing with an NSO stipulation with the exception of existing and approved leases.	Renewable Energy
Objective: Permit economic resource development in a way to maximize value without jeopardizing cultural resources. Allowable uses: Oil and gas and geothermal exploration with stipulations. Mining activities would be allowed with appropriate analysis and mitigation. Management Action: Prohibit extraction of mineral materials (sand and gravel) and petrified wood from ACEC 65, 69 and 71. East Mesa beachline has long been the site for sand and gravel extraction. Historic operations are allowed to continue. Limited material sales	Locatable Minerals Mineral Materials Non-Energy Leasables
East Highline Sand and Gravel Activity Management Plan Part of first form withdrawal by Bureau of Reclamation East Mesa Known Geothermal Resource Area occupies portions of ACEC 69 Parts of ACEC 65 lie within the East Brawley KGRA	Overlapping Land Designations











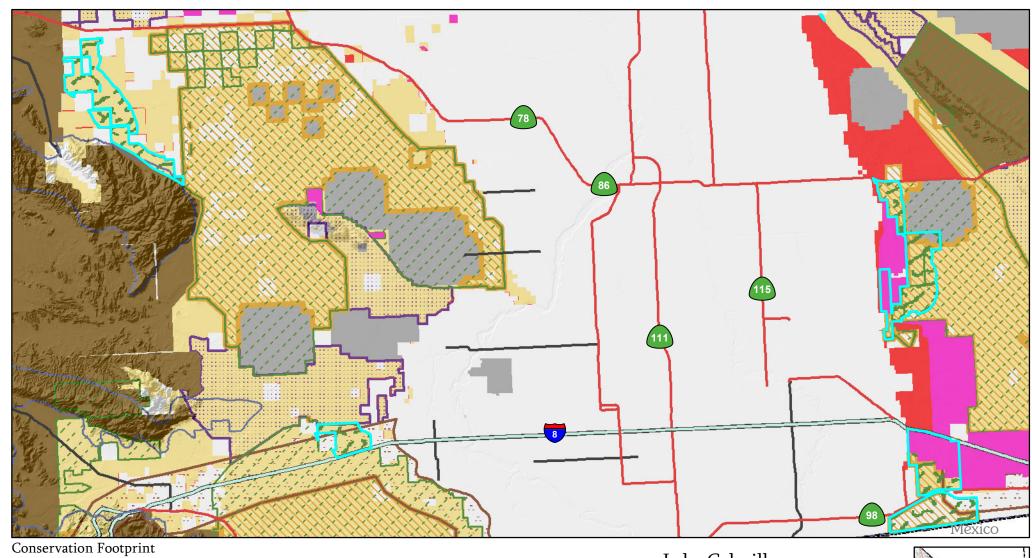


Lake Cahuilla Alternative 3 8/26/2015 Draft Map Boundaries Subject to Change









National Conservation Lands Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas ACEC Boundaries One Department of Defense One Department of Defense One Department of Defense Development Focus Areas Variance Lands

Lake Cahuilla Alternative 4

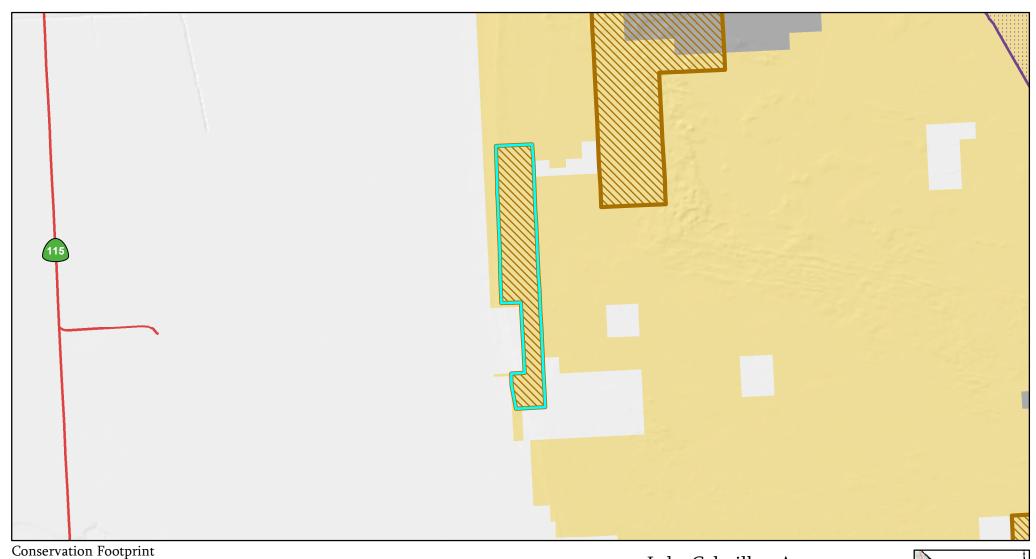
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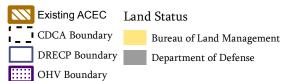












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Lake Cahuilla - A No Action

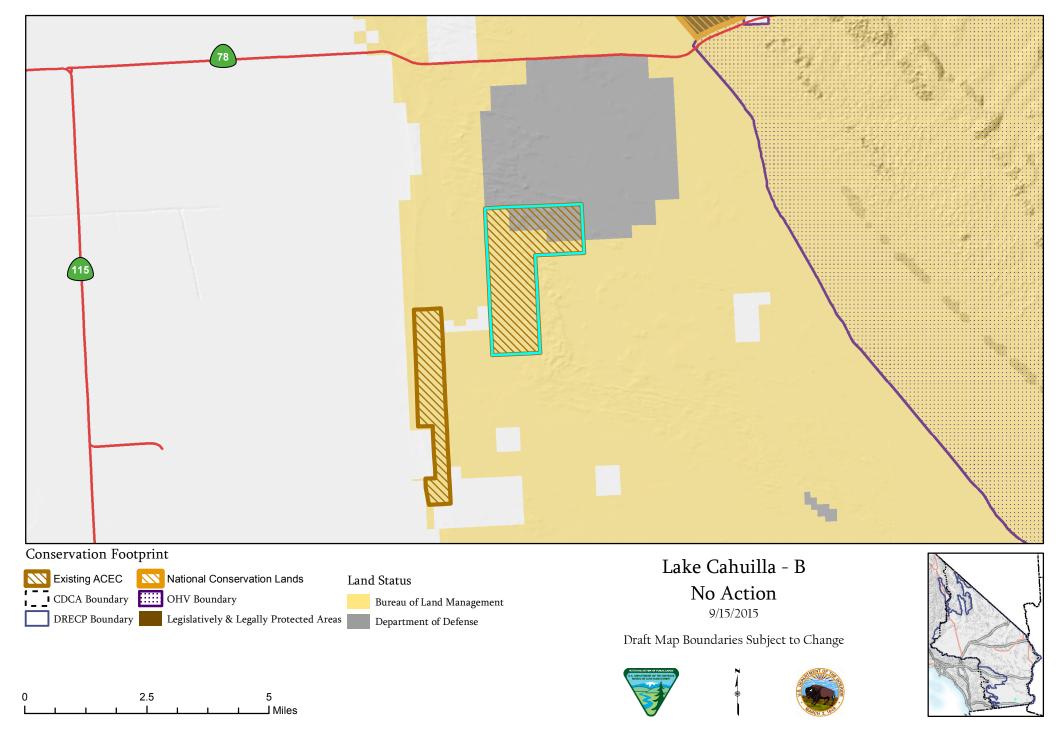
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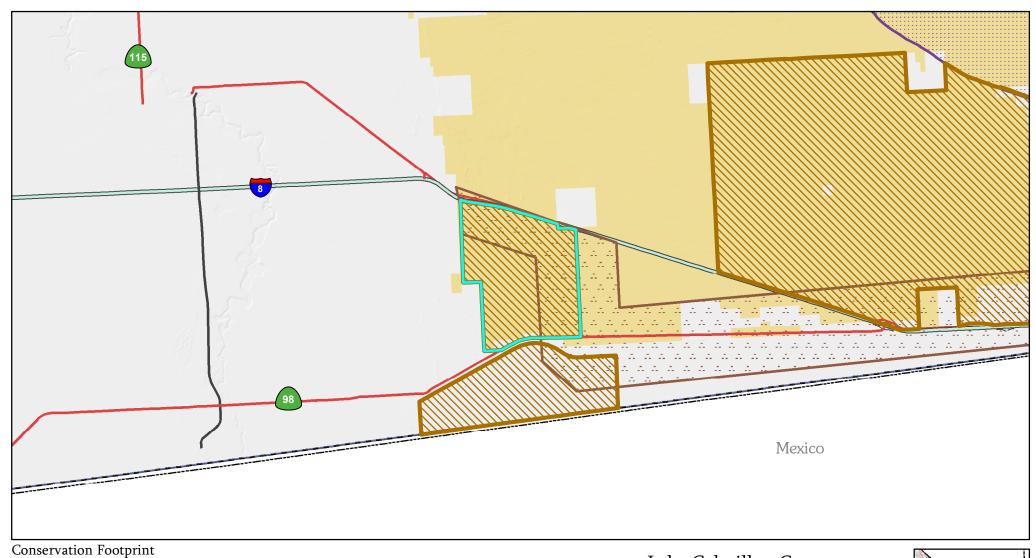


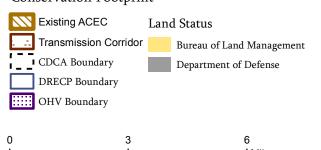












Lake Cahuilla - C No Action

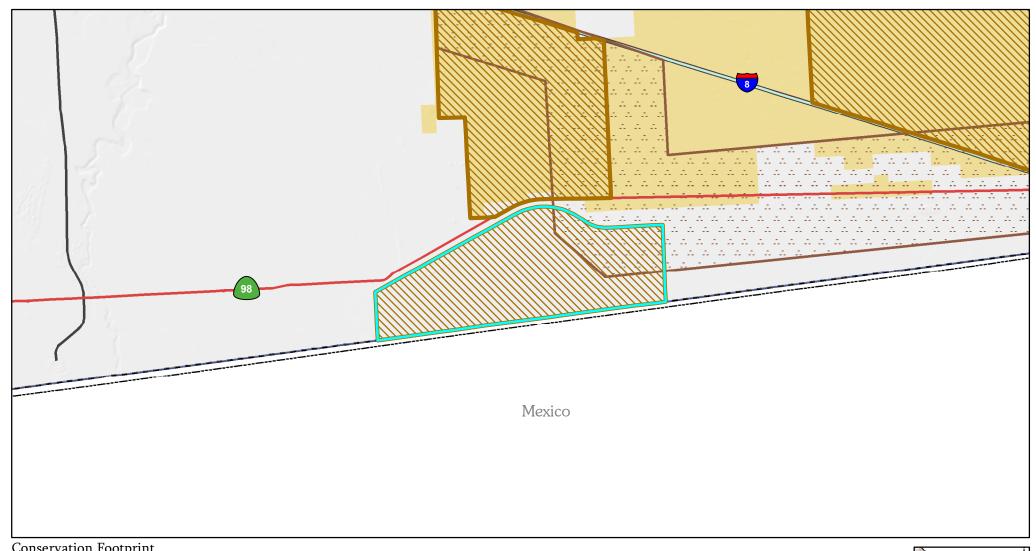
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Conservation Footprint



DRECP Boundary

Lake Cahuilla - D No Action

9/15/2015









North Algodones Dunes National Natural Landmark

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location of ACEC: Portion of the Imperial Sand Dunes, area is bordered to the south by Highway 78, on the west by the Coachella Canal, on the east by the Southern Pacific Railroad and the Niland /Glamis Road, and on the north by Mammoth Wash.

Nationally Significant Values: Not proposed for NLCS designation, it overlaps designated wilderness and is automatically in NCLS.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: ACEC Plan No. 95, 1989. Under the Imperial Sand Dune Recreation Area Management Plan ROD (June 2013), this ACEC was undesignated. The wilderness designation was considered sufficient protections, additional special management was deemed not warranted and the ACEC designation was deleted to avoid administrative overlap.

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

Biological: This outstanding dune ecosystem and its endemic dune plants and invertebrate species set this site apart globally. Dozens of insect species are found only in the Algodones Dunes. The area is an important wintering area for raptors and a haven for neotropical migratory birds crossing the Sonoran Desert.

Overarching Goals: Protect significant cultural and natural resources found within the ACEC while providing for other uses compatible with the protection and enhancement of these resources

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

Designation and	Acreage by Alternative:			
Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	0	0	NA
Preferred Alternative	0	0	0	N/A
1	0	25,700	0	1%
2	25,700	25,700	0	1%
3	100	25,700	0	1%
4	100	25,700	0	1%

^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

****During the DRECP process this ACEC was undesignated under the ISDRA RAMP ROD (June 2013). The DRECP preferred alternative is to continue the current no action (i.e. this ACEC no longer exists). Alternatives 1-4 continue to show the ACEC, to maintain the range of alternatives. Under Alternatives 1-4, the ACEC would be managed as it was prior to the June 2013 ISDRA ROD.

Objectives (desired future conditions)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Prescription:	Vegetation (incl. special
Monitor and protect populations and their habitats of the following rare plant	status species)
species:	
Peirson's Milk-Vetch (Astragalus magdalenae var. peirsonii) (Federally listed)	
Wiggins' Croton (Croton wigginsi) (CNPS 2.2)	
Ribbed Cryptantha (Cryptantha costata) (CNPS 4.3)	
Algodones Dunes Sunflower (<i>Helianthus niveus</i> spp. <i>tephrodes</i>) (CNPS 1B.2 – BLM Sensitive)	
Slender Cottonheads (<i>Nemacaulis denudata</i> var. <i>gracilis</i>) (CNPS 2.2)	
Giant Spanish-Needles (<i>Palafoxia arida</i> var. <i>gigantea</i>) (CNPS 1B.3 – BLM	
Sensitive)	
Sand Food (<i>Pholisma sonorae</i>) (CNPS 1B.2 – BLM Sensitive Species)	
- ' '	
Monitor the following endemic wildlife species and protect the respective	Fish and Wildlife (incl.
habitat of:	special status species)
Insects	
Microbembex elegans, Stictiella villegasi, Perdita algodones, Perdita glamis,	
Dasymutilla nocturna, Dasymutilla imperialis, Sphaeroptthalma django,	
Algodones sand jewel beetle (<i>Lepismadora algodones</i>), Algodones white wax	
jewel beetle (<i>Prasinalia imperialis</i>), Algodones croton jewel beetle (<i>Agrilus</i>	
harenus), Roth's dune weevil (Trigonoscuta rothi), Carson's Dune Beetle	
(Anomala carlsoni),	
Hardy's dune Beetle (<i>Anomala hardyorum</i>), Andrews' dune scarab beetle	
(Pseudocotalpa andrewsi), Cyclocephala wandae, etc.	

Vertebrates

Burrowing Owl (Athene cunicularia) – BLM Sensitive

Crissal Thrasher (*Toxostoma crissale*) – BLM Sensitive

LeConte's Thrasher (Toxostoma lecontei)

Loggerhead Shrike (Lanius Iudovicianus)

Flat-tailed Horned Lizard (Phrynosoma mccallii) – BLM Sensitive

Colorado Desert Fringe-toed Lizard (*Uma notata*) – BLM Sensitive

See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in general cultural resources rules.

Cultural Resources

Objective: Protect and monitor cultural resources.

Allocation: No OHV use within one mile of cultural resources except on allowed

roads.

Action Item 1: Perform route restoration to erase illegal routes.

Objective: General Management of Cultural Resources

Action Item 1: Ensure that management of cultural resources within the ACEC are consistent with agency responsibilities provided in Section 110 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA).

Action Item 2: Ensure that federal actions that may affect historic properties within the ACEC are properly reviewed and considered consistent with the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA.

Action Item 3: Ensure confidentiality of information about sensitive cultural resources consistent with Section 304 of the NHPA and Section 9 of the Archaeological Resources Protection Act.

Objective: Establish Baseline Resource Information/Identify and Document Cultural Resources

Action Item 1: Survey, identify and record new cultural resources within the ACEC boundaries.

Action Item 2: Update records for existing cultural resources within the ACEC.

Action Item 3: Integrate survey information into BLM cultural resources management systems (cultural GIS geodatabase)

Objective: Identify Threats to Cultural Resources

Action Item 1: Develop baseline assessment of specific natural and man-made threats to cultural resources in the ACEC (i.e., erosion, looting and vandalism, grazing, OHV).

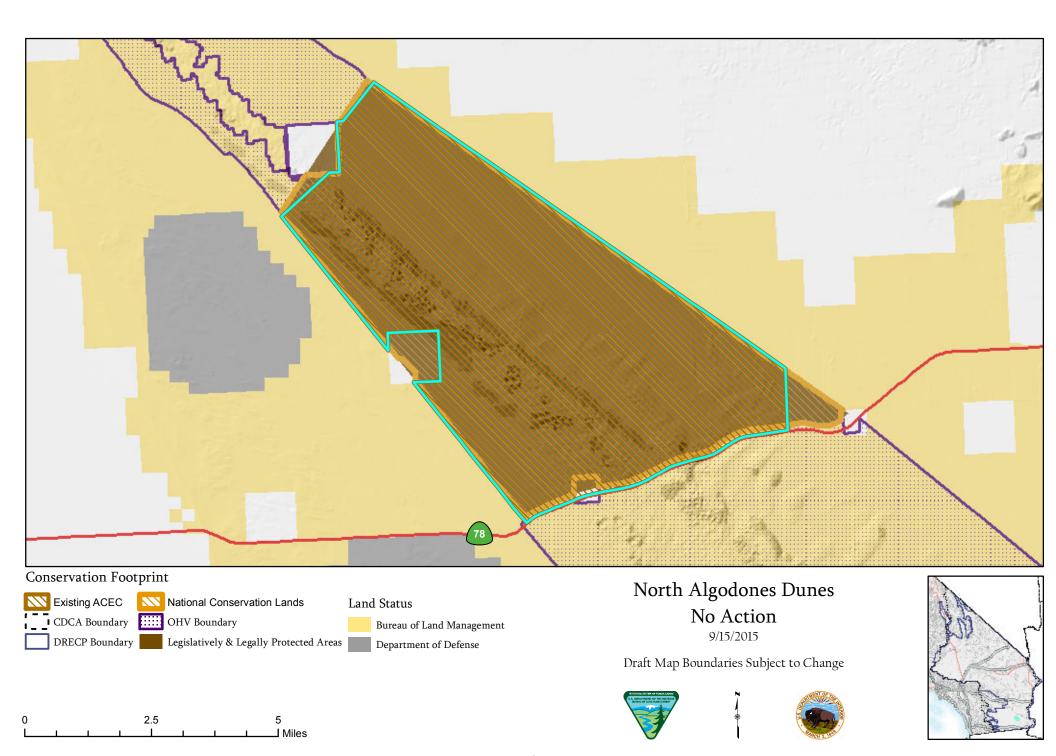
Objective: Monitoring/Protective Measures

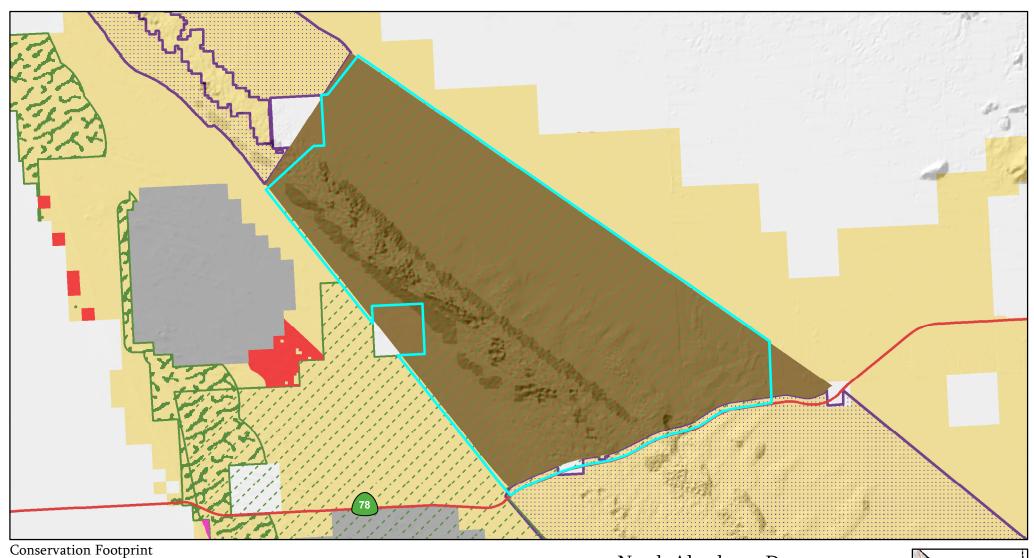
Action Item 1: Provide on-going monitoring for cultural resources based on the threat assessment.

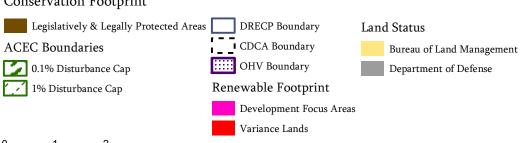
Action Item 2: Identify, develop or incorporate standard protection measures and best management practices to address threats.

Action Item 3: Where specific threats are identified, implement protection measures consistent with agency Section 106 responsibilities.

Objective: Interpretation/Public Awareness Action Item 1: Facilitate research, scientific study, and general study of cultural resources within the ACEC. Action Item 2: Where appropriate and with consideration of site protection and confidentiality, develop and provide interpretation to the public about cultural resources, including signs, interpretive panels, web-based information.	
Prescription: - Maintain and aggressively enforce motor vehicle closure	Trails and Travel Management
Prescription: - Enhance non-motorized recreation opportunities by developing maps of trails, animal and plant lists, watchable wildlife stations, etc.	Recreation
Objective: Consolidate through tenure adjustment. Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests from willing sellers.	Land Tenure
Objective: Protect resource values of the ACEC Management Action: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals.	Rights of Way
Closed to renewable energy.	Renewable Energy
Geothermal: ACECs are closed to geothermal leasing and development unless they overlap with a DFA where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap, ACECs are open to geothermal leasing with an NSO stipulation.	
There are no active mining operations or locatable, leasable mineral material operations on public lands within the North Algodones ACEC. Possibility for mineral interest in the area is negligible.	Locatable Minerals Mineral Materials Non-Energy Leasables
North Algodones NNL has the same boundaries as the portion as the North Algodones Dunes Wilderness	Overlapping land designations







North Algodones Dunes

Alternative 1

9/16/2015

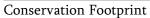










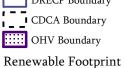






1% Disturbance Cap





Development Focus Areas



North Algodones Dunes

Alternative 2

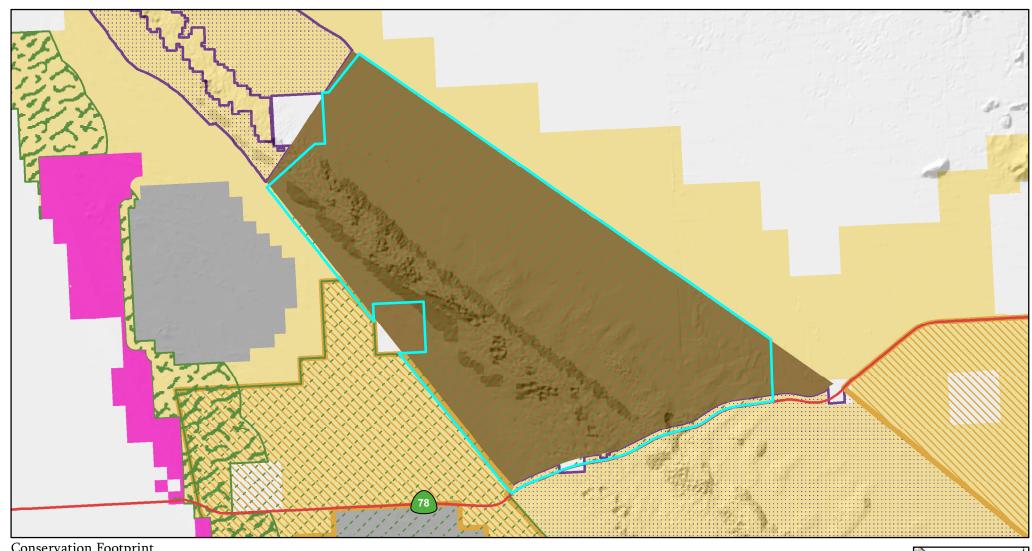
9/16/2015











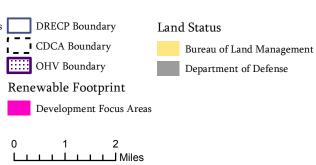


Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

0.1% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap



North Algodones Dunes

Alternative 3

9/16/2015







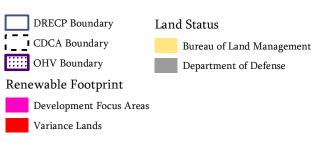




Conservation Footprint



0.1% Disturbance Cap 1% Disturbance Cap



North Algodones Dunes

Alternative 4

9/16/2015









Ocotillo

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location – The proposed conservation lands and new ACEC are located in southwestern Imperial County, south of the Coyote Mountains Wilderness and east of the Jacumba Wilderness. It is adjacent to Anza Borrego State Park and the Ocotillo Express Wind Energy Facility right-of-way.

Nationally Significant Values:

Cultural: The conservation lands and ACEC contain important cultural resources ranging from archaic sites to resources related to the ancestors of living Kumeyaay, Quechan, and Cocopah Indians (i.e. intaglios, rock alignments, temporary camps, lithic scatters, cremation loci, pottery loci, trails and shrines). The area also contains important tribal/Native American values as it is encompassed by an ethnographic landscape that is a traditional cultural property according to many of the local Indian tribes. Prehistoric archaeological sites listed in (Spoke Wheel geoglyph) and eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) are located within this ACEC.

Ecological: The Ocotillo conservation lands and ACEC provide a contiguous protected landscape connecting the Yuha Basin, Jacumba Wilderness, and Anza-Borrego Desert State Park. This landscape includes the spectacular boulder strewn escarpment of the Peninsular Range (In-Ko-Pah Mountains), through which Interstate 8 climbs from the Imperial Valley into the mountains. These lands contain habitat (i.e. desert washes and Mesquite hummocks) for the flat-tailed horned lizard and habitat for the Federally Endangered Peninsular Bighorn Sheep. This is an important corridor for Bighorn sheep moving between the State Park and the Jacumba Wilderness. Rare California Fan palms occur in this area.

Scientific: Prehistoric archaeological sites with scientific information potential that make them eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within this ACEC. This ACEC contains an abundance of sensitive vertebrate and invertebrate paleontological resources from the Palm Springs Formation.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: No previous special designation.

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

Cultural: The conservation lands and ACEC contain important cultural resources ranging from archaic sites to resources related to the ancestors of living Kumeyaay, Quechan, and Cocopah Indians (i.e. intaglios, rock alignments, temporary camps, lithic scatters, cremation loci, pottery loci, trails and shrines). The area also contains important tribal/Native American values as it is encompassed by an ethnographic landscape that is a traditional cultural property according to many of the local Indian tribes. Prehistoric archaeological sites listed in (Spoke Wheel geoglyph) and eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) are located within this ACEC.

Ecological: These lands contain habitat (i.e. desert washes and Mesquite hummocks) for the flat-tailed horned lizard and habitat for the Federally Endangered Peninsular Bighorn Sheep. This is an important corridor for Bighorn sheep moving between the State Park and the Jacumba Wilderness. Rare California Fan palms occur in this area.

Overarching Goals: Protect and enhance the cultural, paleontological and ecological values that exist within the ACEC while providing for compatible uses.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

Designation and Acreage by Alternative:

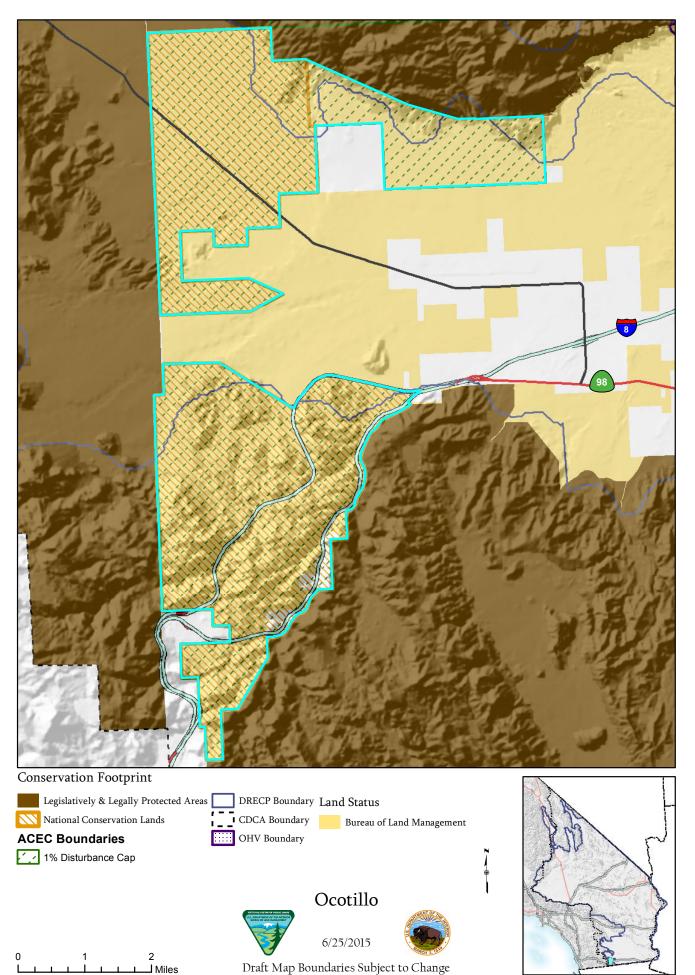
Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	0	0	NA
Preferred Alternative	12,430	14,639	0	1%
1	500	14,600	0	1%
2	14,600	14,600	0	1%
3	0	14,600	0	1%
4	500	14,600	0	1%

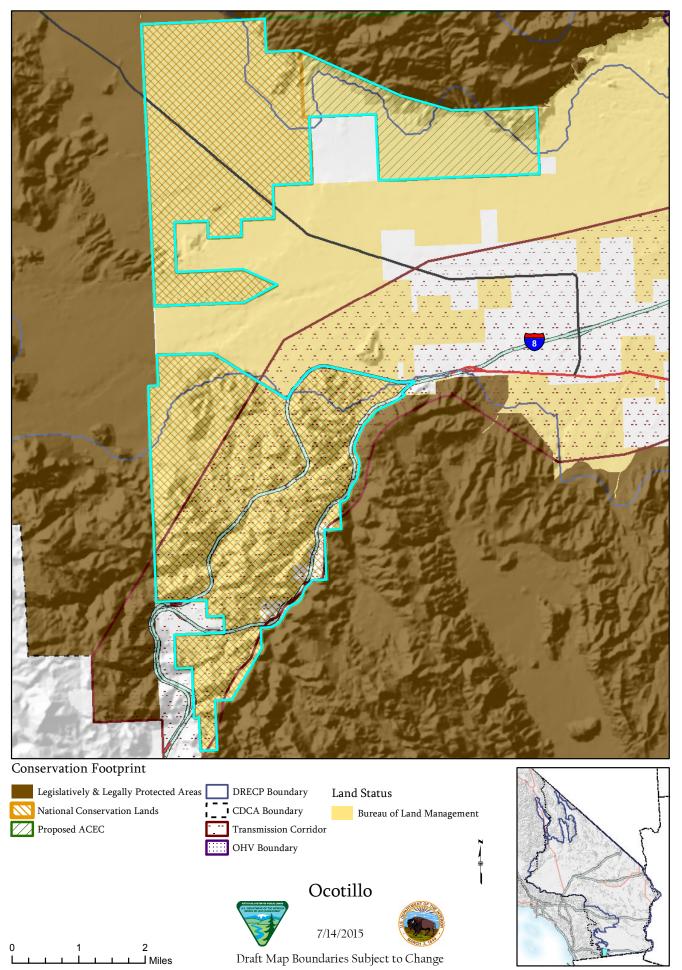
^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

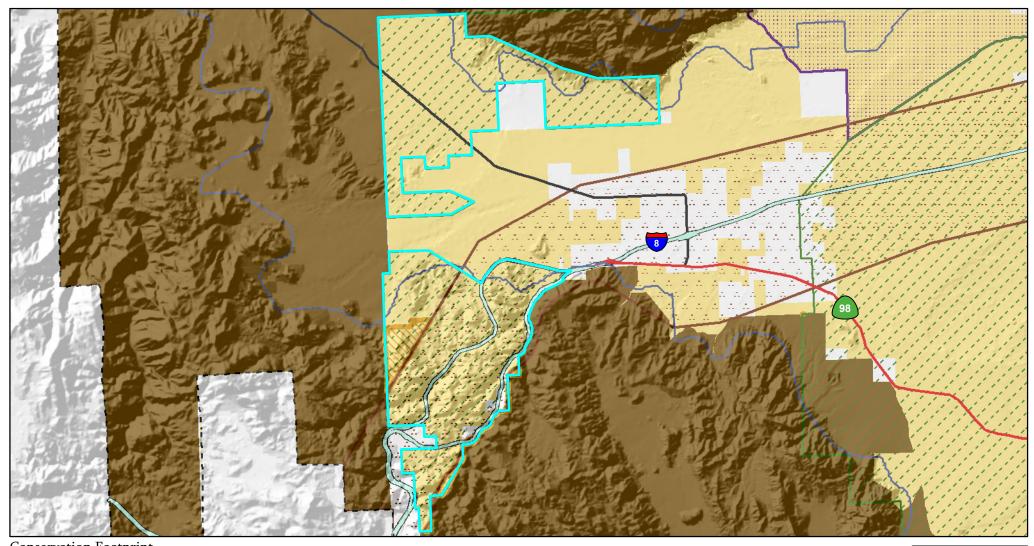
Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Objective: Minimize soil disturbance.	Soil, water, air
Objective Manage the ACCC with the standards for CO 112C visibility and visits	
Objective: Manage the ACEC with the standards for CO, H2S, visibility-reducing particles, and attainment for other criteria in accordance with the standards	
set by the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District.	
set by the imperial county Air Foliation control district.	
Management Actions: Coordinate with the Imperial County Air Pollution	
Control District.	
Vegetation of the ACEC is composed of creosote	Vegetation (incl. special
bush scrub, succulent scrub and desert microphyll woodland	status species)
communities. The major components of the creosote bush	
scrub community include creosote bush (Larrea tridentata),	
bursage (Ambrosia dumosa), brittlebush (Encelia farinosa), and	
cholla (Opuntia spp.). Major components of the succulent	
scrub community are cacti, including cholla, hedgehog cactus	
(Echinocereus engelmanni var. engelmanni), and barrel cactus	
(Ferocactus acanthocerpa).	

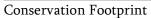
Objective: Protect and enhance robust populations of both rare and common	
native plants.	
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV	
routes.	
Management Action: Place signs, kiosks and interpretive information at key	
recreational sites to better inform the public about the important plant	
resources.	
Management Action: Eradicate and control the spread of invasive and noxious	
weeds.	
Objective: Create a baseline of plant species to track environmental changes	
Objective: Create a baseline of plant species to track environmental changes. Management Action: Inventory vascular and non-vascular plants, include soil	
crust species, in the ACEC.	
Special Status Species:	Fish and Wildlife (incl.
Peninsular bighorn sheep, flat tailed horned lizard	special status species)
Termisalar signom sneep, nat tanea nornea nzara	special status species;
Objective: Maintain and enhance habitat that supports native wildlife.	
Management Action: Monitor wildlife for habitat and population change.	
Objective: Manage landscape to ensure wildlife passage and connectivity	
between wildlife populations.	
See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in	Cultural Resources
general cultural resources rules.	
Objectives Provide for highest level of protection of consitive sultural	
Objective: Provide for highest level of protection of sensitive cultural	
resources. Management Action: Perform route restoration to erace illegal routes	
Management Action: Perform route restoration to erase illegal routes. Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform route	
restoration as needed.	
Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of resources in the	
area.	
Management Action: Nominate the significant sites or potential districts to the	
NRHP.	
Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable	
traditional practitioners regarding the cultural resource values present within	
the ACEC.	
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV	
Routes.	
Objective: Increase public awareness of the general cultural resources values	
within the ACEC.	
Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks at various	
appropriate locations within the ACEC. Objective: Protect the characteristic landscape of the In Ko Pah Mountains and	Visual Resources
Objective: Protect the characteristic landscape of the In-Ko-Pah Mountains and Boulder Canyon.	visuai nestuites
Boulder Carryott.	
Management Actions: Avoid impacts to characteristic landscape by following	
prescriptions of appropriate VRM class.	
The same fraction of although control control	<u> </u>

Objective: Manage the route of travel network to fulfill requirements of the original CDCA Plan and the WECO Plan Amendment. Management Action: Install signage and provide maps to the public to inform them of route locations and regulations. Management Action: Increase BLM personnel visits to the area, as funding allows. Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform route restoration as needed.	Trails and Travel Management
Objective: Promote dispersed recreational activities in this area which would include (but is not limited to) sight-seeing, camping, hunting, target shooting, hiking, and 4x4 touring. Objective: Encourage compliance with ACEC management recommendations. Management Action: Increase BLM personnel visits to the area, as funding allows. Management Action: Install signage and provide maps to the public to inform	Recreation
them of route locations and regulations. Objective: Consolidate through tenure adjustment. Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests from willing sellers.	Land Tenure
Objective: Protect resource values of the ACEC Management Action 1: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals. Management Action 2: Limit transmission line ROWs to designated utility corridors.	Rights of Way
Closed to renewable energy development.	Renewable Energy
Geothermal: ACECs are closed to geothermal leasing and development unless they overlap with a DFA where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap, ACECs are open to geothermal leasing with an NSO stipulation.	
Objective: Review proposed mining activities to ensure that they provide adequate protection of public lands and their resources.	Locatable Minerals, Saleable Mineral Materials,
Allowable Uses: Mining activities would be allowed with appropriate analysis, stipulations, and mitigation. Management Actions: Review any projects that would contribute to surface disturbance on a case by case basis. Ensure that any surface disturbance is accompanied by an archaeological inventory and Environmental Assessment.	Non-Energy Leasables









Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas

National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

1% Disturbance Cap

DRECP Boundary CDCA Boundary

OHV Boundary

Transmission Corridor

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Alternative 1 8/25/2015

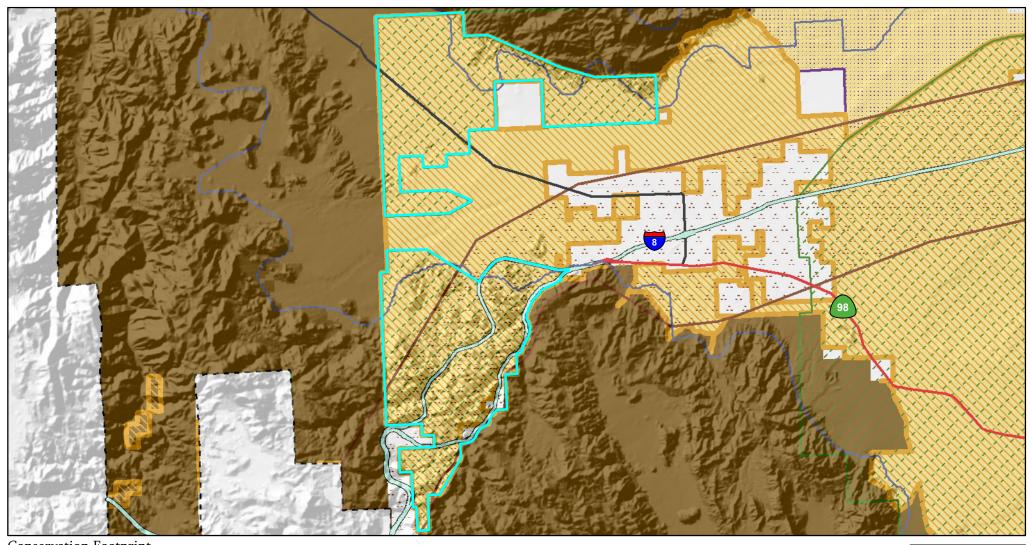
Ocotillo











Conservation Footprint

Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas

National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

0.25% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

0 1 2

DRECP Boundary

CDCA Boundary

CDCA Boundary Transmission Corridor

Bureau of Land Management
Corridor

Land Status

OHV Boundary

Ocotillo Alternative 2

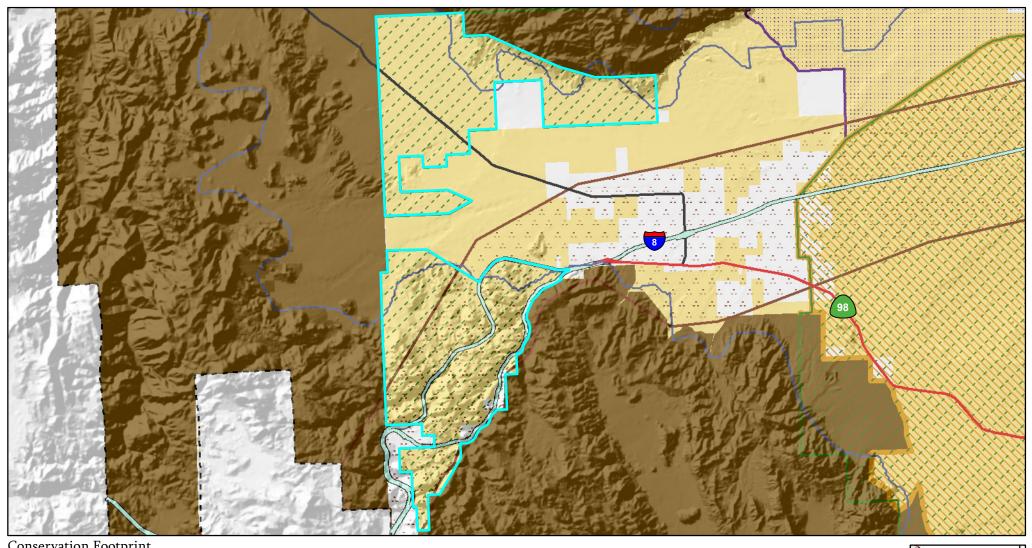
8/26/2015











Conservation Footprint

Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

1% Disturbance Cap

DRECP Boundary CDCA Boundary

OHV Boundary

Land Status Bureau of Land Management

Transmission Corridor

Ocotillo Alternative 3

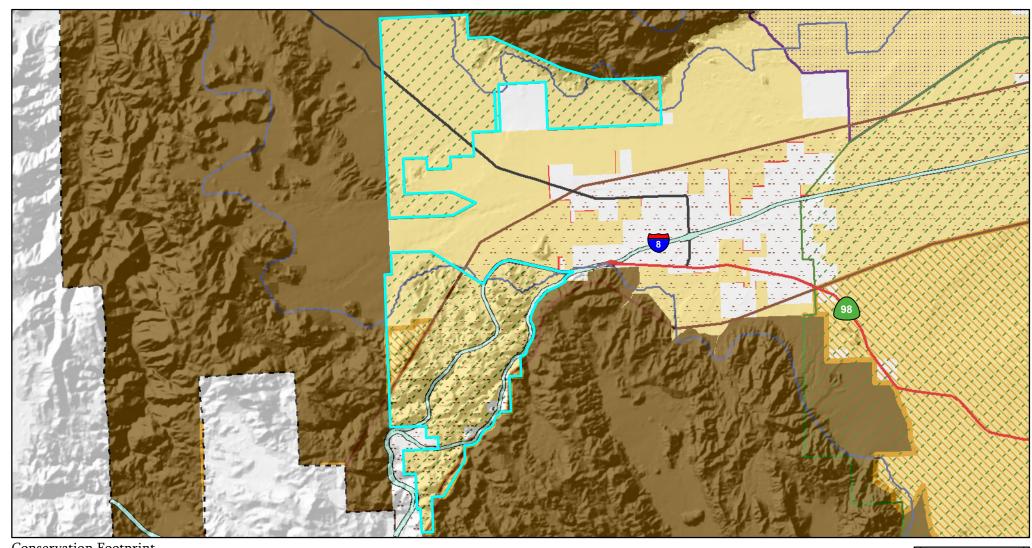
8/27/2015

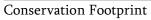












Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

1% Disturbance Cap

DRECP Boundary Land Status CDCA Boundary Bureau of Land Management OHV Boundary Transmission Corridor Renewable Footprint Variance Lands

Ocotillo Alternative 4

8/27/2015









Pilot Knob

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location : This ACEC is located in southeastern Imperial County adjacent to the California-Arizona-Mexico border.

Nationally Significant Values:

Cultural: Rare and unusual collections of archaeological sites and features, including geoglyphs and petroglyphs are found within the Pilot Knob ACEC. Many of these sites are listed in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). Pilot Knob itself plays a special role in Native American spiritual and traditional culture and is important to the heritage and ethnic identity of the Quechan, Cocopah, and other Indian tribes.

Scientific: Prehistoric archaeological sites with scientific information potential that make them eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within this ACEC.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: ACEC Plan #73/1982

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

Cultural: The Pilot Knob ACEC contains cultural resources and Native American values which require special management attention. The pristine environment of these values is potentially threatened by visitor use and degradation resulting from casual use.

The values within the ACEC are unique in character. Few cultural resources are located in the southern California Desert which compare to those found within Pilot Knob. Native American concerns are highly significant and relate to Indian heritage values and ethnic identity. The relationship between both resource values marks the ACEC as a special place.

Overarching Goals: To protect cultural resources and Native American values while providing for compatible recreational opportunities.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

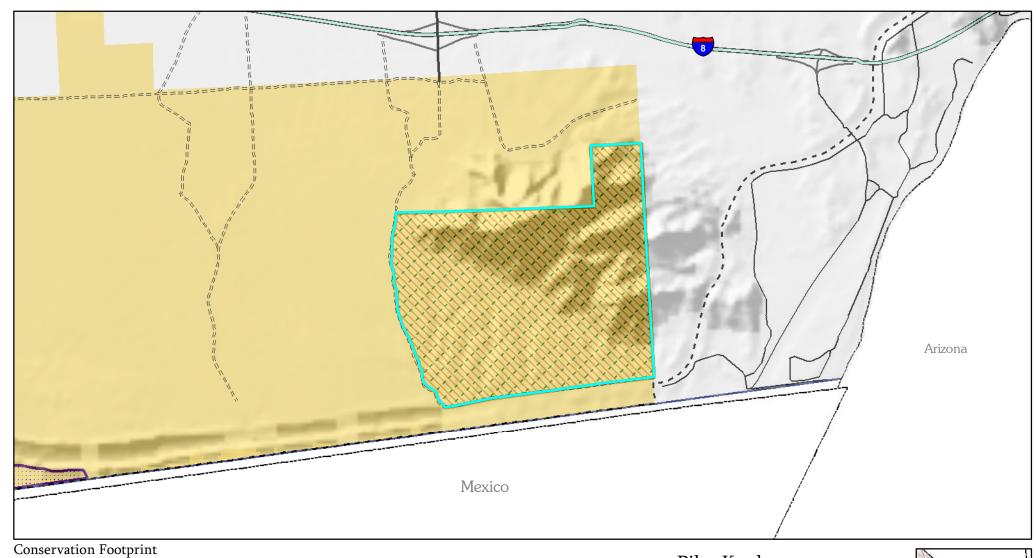
If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

Designation and Acreage by Alternative:						
Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap		
No Action	0	900	0	NA		
Preferred Alternative	868	900	0	1%		
1	0	900	0	1%		
2	900	900	0	1%		
3	0	900	0	1%		
4	900	900	0	1%		

^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Objective: Minimize soil disturbance.	Soil, water, air
Objective: Manage the ACEC with the standards for CO, H2S, visibility-reducing particles, and attainment for other criteria in accordance with the standards set by the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District.	
Management Actions: Coordinate with the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District.	
Objective: Protect and enhance robust populations of both rare and common native plants.	Vegetation (incl. special status species)
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV routes.	
Management Action: Place signs, kiosks and interpretive information at key recreational sites to better inform the public about the important plant resources.	
Management Action: Eradicate and control the spread of invasive and noxious weeds.	
Objective: Wildlife species diversity is expected to be relatively low. Species anticipated in the area include but not limited to desert tortoise, burrowing owl, kit fox, and couch's spadefoot toad.	Fish and Wildlife (incl. special status species)
Objective: Provide for highest level of protection of cultural resources and preservation of Native American values.	Cultural Resources
Management Action: Conduct regular patrols and surveillance. Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks to ensure the	
public is aware of restrictions. Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable	
traditional practitioners regarding the cultural resource values present within the ACEC.	

Management Action: Compile and synthesize existing archaeological data on the area and the artifacts that are of spiritual and cultural importance to	
Native Americans. Management Action: Continue to monitor the fencing around the ACEC to	
ensure it is protecting the fragile resources.	
Management Action: Coordinate with Border Patrol.	
Objective: Protect fragile cobble surfaces and additional cultural resources	Trails and Travel
from OHV incursions.	Management
Management Action: Prohibit camping in the ACEC. Management Action: Increase compliance with routes of travel	
Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform route	
restoration as needed.	
Objective: Educate public on the significance and fragility of cultural resources	Recreation
and Native American values Action: Develop educational or interpretive program including a clide tane	
Action: Develop educational or interpretive program including a slide-tape presentation	
Objective: Allow compatible recreational activities that can be accommodated	
while preserving and protecting cultural resources such as hiking, bird	
watching, etc.	
Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks at various appropriate locations within the ACEC.	
Objective: Consolidate through tenure adjustment.	Land Tenure
Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests	Land Tenare
from willing sellers.	
Objective: Protect resource values of the ACEC	Rights of Way
Management Action: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and	
amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they	
are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals.	
Objective: Minimize potential impacts from energy-related exploration and development	Renewable Energy
Management Action: Closed to renewable energy development.	
Geothermal: ACECs are closed to geothermal leasing and development unless	
they overlap with a DFA where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap,	
ACECs are open to geothermal leasing with an NSO stipulation.	
Objective: Minimize potential impacts from exploration and development of	Locatable Minerals
saleable mineral material within Pilot Knob ACEC.	Mineral Materials
Allowable Uses: Oil and gas exploration allowed with stipulations. Permit	Non-Energy Leasables
geothermal explorations with stipulations which protect cultural resources.	
No active or inactive mining claims. Management Actions: Prohibit extraction of saleable mineral materials	
including common varieties of sand, stone, gravel, pumice, pumicite, cinder,	
clay and other mineral materials and petrified wood.	
<u>, </u>	





Pilot Knob

6/24/2015

Draft Map Boundaries Subject to Change

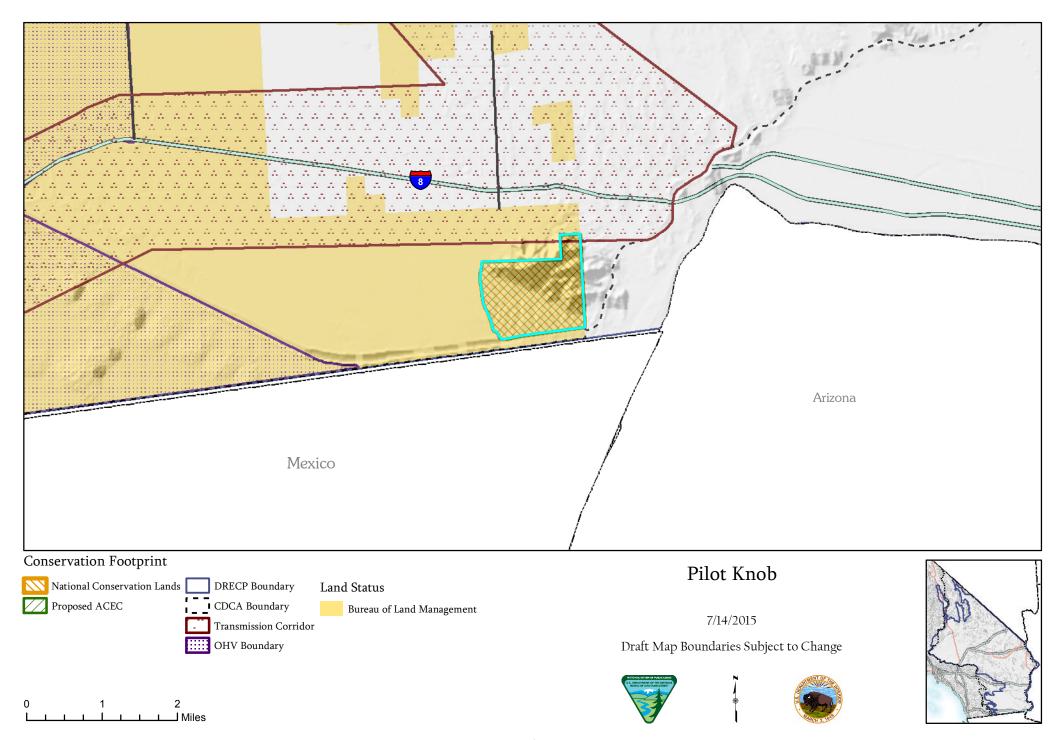


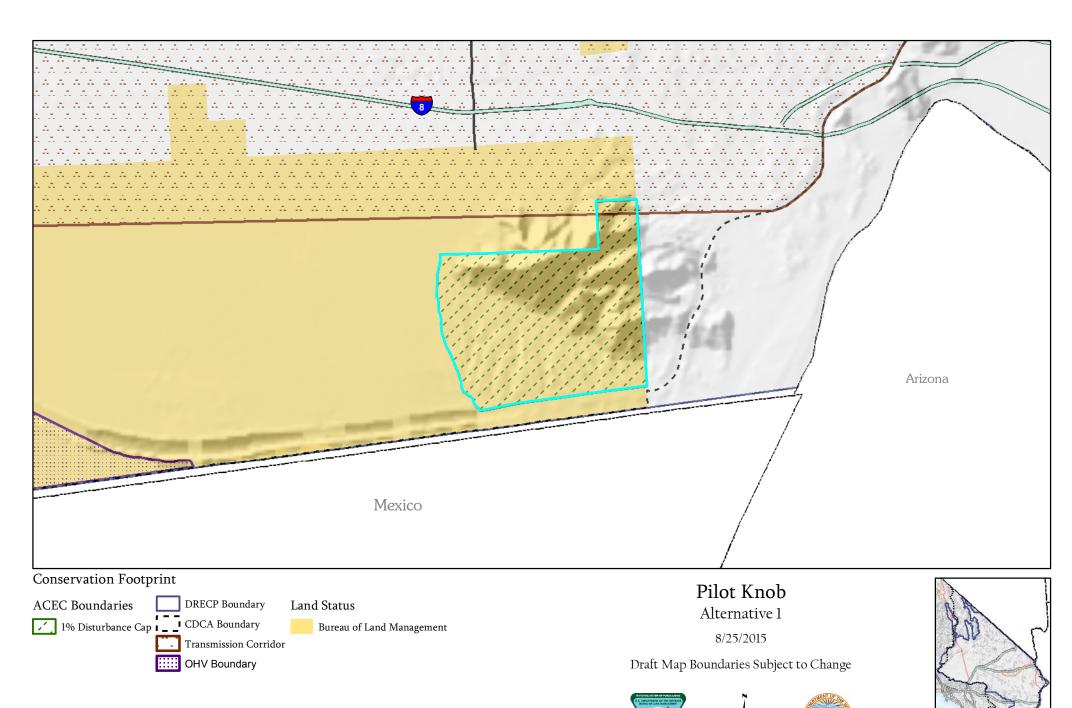




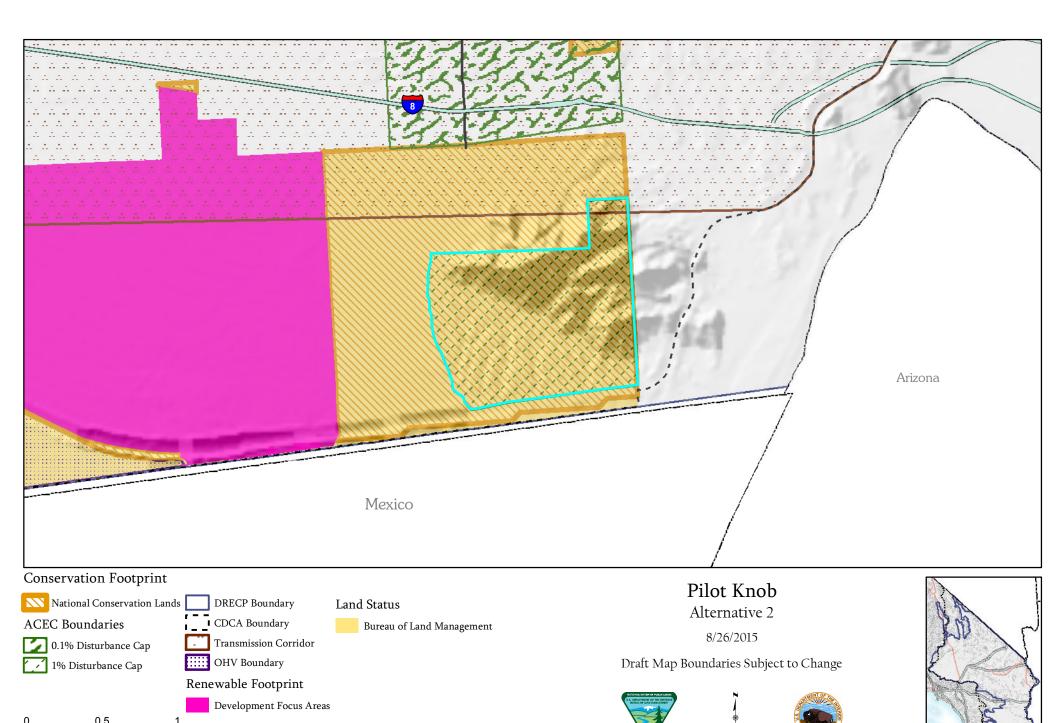


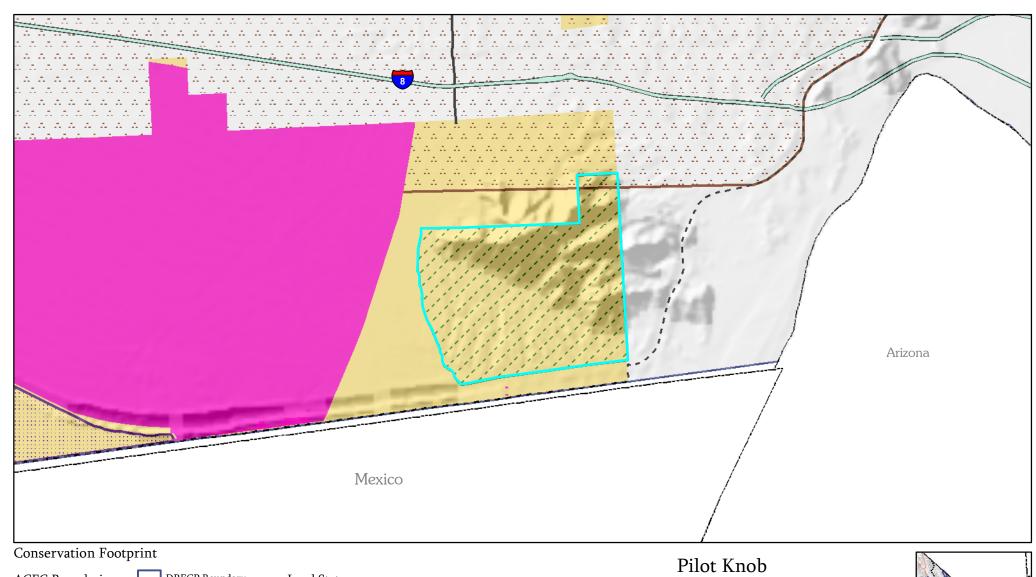
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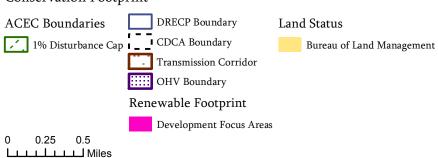




0.5







Pilot Knob Alternative 3

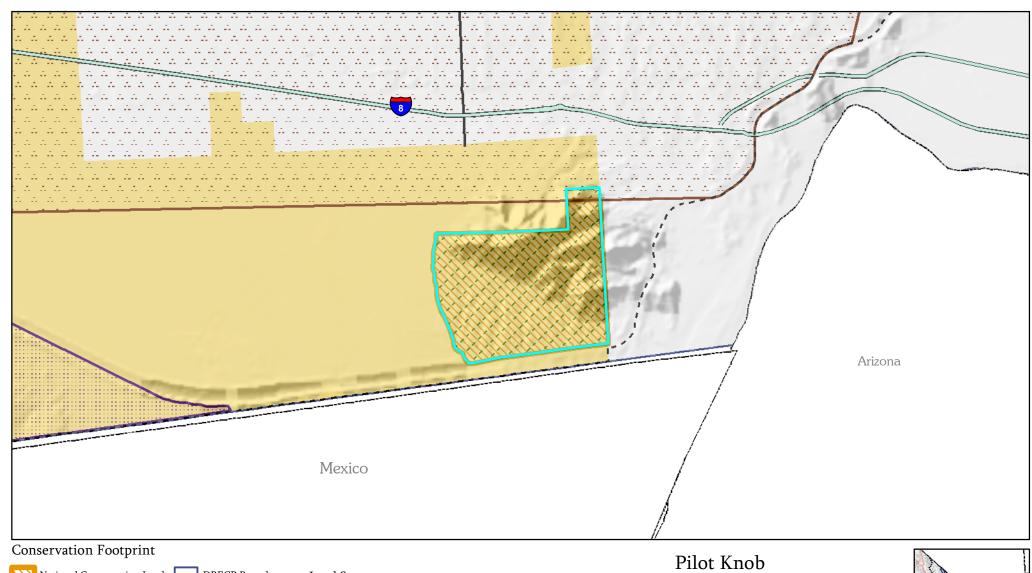
8/27/2015











National Conservation Lands **ACEC Boundaries** 1% Disturbance Cap

DRECP Boundary CDCA Boundary OHV Boundary Transmission Corridor

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Draft Map Boundaries Subject to Change

Alternative 4

8/27/2015

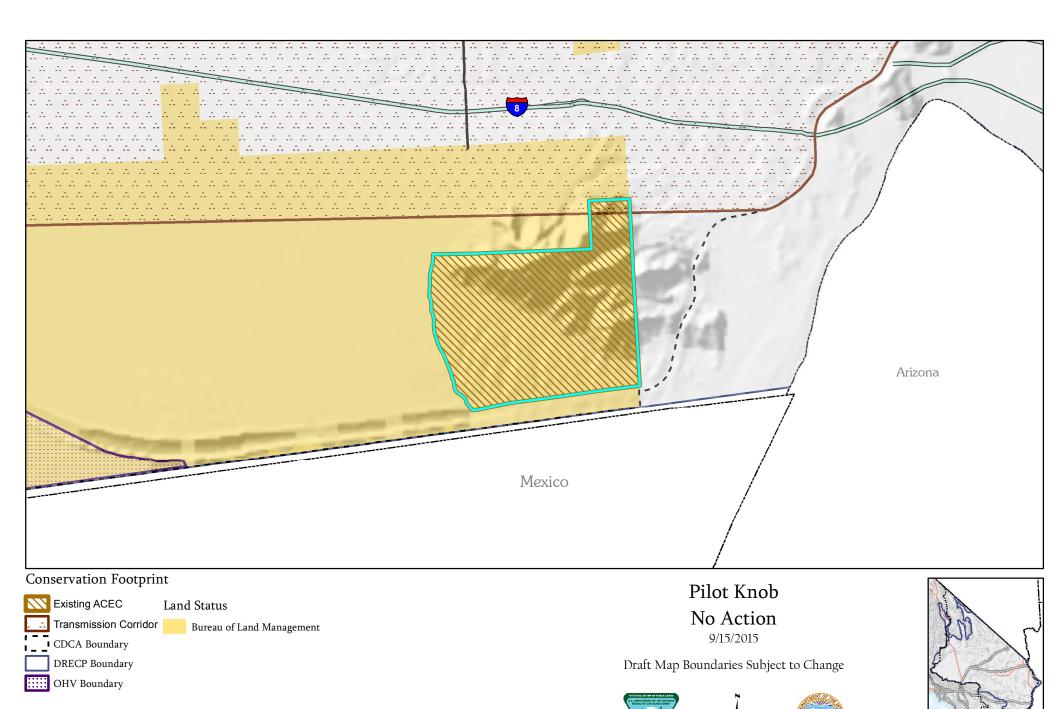








0 0.25 0.5 LLLL Miles



0.85

Plank Road

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location: The Plank Road ACEC is located in south central Imperial County, at the western edge of the Imperial Sand Dunes, between I-8 and the international border.

Nationally Significant Values: Not proposed for NLCS designation.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: ACEC Plan #72 Plank Road/ 1985

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

Cultural: The Plank Road – the only wooden automobile road in existence in the US – was constructed in 1915, in an effort to create a more direct route from Yuma, Arizona to San Diego, California. It was in use until 1926, when the California Highway Commission constructed a paved road (Highway 80) as a permanent solution to maintenance and traffic problems the Plank Road posed. It is currently listed in the California Register of Historic Places and is a California Historical Landmark. It has also been proposed for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP).

Remaining portions of the Plank Road are extremely susceptible to damage. The original documentation prepared for this ACEC in 1979 stated that the Plank Road could be easily protected because of its remote location. Preparers of the CDCA did not foresee the high numbers of users of all-terrain vehicles (ATVs).

Today, thousands of people travel to the sand dunes for camping and off-road vehicle recreation. Consequently, the road has suffered heavy losses from vandalism and from uninformed visitors scavenging old planks for firewood. Segments of the ACEC have been damaged from vehicles.

The road stands as a tribute to our early accomplishments in transportation technology. The wooden route represents an unusual solution to an early problem of safely crossing the sand dunes. While only a few other examples are known, it is believed that the Plank Road is the only one which still exists. The Plank Road, as a historic resource, is an engineering curiosity and marvel. It is a graphic reminder of Imperial County's heritage.

Overarching Goals: To protect cultural resource values while providing for compatible recreational opportunities.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

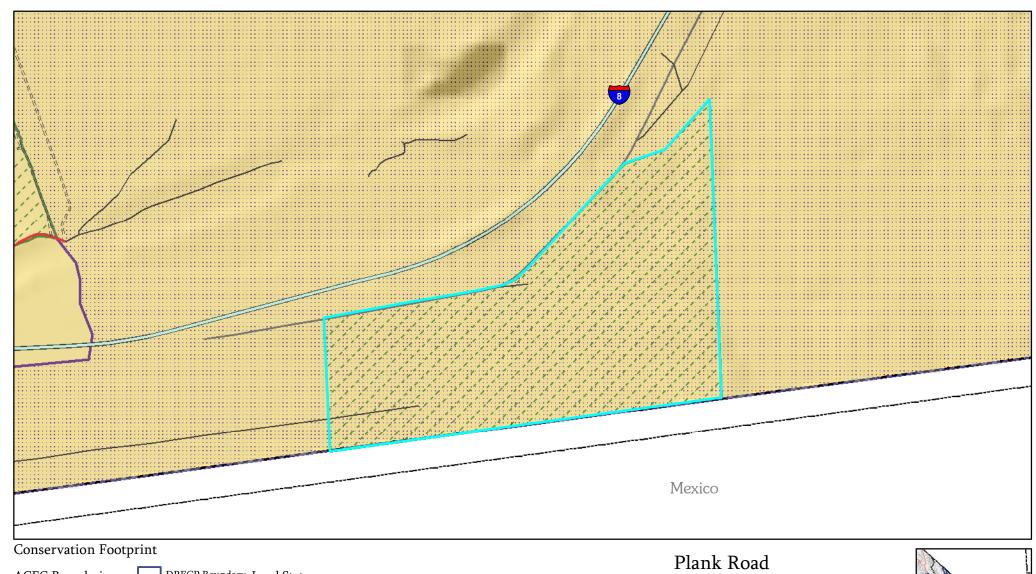
If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

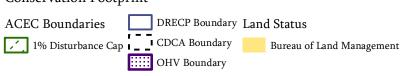
Designation and Acreage by Alternative:				
Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	300	0	NA
Preferred Alternative	0	300	0	1%
1	0	300	0	1%
2	300	300	0	1%
3	0	300	0	1%
4	0	300	0	1%

^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Objective: Minimize soil disturbance. Preserve existing air quality.	Soil, water, air
Management Actions: Coordinate with the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District.	
Objective: Conserve and/or recover ESA-listed species and the ecosystems on which they depend so that ESA protections are no longer needed for these species.	Fish and Wildlife (incl. special status species)
Management Action: Initiate proactive conservation measures that reduce or eliminate threats to BLM sensitive species to minimize the likelihood of and need for listing of these species under the ESA.	
See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in general cultural resources rules.	Cultural Resources
Objective: Protect, preserve, and interpret the remaining portions of the Plank Road.	
Management Action: Monitor existing fencing around the interpretive display. Management Action: Rehabilitate damaged segments of the Plank Road within Grays Well segment or arrest the current decay.	
Management Action: Clear vegetation growing on road segments. Management Action: Remove and replace old, damaged interpretive signs.	
Management Action: Redesign interpretive brochure. Management Action: Celebrate and commemorate the Plank Road centennial.	
Management Action: Conduct patrols and surveillance. Management Action: Revise previous nomination package for listing in the NRHP and correct the edits requested by the Keeper.	
Objective: Preserve separate eastern segment of Plank Road.	

Management Action: Leave a segment of the Plank Road buried to reduce	
vandalism. Periodically monitor to ensure it is stable. Motorized open OHV area	Trails and Travel
Objective: Educate public on the significant cultural and historic values of the	Management Recreation
Plank Road. Management Action: Continue to implement interpretive programs and	
upgrade existing interpretive infrastructure including waysides, signs, and brochure.	
Management Action: Coordinate with California Department of Transportation, and others, to promote the BLM Plank Road Interpretive area	
Objective: Consolidate through tenure adjustment. Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests from willing sellers.	Land Tenure
Multiple ROWs – transmission lines, highways and an irrigation canal. Objective: Protect resource values of the ACEC Management Action: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals.	Rights of Way
Closed to renewable energy development. Geothermal: ACECs are closed to geothermal leasing and development unless they overlap with a DFA where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap, ACECs are open to geothermal leasing with an NSO stipulation.	Renewable Energy
Withdrawn from mineral entry	Locatable Minerals Mineral Materials
Objective: Continuous withdrawal from mineral entry.	Non-Energy Leasables
Management Action: Continuous restriction on filling of mining claims in the area thus preventing mineral exploration and development.	



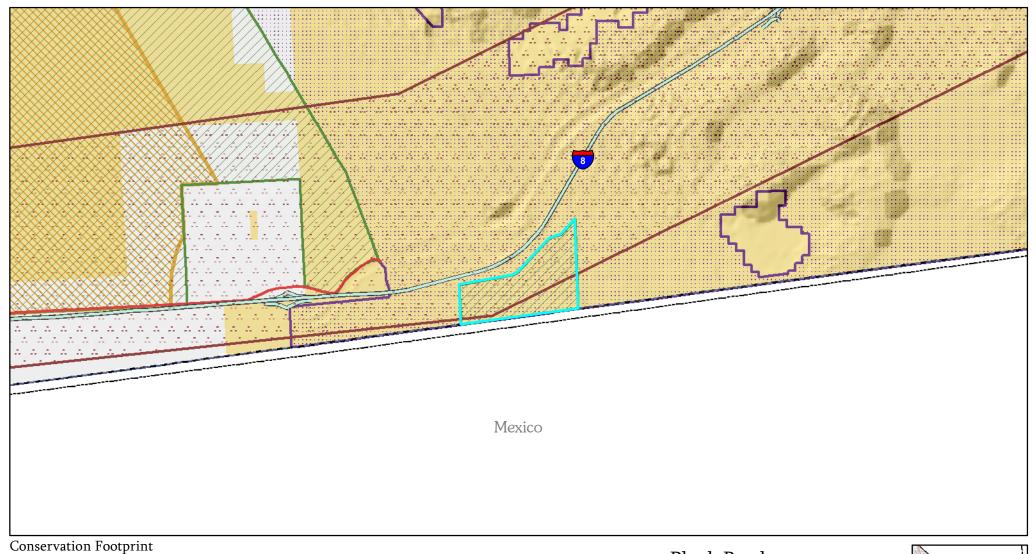


6/24/2015











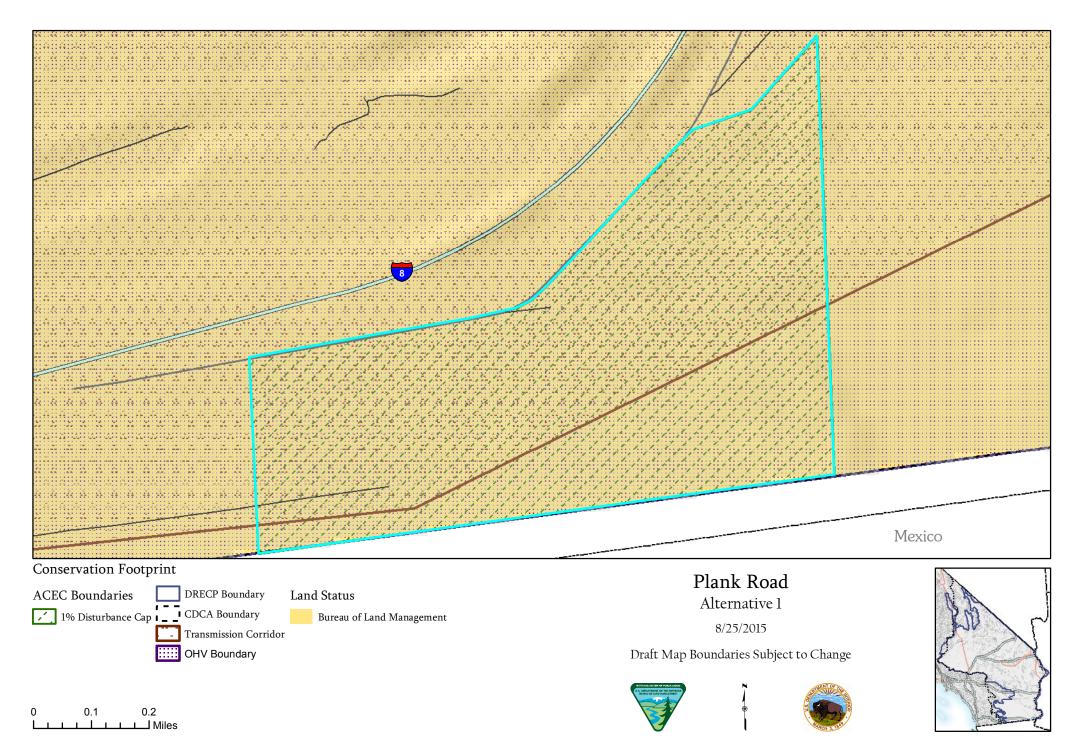
Plank Road

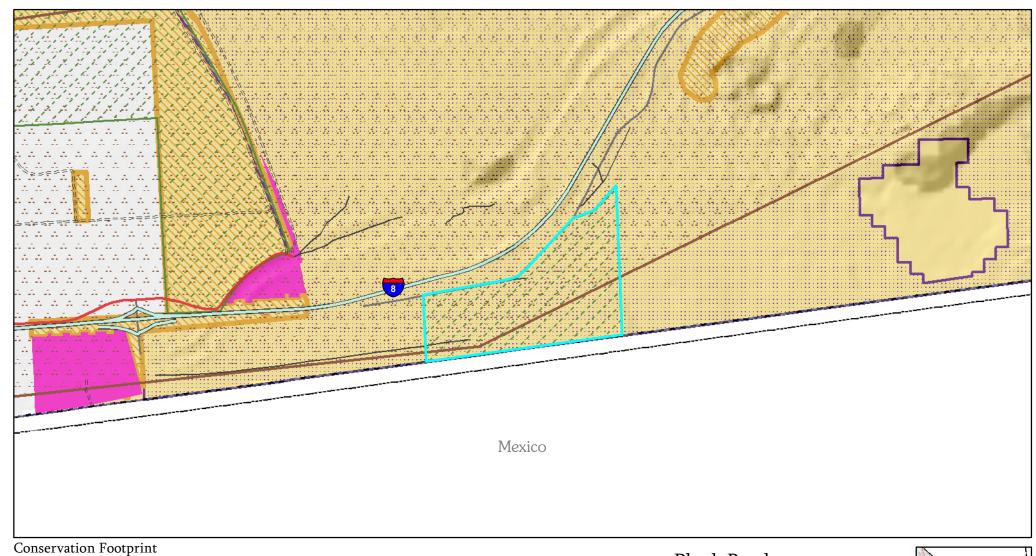












Conservation Footprint National Conservation Lands ACEC Boundaries 1% Disturbance Cap Transmission Corridor OHV Boundary Renewable Footprint Development Focus Areas 0 0.25 0.5 Miles

Plank Road Alternative 2

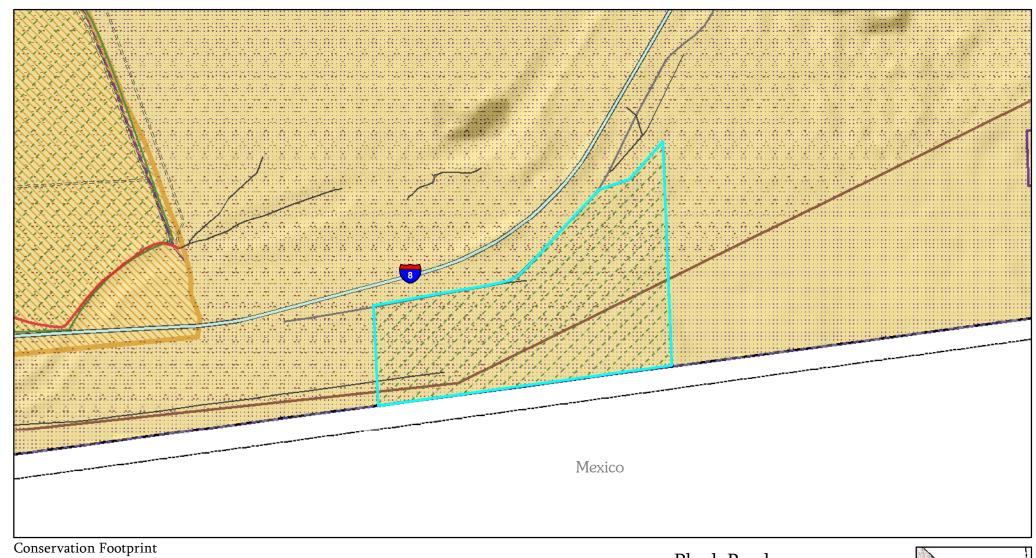
8/26/2015

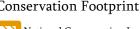












National Conservation Lands **ACEC Boundaries**

1% Disturbance Cap

DRECP Boundary

OHV Boundary

CDCA Boundary

Transmission Corridor

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Plank Road Alternative 3

8/27/2015

Draft Map Boundaries Subject to Change

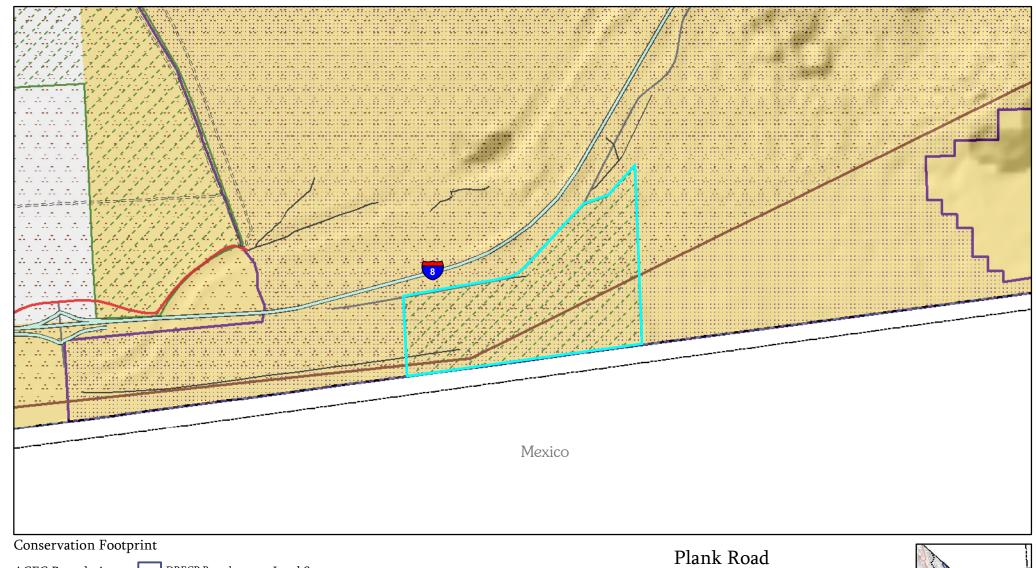








0.5





DRECP Boundary Land Status

OHV Boundary

Transmission Corridor

Bureau of Land Management

Alternative 4

8/27/2015

Draft Map Boundaries Subject to Change

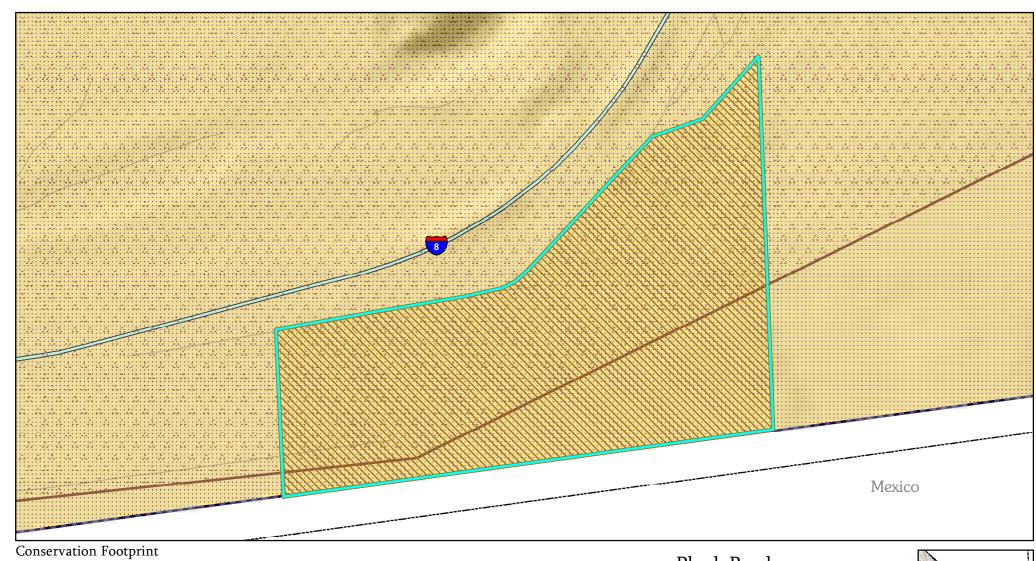


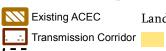






0.25 0.5 Miles لـــــــ





Land Status

ission Corridor Bureau of Land Management

CDCA Boundary

DRECP Boundary

OHV Boundary

0 0.25 0.5 L l l L L Miles

Plank Road No Action

9/15/2015









Salton Sea Hazardous

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location: This proposed ACEC is located along the southwest shore of the Salton Sea in Imperial County and contains 21,587 acres – about two thirds of which are under water. It is the location of the former Salton Sea Naval Air Facility, established for World War II military testing activities.

Nationally Significant Values: Not proposed for NCLS designation in preferred alternative.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: DRECP/(Integrated Resource Management Plan for Acquired and Withdrawn Lands on the Salton Sea Test Base, Imperial County, California/May 1995)

Relevance and Importance Criteria: This ACEC is closed to the public due to hazardous unexploded ordnance and is not considered for any public use or application for public undertakings. Originally established by the Department of the Navy (Navy) as the Salton Sea Naval Air Facility in 1942, the area was used for seaplane and bombing range operations, rocket development work, and testing of jet engine and propellants mixtures, and later for high altitude Army-Navy land and sea bombing experiments. The Atomic Energy Commission assumed jurisdiction of the land and administration of the Facility in 1947 until 1964. During this time, the Facility was used to evaluate the effects of long-term storage of atomic weapons in natural environments, and was also used for tests of the Mercury space capsule's landing system. In July 1993, the Navy notified agencies of the Department of the Interior (DOI) of their consideration to dispose of the facility, in accordance with the Defense Closure Act of 1988, and prepare an integrated management plan providing for management of the acquired lands by the BLM on behalf of the DOI through PLO Section 204 of the FLPMA.

Most of the land immediately adjacent to the north, west, and south of this ACEC is uninhabited, nonagricultural desert. Lands located within the ACEC are withdrawn from mineral entry; however, the CDCA identified the area as "prospectively valuable" for leasable minerals (oil, gas, and geothermal), and with moderate to high potential for saleable minerals (sand and gravel).

The Salton Sea is the only source of surface water in the ACEC and it is possible that pollutants (e.g., increasing concentrations of salt, selenium, sewage, pesticides, detergents, etc.) from dump sites on the former test base are leaching into the Sea, affecting its overall water quality. San Felipe Creek is the only perennial major stream that crosses the ACEC, flowing generally eastward from the adjacent mountains through San Sebastian March and into the Salton Sea.

Overarching Goals: To protect and preserve the cultural and biological resources, protecting the public from potential safety issues associated with unexploded ordnance, and maintaining closure of the area to the public.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special

Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

Designation and Acreage by Alternative:

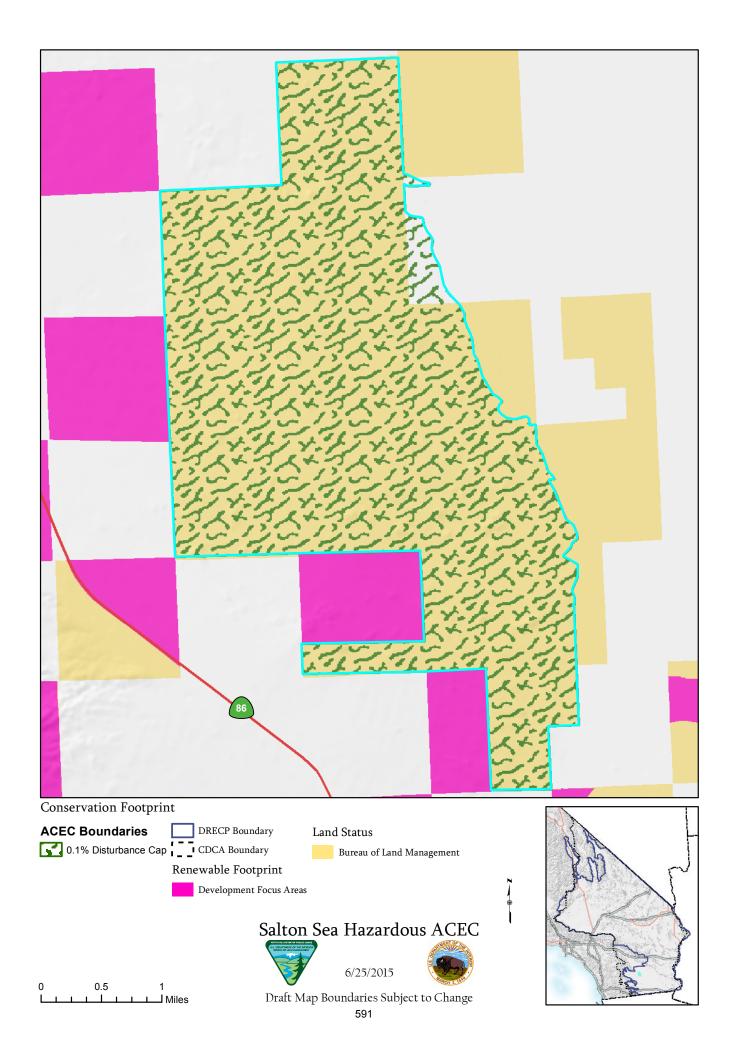
Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	0	0	NA
Preferred Alternative	0	7,100	0	0.10%
1	0	6,840	0	0.10%
2	6,503	6,830	0	0.10%
3	0	6,840	0	0.10%
4	0	6,840	0	0.10%

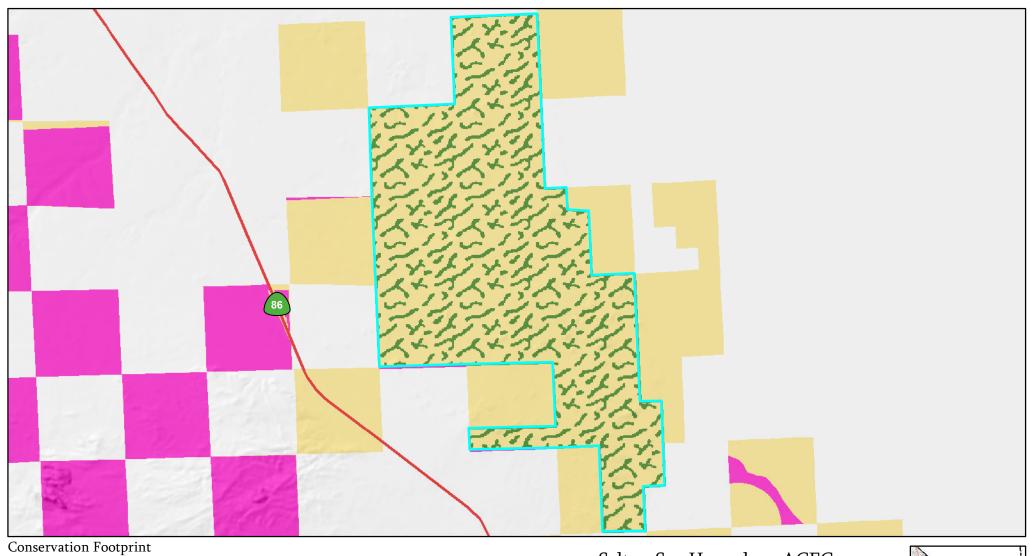
^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

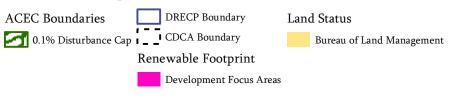
Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Objective: Minimize soil disturbance.	Soil, water, air
Objective: Protect air quality and visibility standards in accordance with the Southeast Desert Air Basin nonattainment for O ₃ and PM ₁₀ . Management Action: Coordinate with the California Environmental Protection Agency Air Resources Board.	
Objective: Manage the ACEC with the standards for CO, H ₂ S, visibility-reducing	
particles, and attainment for other criteria in accordance with the standards	
set by the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District.	
Management Action: Coordinate with the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District.	
Objective: Identify Special Status plant species within ACEC.	Vegetation (incl. special
Management Action: Conduct Special Status plant inventories.	status species)
Objective: Maintain habitat that potentially supports the presence of Special Status plant species. Management Action: Control the introduction of invasive plant species.	
Objective: Determine the effects of pesticide spraying on the Special Status plant species.	
Management Action: Conduct study to assess effects of pesticides on the Special Status plant species.	

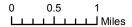
Objective: Avoid significant adverse impacts on wetland and riparian areas.	
Management Action: Initiate programs to rehabilitate those areas in a	
deteriorated condition.	
Objective: Control noxious or poisonous plants, improve habitat, and eliminate	
introduced plant species, such as tamarisk, from riparian areas.	
Management Action: Develop strategies, such as vegetation manipulation.	
Objective: Determine the composition of wildlife species resident in the ACEC.	Fish and Wildlife (incl.
Management Action: Conduct wildlife inventories.	special status species)
Objective: Determine the composition of Special Status Species occupying the	
ACEC.	
Management Action: Conduct inventories to identify Special Status Species.	
Objective: Conserve habitat that potentially supports the presence of Special	
Status Species: Colorado Valley Woodrat (Neotoma albigula venusta), Flat-	
tailed horned lizard (<i>Phrynosoma mcallii</i>), Crissal Thrasher (<i>Toxostoma</i>	
crissale), Le Conte's Thrasher (Toxostoma lecontei), Loggerhead Shrike (Lanius	
<i>ludovicianus</i>), and Southern Leopard Frog (<i>Rana yavapaiensis</i>) – extirpated.	
Management Action: Manage landscape to ensure continued passage and	
connectivity for wildlife.	
Objective: Protect and monitor habitat that supports the Flat-tailed horned	
lizard, which may be present.	
Management Action: Continue to participate actively in the Interagency	
Coordinating Committee to coordinate the management of the Flat-tailed	
horned lizard and its habitat.	
Objective: Determine the effects of pesticide spraying on the Flat-tailed horned	
lizard.	
Management Action: Conduct study to assess effects of pesticides on the Flat-	
tailed horned lizard.	
Objective: Protect and monitor cultural resources listed in, or eligible for listing	Cultural Resources
	Cultural Resources
in, the National Register of Historic Places, including the Southwest Lake	
Cahuilla Recessional Shoreline Archaeological District.	
Management Action: Conduct cultural resource inventories in advance of any	
proposed uses which would involve new surface disturbance to ensure the	
continued integrity of sites listed in, or eligible for listing in, the National	
Register of Historic Places.	
Management Action: Coordinate monitoring efforts with the Navy to provide	
protection for cultural resources within the ACEC.	
Management Action: Conduct patrols and surveillance.	
Objective: Ensure the ACEC is closed to the public.	Trails and Travel
Management Action: Install and maintain signage to inform the public of the	Management
	ivialiagement
closure and regulations.	
Management Action: Increase compliance.	
Objective: To keep the general recreating public out due to unexploded	Recreation
ordinance.	

Allowable Uses: No allowable uses. This ACEC is closed to the public.	
Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of resources in the	
area.	
Management Action: Install and maintain signage.	
Objective: Prohibit target shooting.	
Management Action: patrol, signage, additional access restrictions, as needed	
Allowable Uses: No allowable uses. This ACEC is closed to the public.	Rights of Way
Allowable Uses: No allowable uses. This ACEC is closed to the public.	Renewable Energy
Geothermal: ACECs are closed to geothermal leasing and development unless	
they overlap with a DFA where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap,	
ACECs are open to geothermal leasing with an NSO stipulation.	
Objective: Restrict public access. Prevent exploration and development of	Locatable Minerals
locatable and saleable minerals.	Mineral Materials
Allowable Uses: No allowable uses. This ACEC is closed to the public.	Non-Energy Leasable
Management Action: Restrict mineral entry by ensuring that no mining claims	
are filed on public land within the Salton Sea Test Base.	









Salton Sea Hazardous ACEC

Alternative 1

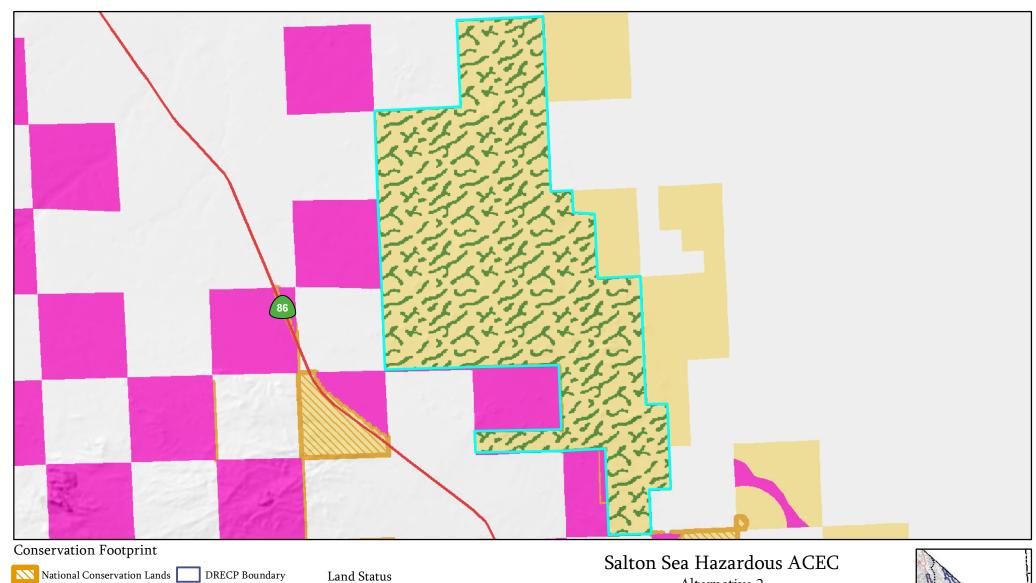
8/25/2015

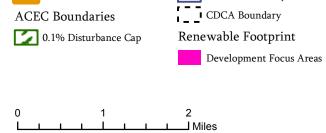












Alternative 2

8/26/2015

Draft Map Boundaries Subject to Change

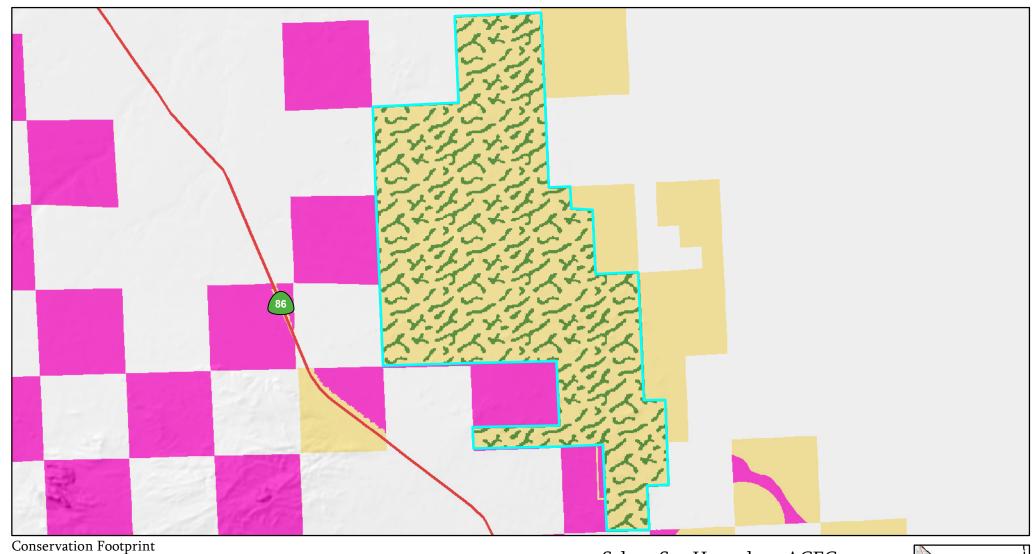


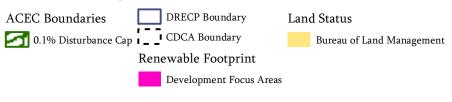


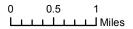




Bureau of Land Management







Salton Sea Hazardous ACEC

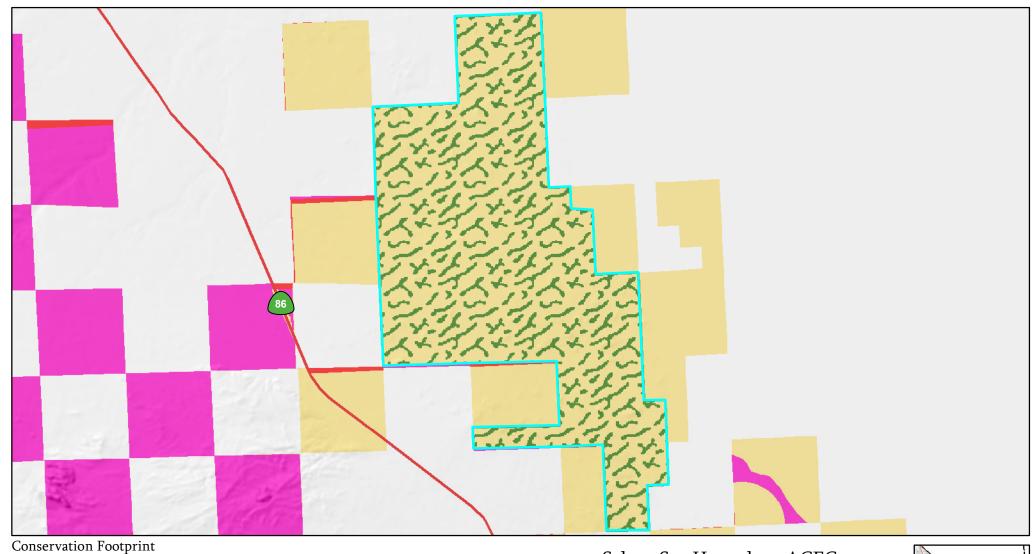
Alternative 3 8/27/2015

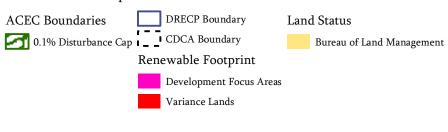












Salton Sea Hazardous ACEC Alternative 4

8/27/2015









San Sebastian Marsh-San Felipe Creek

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location: The San Sebastian Marsh-San Felipe Creek ACEC and proposed conservation lands are located in western Imperial County, bounded on the north by Highway 78, on the east by State Highway 86, on the southeast by the Superstition Hills and on the south and west by Lower Borrego Valley.

Nationally Significant Values:

Cultural: The proposed conservation lands and ACEC hold a rich history of human occupation. Prehistoric and historic use centered on the marsh environment which represented a stable water source in a desert environment. Prehistoric archaeological sites eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) including villages, temporary campsites and trails are located within this ACEC. The Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail also passes through this ACEC and one of the important campsites that Anza used is located here.

Ecological: The conservation lands and ACEC are the only designated Critical Habitat for the federally listed endangered desert pupfish and the perennial stream and salt marsh habitat justify it as nationally important. Other special status species can be found at San Sebastian Marsh-San Felipe Creek, including the flat-tailed horned lizard. The conservation lands would provide connectivity with the proposed West Mesa conservation lands to the south.

Scientific: Prehistoric and historic archaeological sites with scientific information potential that make them eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within this ACEC.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: ACEC Plan No. 61, 12/01/1986

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

Biological: San Felipe Creek/San Sebastian Marsh provides a corridor of unique and highly valuable habitat. The portion of the stream between Tarantula Wash and Harper's Well Wash is spring fed and perennial. Even in the driest years, a series of interrupted pools persists. Six primary habitat types occur within the ACEC. These include marsh, creosote bush scrub, mesquite woodland, mesquite dune, alkali sink scrub, and wash community.

National Historic and Scenic Trails: This unit overlaps a portion of the Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail.

Overarching Goals: Protect the wildlife, habitat and cultural resource values of the San Sebastian March-San Felipe Creek ACEC while providing for compatible public uses. Provide for sustained water flow in the San Felipe watershed.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it

will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

Designation and Acreage by Alternative:

Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	6,500	0	NA
Preferred Alternative	6,500	6,500	0	1%
1	6,400	6,500	0	1%
2	0	6,500	0	1%
3	6,500	6,500	0	1%
4	6,500	6,500	0	1%

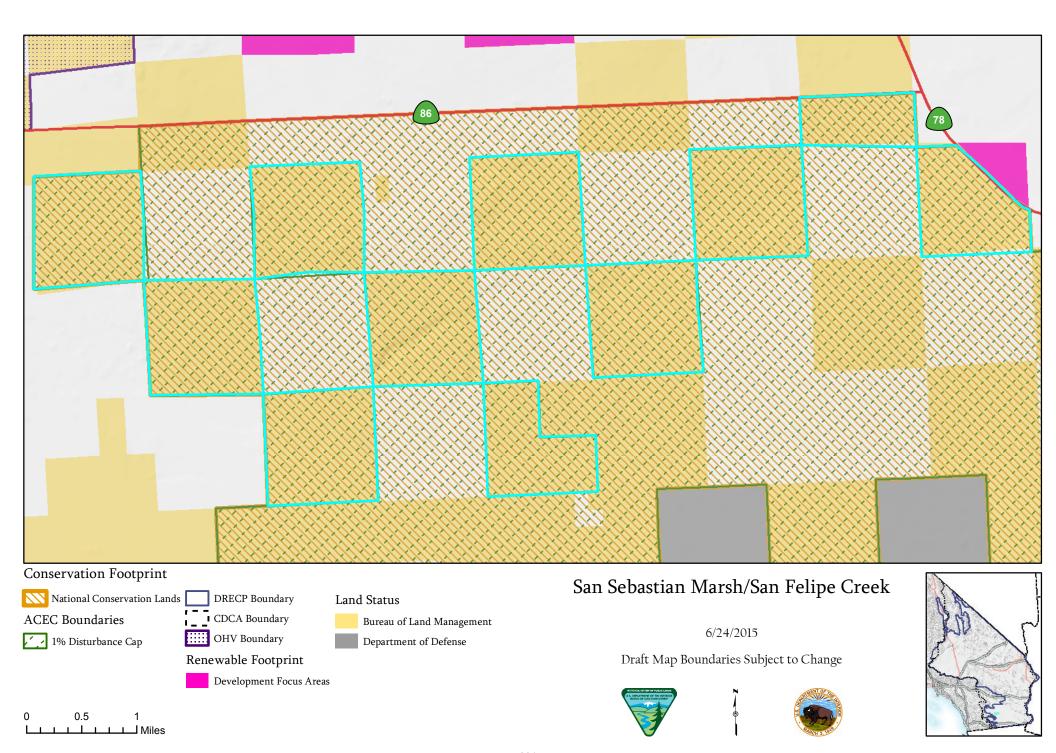
^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

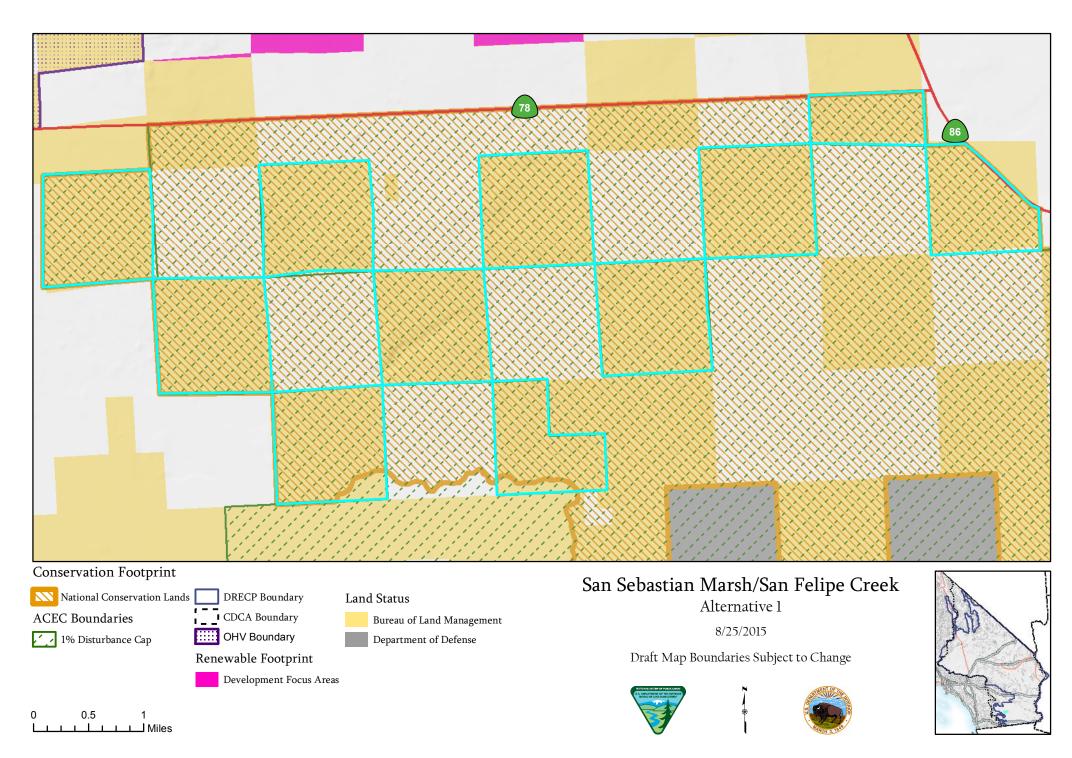
Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Objective: Minimize soil disturbance.	Soil, water, air
Objective: Develop a watershed hydrology model for San Felipe Creek to determine effects of factors such as agriculture, precipitation, plant invasions, flooding and seismicity on marsh habitat and stream flow Management Action: Gather hydrology data needed to create models Objective: Maintain and enhance native aquatic species and their habitats of special management concern	
Management Actions: Enhance aquatic habitats. Install and maintain wildlife guzzler.	
guzzier.	
Objective: Manage the ACEC with the standards for CO, H2S, visibility-reducing particles, and attainment for other criteria in accordance with the standards set by the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District.	
Management Actions: Coordinate with the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District.	
Six primary habitat types occur within the ACEC. These include marsh, creosote	Vegetation (incl. special
bush scrub, mesquite woodland, mesquite dune, alkali sink scrub, and wash community.	status species)
Community.	
Objective: Protect the following sensitive plant species from unnatural ground disturbance:	
Salton Milk-Vetch (Astragalus crotalariae) (CNPS 4.3)	

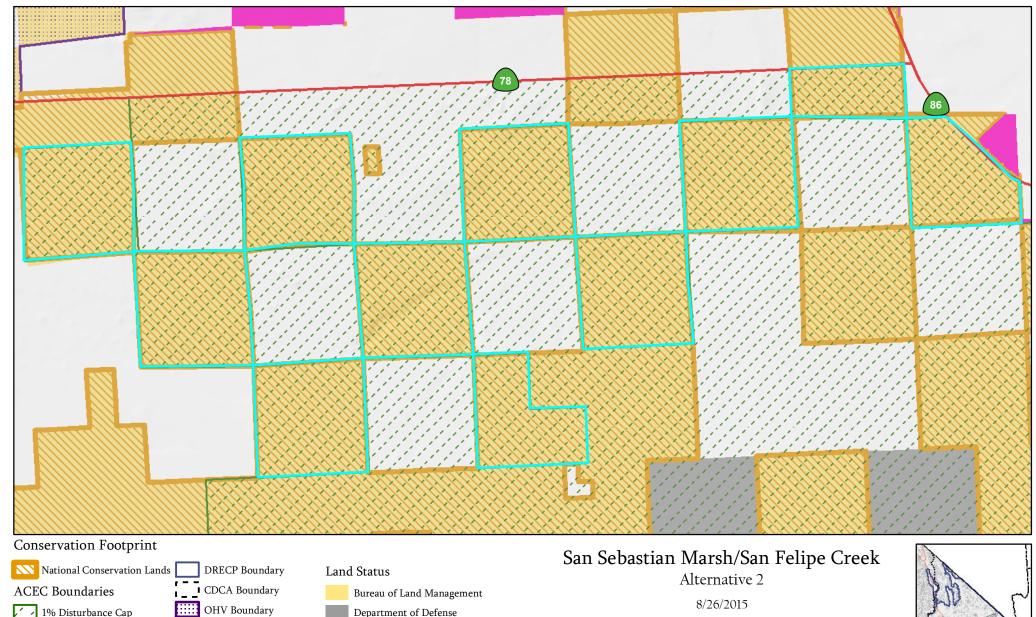
Gravel Milk-Vetch (Astragalus sabulonum) (CNPS 2.2)	
Parish's Club-Cholla (Grusonia parishii) (CNPS 2.2)	
Wiggins' Cholla (Opuntia wigginsii) (CNPS 2.2)	
Thurber's Pilostyles (<i>Pilostyles thurberi</i>) (CNPS 4.3)	
Pholisma sonorae ?	
Objective: Control exotic vegetation and promote native vegetation	
Management Action: Develop a restoration plan with the California	
Department of Fish and Game for the San Felipe watershed that includes	
removing of salt cedar (no burning), replacing the tamarisk-occupied area with	
native riparian shrubs and trees (mesquite especially), and envisions landscape	
connectivity between the ACEC the BLM lands in the headwaters of the	
watershed;	
Management Action: Initiate a program of land acquisition of tamarisk-infested	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
lands upstream of the ACEC to remove tamarisk, revegetate with native	
species, and halt downstream spread of tamarisk into the current ACEC;	
Management Action: Work with the other public lands managers in the San	
Felipe Creek watershed on landscape-level planning to improve the ecological	
function of the watershed and to enhance the native vegetation.	
Special Status Species:	Fish and Wildlife (incl.
Desert Pupfish (Cyprinidon macularius)	special status species)
Colorado Valley Woodrat (Neotoma albigula venusta)	
Flat-tailed horned lizard	
Crissal Thrasher	
Le Conte's Thrasher	
Loggerhead Shrike (Lanius Iudovicianus)	
Southern Leopard Frog (Rana yavapaiensis) - extirpated	
Objective: Determine the composition of wildlife and plant species resident	
within the ACEC.	
Management Action: Perform wildlife inventories for comparison with the UC-	
Santa Cruz 1982 inventory.	
Objective: Control exotic aquatic wildlife species where they are detrimental to	
native species, especially Gambusia affinis.	
Management Action: Install a fish barrier east of Highway 86	
Wanagement Action. Install a lish barrier east of Highway ou	
Objective: Improve native wildlife habitat	
Management Action: Install a freshwater pond for the southern leopard frog	
and desert pupfish and reintroduce a population of the frog into enhanced	
habitat	
Management Action: Install wildlife guzzlers outside the riparian zone of the	
creek and marsh.	
	Cultural Resources
See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in	Cultural Resources
general cultural resources rules.	
Objectives Dreside for the protection of highly as well-in a subsequent	
Objective: Provide for the protection of highly sensitive cultural resources.	
Management Action: Perform route restoration to erase illegal routes.	

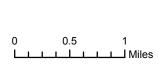
Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform route	
restoration as needed.	
Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of resources in the	
area. Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV	
Routes.	
Management Action: Nominate the significant sites or potential district to the	
NRHP.	
Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable	
traditional practitioners regarding the cultural resource values present within	
the ACEC.	
Objective: Increase public awareness of the cultural resources values within	
the ACEC.	
Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks at various	
appropriate locations within the ACEC.	
Objective: Monitor the known significant archaeological sites and record new	
sites that may exist within the ACEC.	
Management Action: Work with local and national archaeological and historical organizations and institutions to develop partnerships to enable	
proactive survey and recordation.	
Management Action: Apply for grant or other funding to pay for the studies.	
Wanagement Action. Apply for grant of other fariating to pay for the statics.	
Objective: Evaluate the need for stabilization projects to retard erosional	
processes within the ACEC that may be negatively affecting the prehistoric	
village sites.	
Objective: Promote cultural history of the ACEC.	National Trails
Management Action: Coordinate with NPS on the management of the Juan	
Bautista de Anza NHT	
Management Action: Implement the Juan Bautista de Anza NHT Management	
Plan.	
Management Action: Comply with the NHT CMAs.	Visual Resources
Objective: Protect characteristic landscape of the marsh, and particularly the historic landscape surrounding the Anza NHT and related historic sites.	Visual Resources
Thistoric landscape surrounding the Aliza With and related historic sites.	
Management Actions: Mitigate impacts to visual resources by applying	
appropriate techniques and prescriptions of appropriate VRM class.	
Objective: Manage the route of travel network to fulfill requirements of the	Trails and Travel
original CDCA Plan and the WECO Plan Amendment.	Management
Management Action: Provide signage and maps to the public to inform them of	_
route locations and regulations.	
Management Action: Increase compliance with route of travel network.	
Management Action: Create barriers as necessary and monitor the creation of	
illegal routes. Perform route restoration as needed.	
Management Action: Coordinate with Border Patrol as to the sensitivity of the	
area. Educate agents about the fragile resources and the damage they can do	
by driving off route unnecessarily.	

Objective: Promote public understanding of ACEC values and encourage	Recreation
compliance.	
Management Action: Increase compliance visits to the area.	
Management Action: Install signage and update kiosk. Provide maps to the public to inform them of route locations and regulations.	
public to inform them of route locations and regulations.	
Objective: Promote dispersed recreational activities in this area which would	
include sight-seeing, hiking, and bird watching.	
Management Action: Create a watchable wildlife site.	
Objective: Protect resource values of the ACEC	Rights of Way
Management Action: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and	
amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they	
are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals.	
Existing ROWs: CalTrans material site ROW	
All but 640 acres leased for oil and gas. When the leases expire, the BLM will	
not renew them.	
Objective 1: Manage ACEC collaboratively with the California Department of	Land Tenure
Fish and Wildlife.	
Objective 2: Consolidate through tenure adjustment.	
Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests	
from willing sellers.	
Available for geothermal leasing, no surface occupancy	Renewable Energy
Objective: Permit mineral development in the ACEC with stipulations to	Locatable Minerals
minimize impact on resources.	Mineral Materials
Allowable Uses: Geothermal Leasing. Mineral leasing with stipulations.	Non-Energy Leasables
Management Actions: Close coordination to ensure mineral and energy	
development has minimal impact on wildlife, habitat and cultural resources.	
Allow geothermal leasing with no surface occupancy.	









Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

1% Disturbance Cap

8/26/2015

Draft Map Boundaries Subject to Change

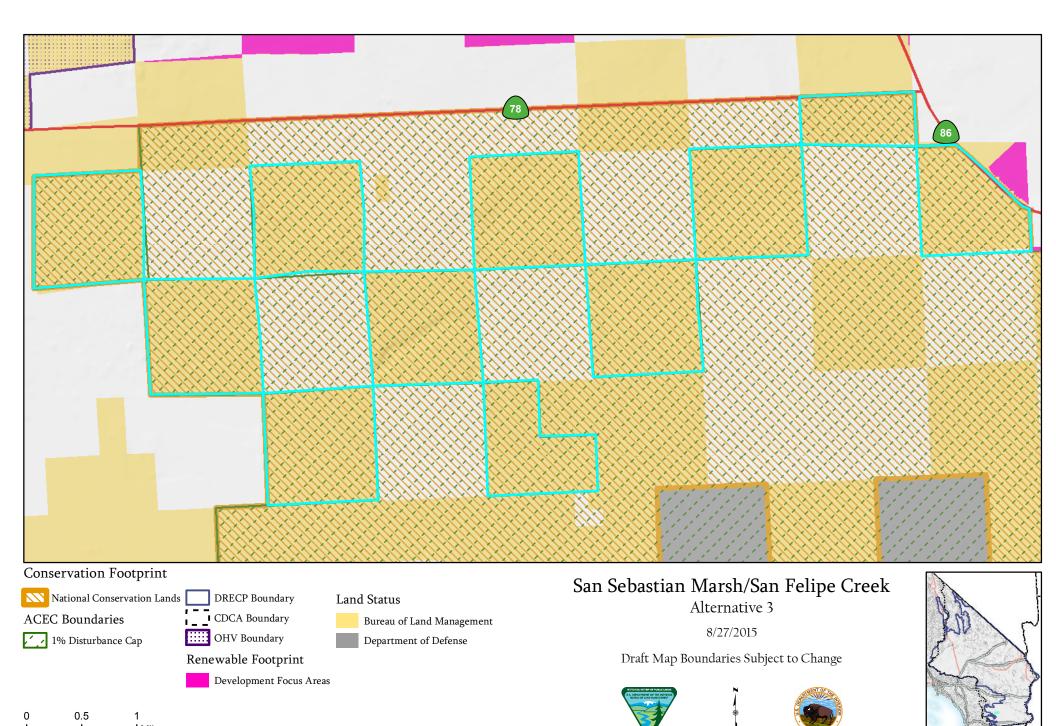


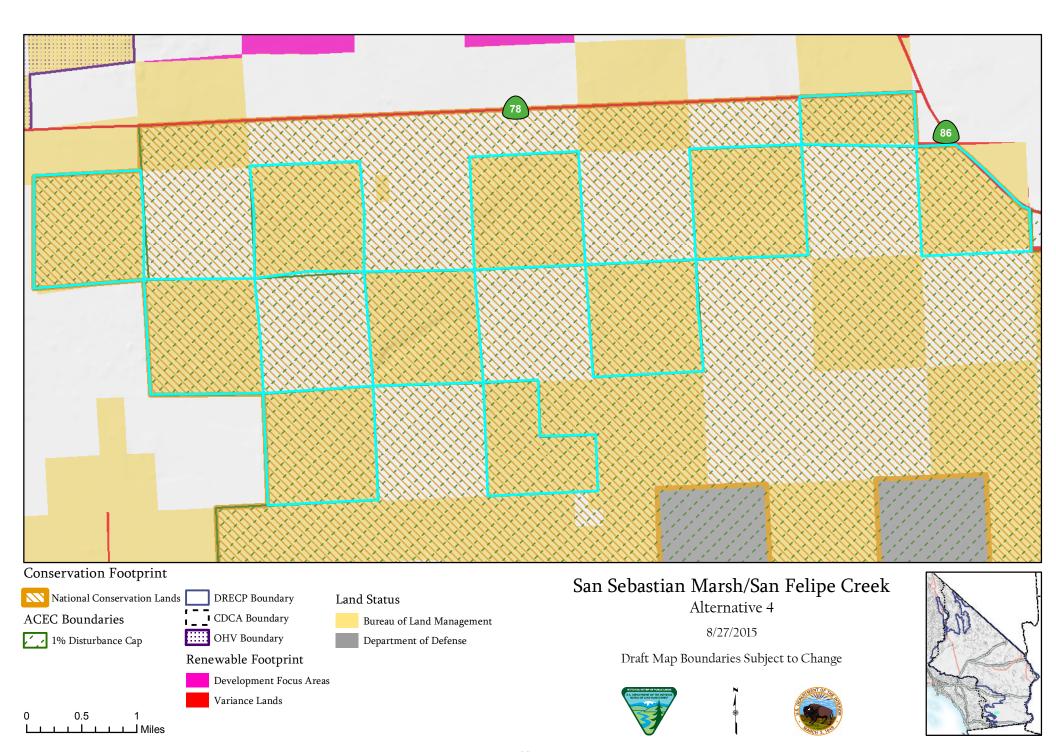


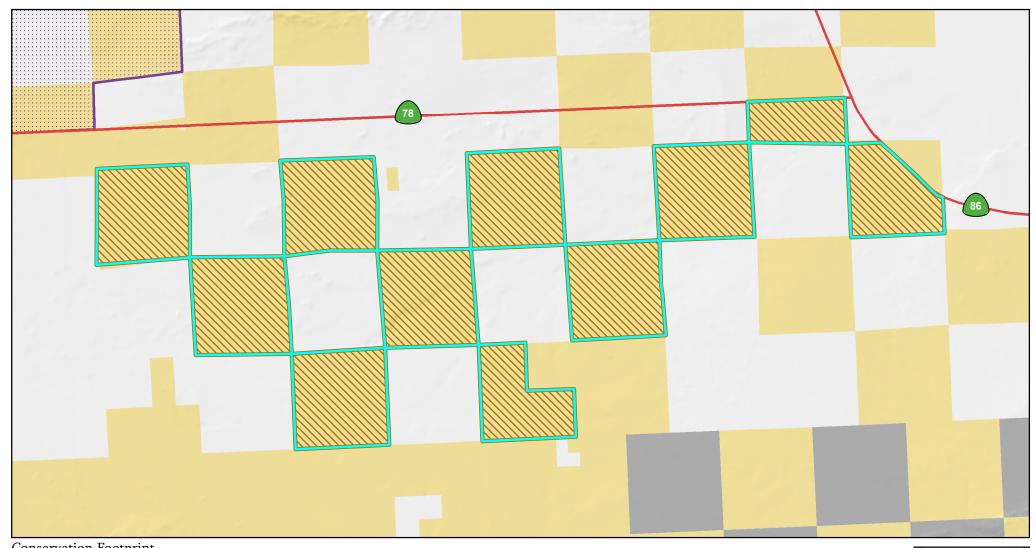




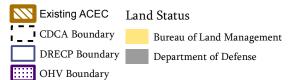
Department of Defense







Conservation Footprint



San Sebastian Marsh/San Felipe Creek No Action

9/15/2015









Shoreline

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location: This proposed new conservation land and discontinuous ACEC has portions located both east and west of El Centro, California. One segment is located north of the Fish Creek Wilderness area, and two segments are located to the east of farmlands north of Highway 78.

Nationally Significant Values:

Cultural: Rare and unique archaeological values exist within the proposed conservation lands and the ACEC. These lands include several large archaeological sites that contain dense accumulations of ceramics, hearths, stone tools, and features that are associated with the shoreline of ancient Lake Cahuilla which has repeatedly in-filled over the last thousand years. These sites contain evidence of habitation, food preparation, early trade, lake-shore adaption and socio-religious practices, giving us insight into prehistoric human behavior. Areas and landmarks of traditional religious and spiritual concern to Native Americans are located in and visible from the ACEC. Prehistoric archaeological sites listed in and eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within this ACEC.

Scientific: Prehistoric archaeological sites with scientific information potential that make them eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within this ACEC. This ACEC also contains significant paleontological resources, including the Palm Springs Formation.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: No previous special designation.

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

Cultural: The Shoreline ACEC contains cultural resources which require special management attention. Sensitive archaeological sites are potentially endangered from uncontrolled sand and gravel removal, offroad vehicle use, and other forms of activity.

Archaeological values within each ACEC are rare and unique in character. The ecological environment of Lake Cahuilla was not duplicated elsewhere in the California Desert. In fact, the circumstances which led to repeated fillings of Lake Cahuilla may not exist elsewhere in the world. Consequently, Lake Cahuilla archaeology provides us with a rare glimpse into prehistoric human behavior which can contribute to our knowledge of our varied cultural heritage.

Overarching Goals: Protect and enhance cultural and paleontological values while complying with existing legislation and BLM policies. Provide for compatible uses.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

Designation and	Acreage by Alternative:			
Alternative**	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
Preferred Alternative	11,620	11,620	0	0.10%
1	0	35,800	0	0.10%
2	33,800	33,800	0	0.10%
3	16,700	35,600	0	0.10%
4	12,400	29,200	0	0.10%

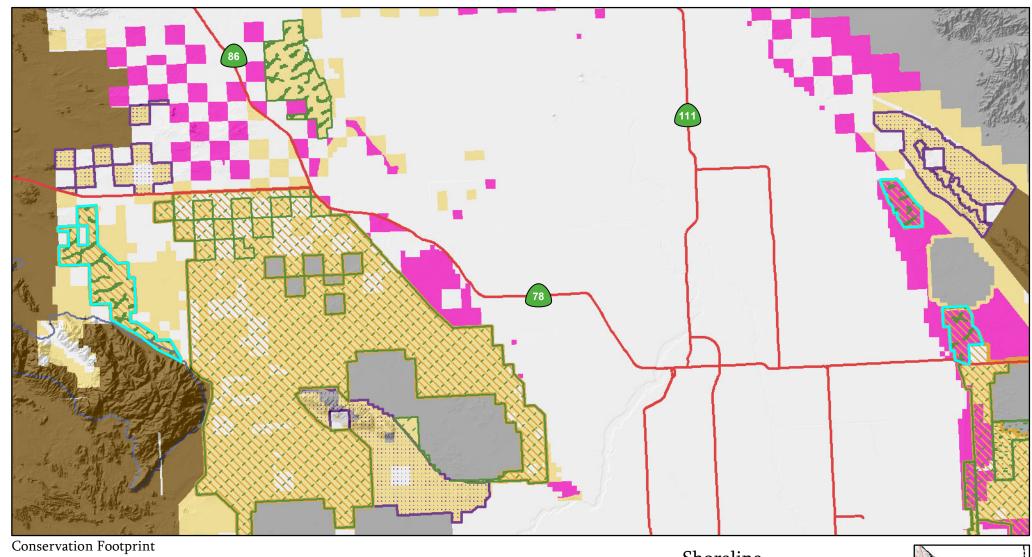
^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

^{**} Acreage in Alternatives 1, 2, 3, 4 reflect this proposed ACEC being an expansion and part of the Lake Cahuilla ACEC in the Draft EIS. The proposed Shoreline ACEC has been separated from the existing Lake Cahuilla ACEC for the Final Preferred Alternative.

Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
The Shoreline ACEC lies largely within a Creosote bush	Vegetation (incl. special
scrub plant community. Major plant species in the area include creosote (Larrea tridentata), Mormon tea (Ephedra trifurca), and saltbush (Atriplex canescens). The area is also dotted with small numbers of honey mesquite dunes (Prosopis gland ulosa). BLM Special Status Plants include Sand food and the Algodones Dunes sunflower.	status species)
Objective: Protect and enhance robust populations of both rare and common native plants.	
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV routes.	
Management Action: Place signs, kiosks and interpretive information at key recreational sites to better inform the public about the important plant resources.	
Management Action: Eradicate and control the spread of invasive and noxious weeds.	
Objective: Update a baseline of plant species to track environmental changes. Management Action: Inventory vascular and non-vascular plants, include soil crust species, in the ACEC.	
The Shoreline ACEC contains three primary habitat types:	Fish and Wildlife (incl.
creosote bush scrub, mesquite dunes, and canal-created	special status species)
riparian zones. Wildlife diversity is greatest in the	
artificial riparian areas. The primary species of special management concern	

are the state and Federally listed endangered Yuma clapper rail and the California black rail. The latter species is State listed and a candidate for Federal listing. The flat-tailed horned lizard, a candidate for Federal listing, likely occurs in the ACEC. Additionally, seven bird species included on the 1982 Audubon Society Blue List of diminishing species occur or potentially occur within the Shoreline ACEC. These include the sharp-shinned hawk, marsh hawk, Swainson's hawk, long-billed curlew, Bewick's wren, loggerhead shrike, and yellow warbler. Objective: Maintain wildlife habitat that supports native species including that of special status species. Management Action: Monitor wildlife for habitat and population change.	
Within the flat-tailed horned lizard Management Area, follow the Range-wide	
Management Strategy.	
See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in general cultural resources rules.	Cultural Resources
Objective: Protect and preserve cultural resources within and visible from the ACEC.	
Management Action: Develop interpretive programs and brochures that explain cultural resources.	
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV Routes.	
Management Action: Perform route restoration to erase illegal routes. Management Action: Increase compliance with cultural resource protection Management Action: Nominate the district for listing in the NRHP.	
Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks to ensure the public is aware of restrictions as well as provide interpretation about ancient Lake Cahuilla.	
Objective: Expand our understanding of the nature, variety, and complexity of cultural resources within the Shoreline ACEC.	
Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable traditional practitioners regarding the cultural resource values present within	
the ACEC.	
Management Action: Work with local archaeological organizations and institutions to develop partnerships to enable proactive survey and	
recordation.	
Management Action: Apply for grant or other funding to pay for contracting.	
Objective: Ensure the general management and protection of paleontological resources within the ACEC.	Paleontology
Management Action: Manage and protect fossil resources consistent with the Paleontological Resources Preservation Act and the Omnibus Act.	
Management Action: Develop plans and cooperative agreements to increase	
the inventory and scientific and educational use of paleontological resources.	
Management Action: Prohibit casual collection of vertebrate fossils without a permit.	

Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks to ensure the public is aware of restrictions as well as provide general education about the unique and important resources. Management Action: Develop interpretive programs and brochures that explain Lake Cahuilla paleontology.	
Objective: Manage the route of travel network to fulfill requirements of the original CDCA Plan and the WECO Plan Amendment. Management Action: Provide signage and maps to the public to inform them of route locations and regulations. Management Action: Increase BLM personnel visits to the area. Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform route restoration as needed.	Trails and Travel Management
Objective: Protect archaeological sites from physical degradation. Management Action: Prohibit camping except in sand and gravel pits and within 300' of center line feet of approved routes of travel, as per the WECO plan. Continue to monitor existing recreational opportunities (hunting, target shooting etc.). Management Action: Increase patrols and other BLM personnel visits to the area. Management Action: Provide signage and maps to the public to inform them of route locations and regulations.	Recreation
Avoid impacts to resource values. Limit linear ROWs to designated transmission corridors.	Rights of Way
No development Objective: Maintain integrity of large blocks of habitat Allowable Uses: Not an allowable use. Renewable energy development is not compatible with NLCS and ACEC unit values and criteria, except as identified below Geothermal: ACECs are closed to geothermal leasing and development unless they overlap with a DFA where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap, ACECs are open to geothermal leasing with an NSO stipulation with the exception of existing and approved leases.	Renewable Energy
Objective: Permit economic resource development in a way to maximize value without jeopardizing cultural resources. Allowable uses: Oil and gas and geothermal exploration with stipulations. Mining activities would be allowed with appropriate analysis and mitigation. Limited material sales	Locatable Minerals Mineral Materials Non-Energy Leasables



Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas DRECP Boundary CDCA Boundary National Conservation Lands **ACEC Boundaries** OHV Boundary Renewable Footprint 0.1% Disturbance Cap 1% Disturbance Cap Development Focus Areas ACEC, No DisturbCap

Miles لـــــــ

Shoreline

8/13/2015

Draft Map Boundaries Subject to Change





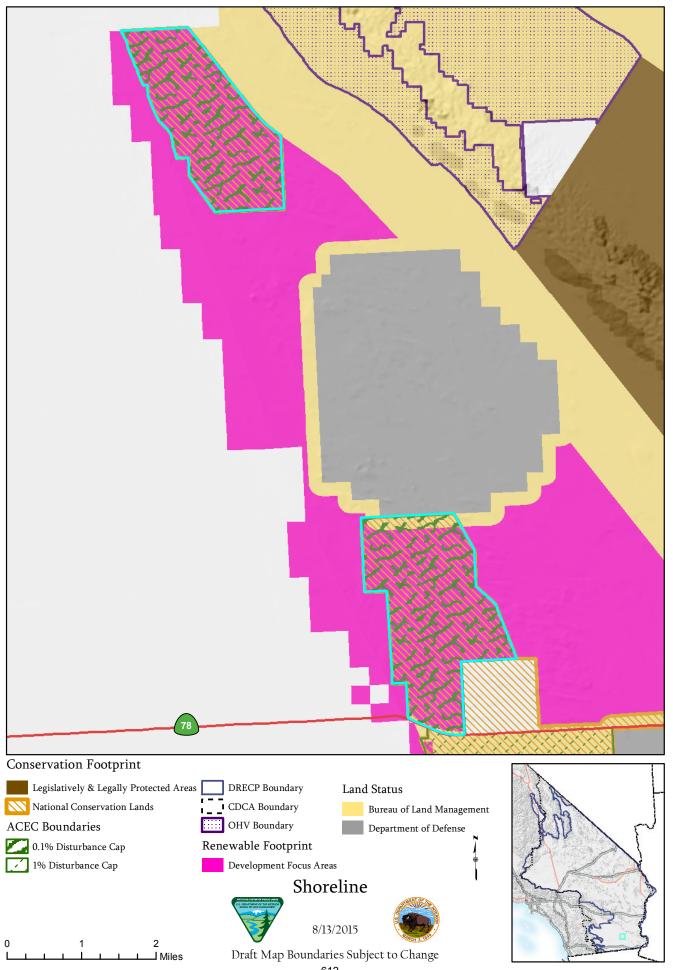


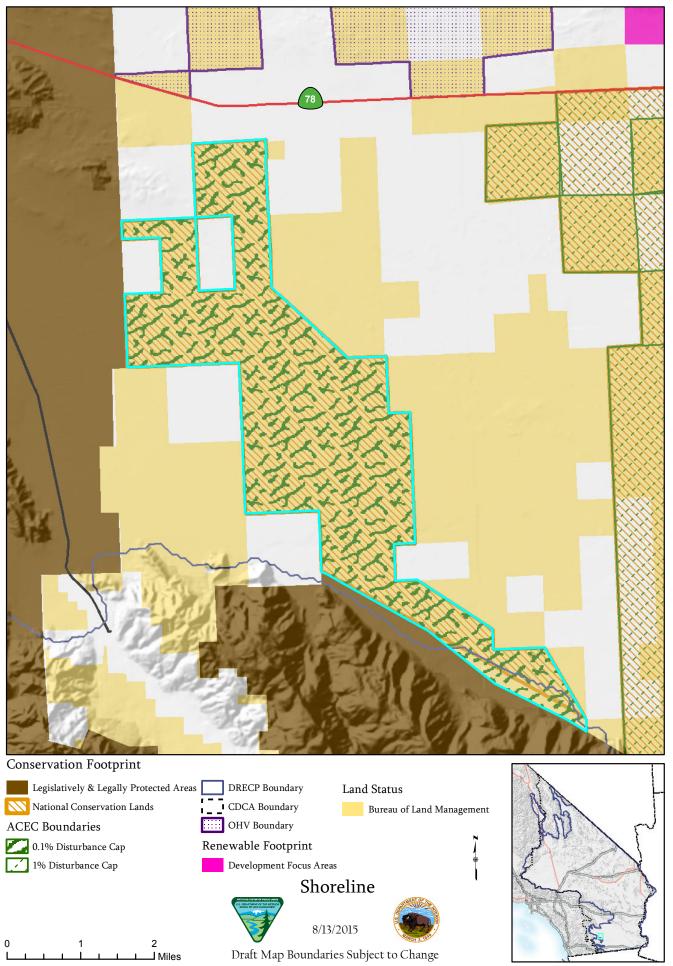


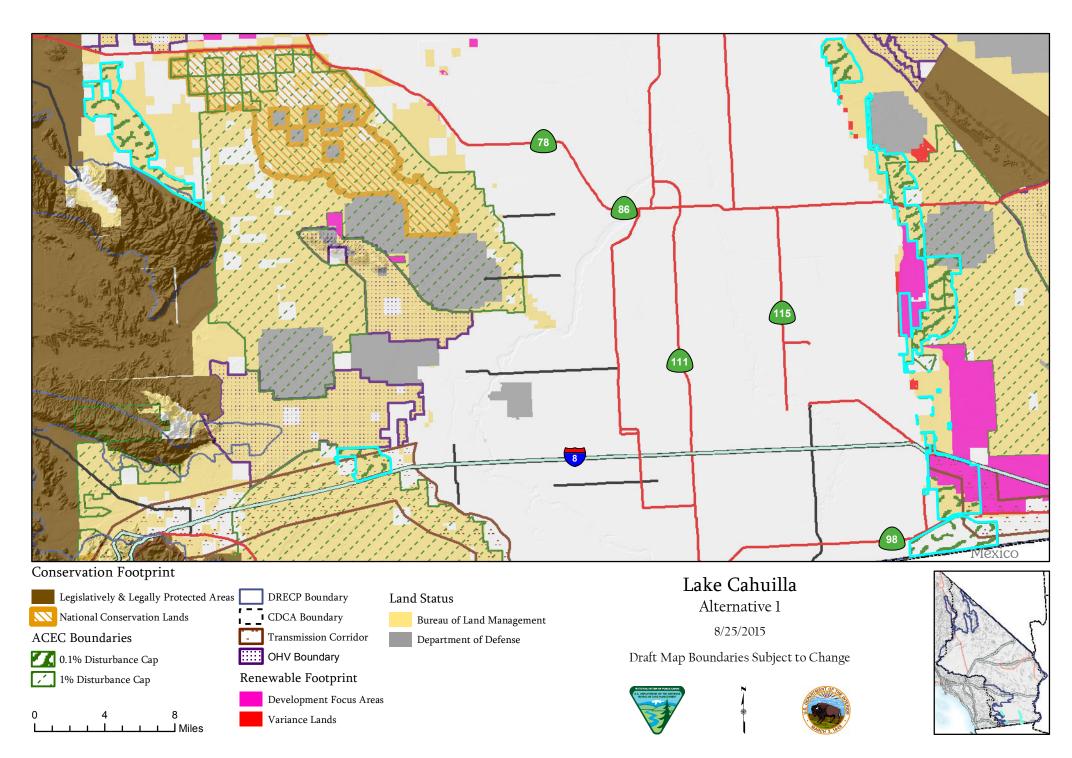
Land Status

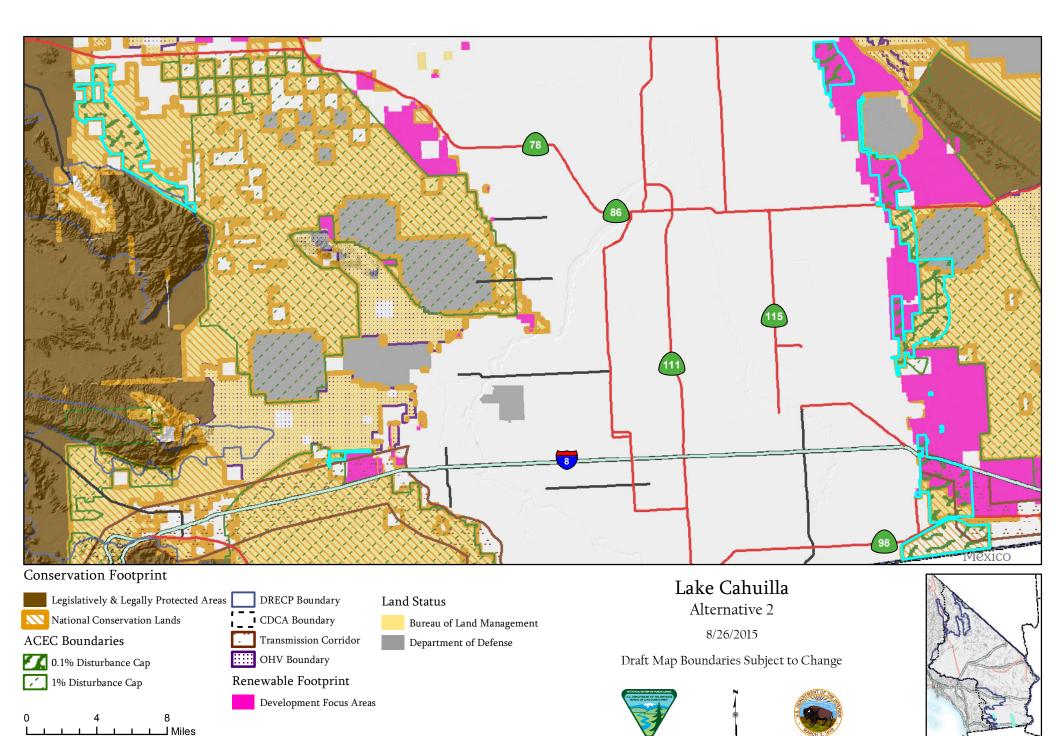
Bureau of Land Management

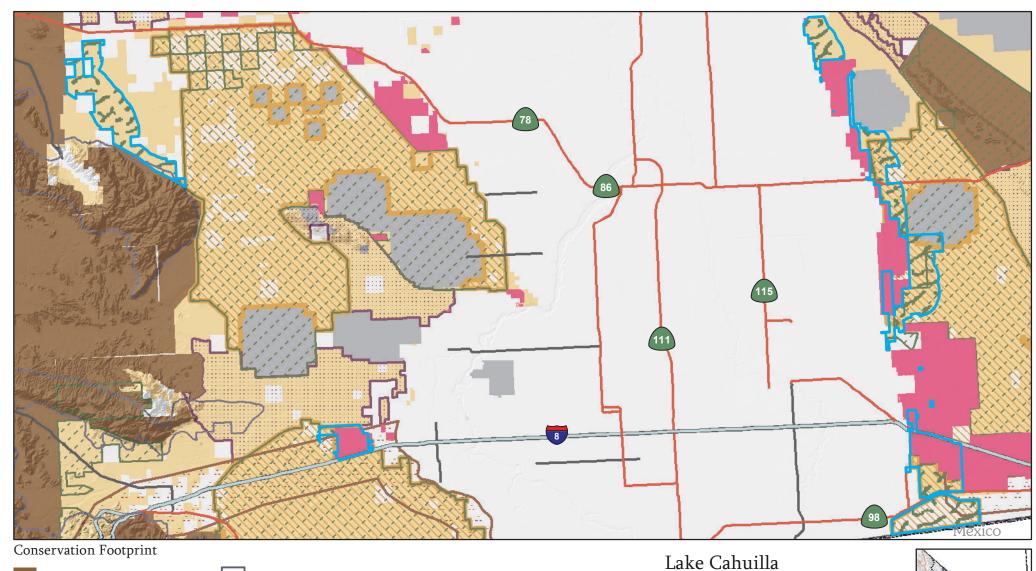
Department of Defense













Alternative 3

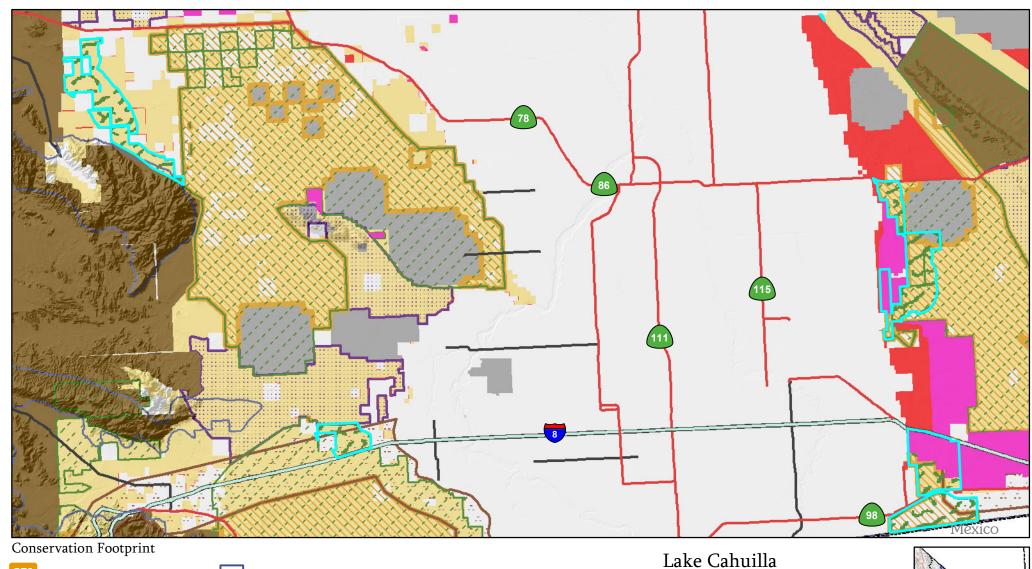
8/26/2015











National Conservation Lands

Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas CDCA Boundary

ACEC Boundaries

0.1% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap



Variance Lands

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management Department of Defense



Alternative 4

8/27/2015





Singer Geoglyphs (Gold Basin-Rand Intaglios)

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location: The Singer Geoglyphs ACEC is located in central Imperial County, approximately 33 miles east of Brawley, California. It is south of the Mesquite Gold Mine and Highway 78.

Nationally Significant Values:

Cultural: This unit contains a significant type of prehistoric archaeological site, geoglyphs (also known as intaglios), that are extremely susceptible to disturbance. The Singer Geoglyphs have been determined eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) as one component of a thematic nomination. This provides the Singer Geoglyphs with formal federal recognition, considered nationally significant because of their rarity and unique expression of Native American culture.

Scientific: Potential scientific research opportunities are also present. Archaeologists generally consider geoglyphs to represent physical manifestations of mythological or cosmological aspects of Native American culture. Ground figures go well beyond the usual study of stone tools and ceramic fragments into the very ethnic fabric of prehistoric people. Prehistoric archaeological sites with scientific information potential that make them eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within this unit.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: ACEC Plan No. 67, 08/08/1986

Relevance and Importance Criteria: This area was designated to protect archaeological resources including culturally important geoglyphs, This ACEC also contains the fairy duster plant, considered by the California Native Plant Society to be a rare/endangered species in California.

Overarching Goals: To protect and preserve to the greatest extent possible representative samples of the full array of the CDCA's cultural and paleontological resources for the benefit of the scientific and sociocultural use by present and future generations.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

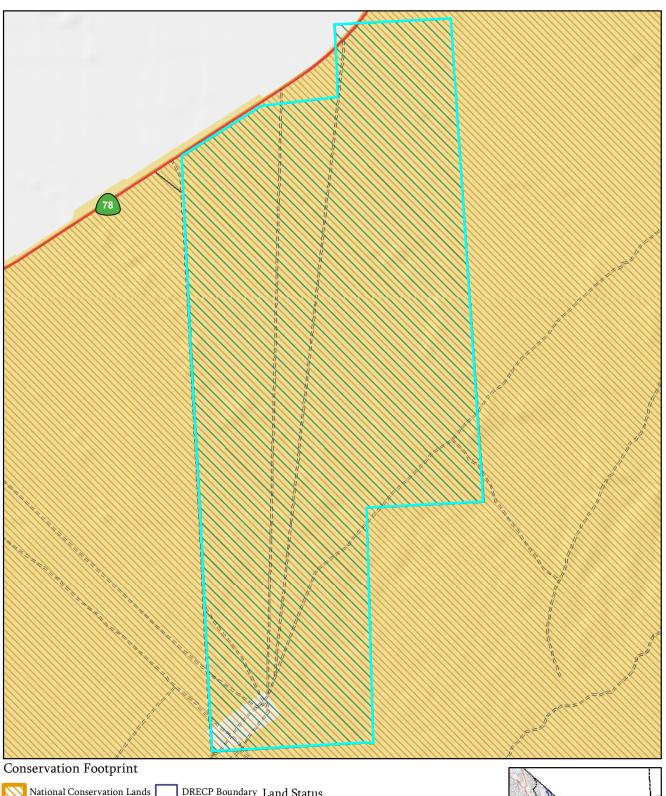
Designation and Acreage by Alternative:				
Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	1,900	0	NA
Preferred Alternative	1,900	1,900	0	0.5%
1	0	1,900	0	1%
2	1,900	1,900	0	0.5, 1%
3	1,900	1,900	0	0.5, 1%
4	0	1,900	0	0.5, 1%

^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

Objectives (desired future conditions)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Objective: Minimize soil disturbance.	Soil, water, air
Objective: Minimize disturbance to washes that would result in negative ecological consequences to wildlife and plant communities dependent upon them. Management Action: Monitor to ensure materials are not being dumped directly into washes.	
Objective: Protect air quality and visibility standards in accordance with the Southeast Desert Air Basin nonattainment standards. Management Action: Coordinate with the California Environmental Protection Agency Air Resources Board.	
Objective: Manage the ACEC within the standards for visibility-reducing particles, and attainment for other criteria in accordance with the standards set by the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District. Management Action: Coordinate with the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District.	
Vegetation within the ACEC conforms to drainage patterns. The terraces upon which the geoglyphs have been fashioned largely lack plant life. Sandy washes, however, hold an abundant display and variety of desert plants. These include palo verde, ironwood, ocotillo, barrel cactus, cholla, brittle bush, creosote, and a number of others. The fairy duster is the only sensitive species. This is considered by the California Native Plant Society to be rare or endangered in California, although it is more common elsewhere.	Vegetation – Including special status species

Objective: Maintain robust populations of rare native plants.	
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV	
routes.	
Management Action: Eradicate and control the spread of invasive and noxious	
weeds.	
Objective: Update the baseline of plant species to track environmental	
changes.	
Management Action: Inventory vascular and non-vascular plants, include soil	
crust species, in the ACEC.	
The faunal community is typical of the lower Colorado Desert. Common	Fish and Wildlife -
species include zebra-tailed lizard, roundtail ground squirrel, coyote, black-	Including special status
tailed gnatcatcher, white-crowned sparrow, and blacktail jackrabbit. Kit fox are	species
also present, and the area is used occasionally by burro mule deer. The species	
of highest management concern is the desert tortoise which also has been	
found to warrant inclusion by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service on its	
Endangered Species list. The	
tortoise is present in low numbers in the ACEC.	
Objective: Maintain and enhance habitat that supports native wildlife; Desert	
Tortoise, Mule Deer, Bighorn Sheep.	
Management Action: Monitor wildlife for habitat and population change.	
Management Action: Allow construction of wildlife waters as appropriate.	
Objective: Manage landscape to ensure wildlife passage and connectivity	
between wildlife populations.	
between whame populations:	
See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in	Cultural Resources
general cultural resources rules.	
Objective: Provide for the protection of the highly sensitive geoglyphs.	
Management Action: Monitor and maintain the fences that enclose the	
geoglyphs.	
Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform route	
restoration as needed.	
Management Action: Conduct patrols and surveillance.	
Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV	
Routes.	
Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable	
traditional practitioners regarding the cultural resource values present within	
the ACEC.	
Objective: Manage the route of travel network to fulfill requirements of the	Trails and Travel
original CDCA Plan and the NECO Plan Amendment.	Management

Management Action: Provide signage and maps to the public to inform them of route locations and regulations. Management Action: Increase compliance Management Action: Monitor the creation of illegal routes and perform route restoration as needed.	
Objective: Encourage compliance with ACEC management recommendations Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of resources in the area.	Recreation
Management Action: Provide signage and maps to the public to inform them of route locations and regulations.	
Objective: Consolidate through tenure adjustment. Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests from willing sellers.	Land Tenure
Objective: Avoid disturbing sensitive species habitat and important cultural sites. Management Action 1: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals. Management Action 2: Limit energy transmission line ROWs to designated utility corridors.	Rights of Way
Not available for renewable energy. Geothermal: ACECs are closed to geothermal leasing and development unless they overlap with a DFA where geothermal is allowed. Where there is overlap, ACECs are open to geothermal leasing with an NSO stipulation.	Renewable Energy
Objective: Preserve geoglyphs and restrict surface disturbance around them. Allowable Uses: Limited additional mineral activity. Sand and gravel materials are present, but these are widely available throughout the broad alluvial fans emanating from the chocolate mountains. Management Action: Review any projects that would contribute to surface disturbance on a case by case basis.	Locatable Minerals Mineral Materials Non-Energy Leasables



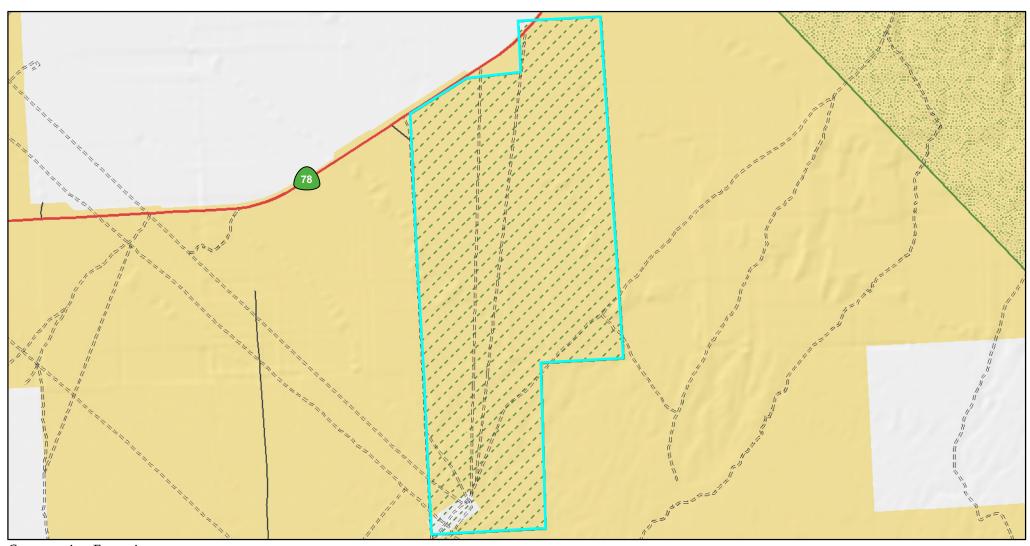


Singer Geoglyphs





0 0.25 0.5 L L L L Miles



Conservation Footprint

ACEC Boundaries

DRECP Boundary

Land Status

1% Disturbance Cap

CDCA Boundary

Bureau of Land Management

Wildlife Allocation

0 0.25 0.5

Singer Geoglyphs Alternative 1

8/25/2015













Singer Geoglyphs Alternative 2

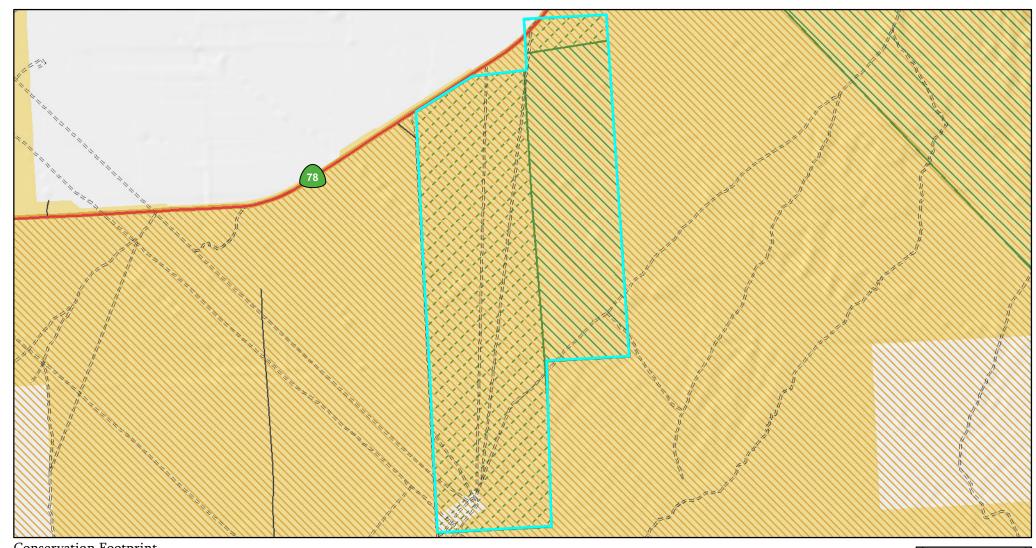
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Conservation Footprint

National Conservation Lands DRECP Boundary Land Status CDCA Boundary **ACEC Boundaries** Bureau of Land Management 0.5% Disturbance Cap

Miles

1% Disturbance Cap

Singer Geoglyphs Alternative 3

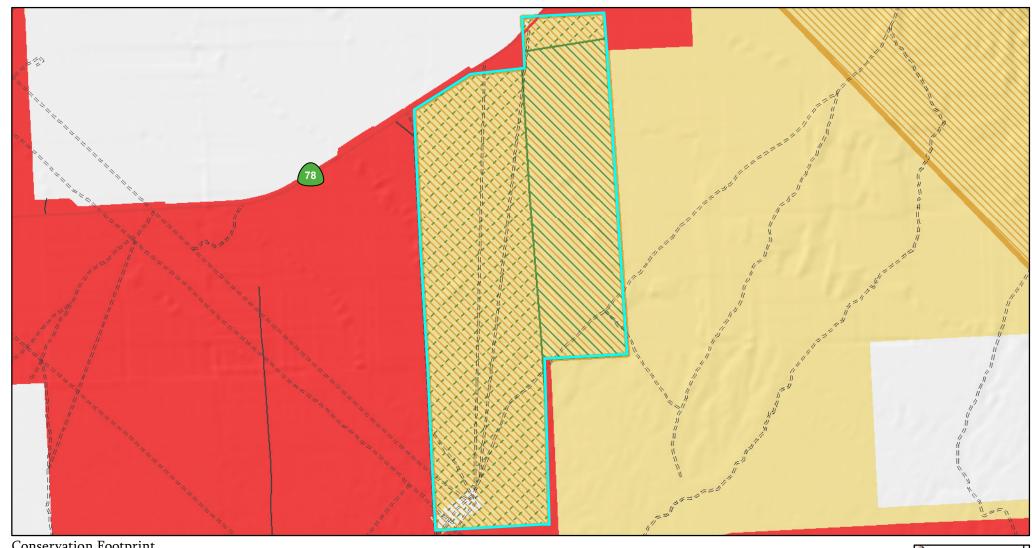
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Conservation Footprint



Singer Geoglyphs Alternative 4

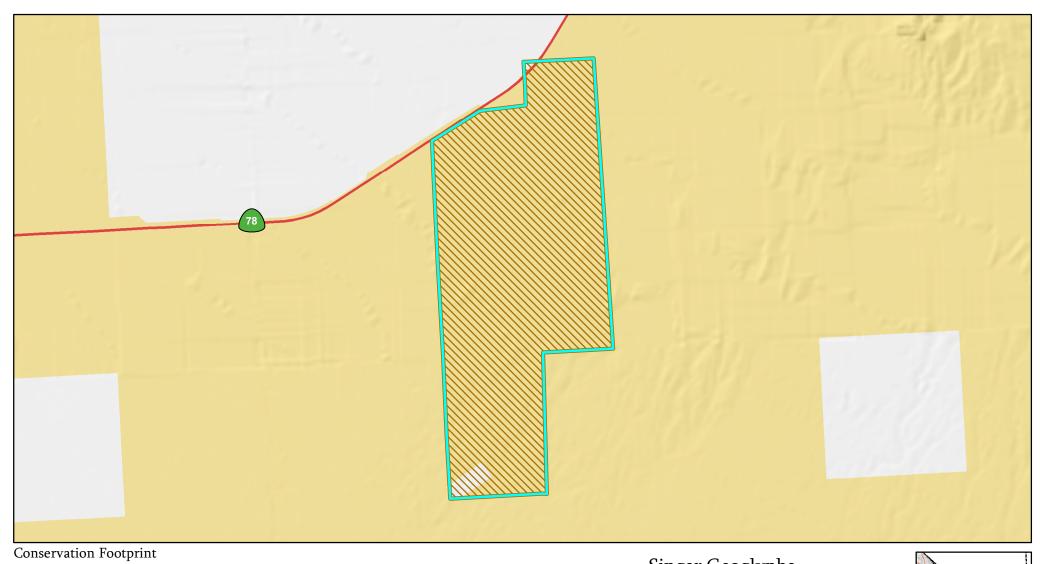
8/27/2015













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Singer Geoglyphs No Action

9/15/2015









West Mesa

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location – The existing West Mesa ACEC is located approximately eight miles north of Interstate 8, 18 miles west of Hwy 111, and eight miles south of Hwy 78. It is situated between the Fish Creek Mountain Wilderness and Plaster City Open OHV Recreation Area.

Nationally Significant Values:

Cultural: The proposed conservation lands and ACEC contain sensitive and significant cultural resources such as habitation sites, geoglyphs, prehistoric trails, and areas of traditional and sacred values to Native American tribes. The area also contains a portion of the Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail. The eastern portion of the ACEC also contains shoreline of ancient Lake Cahuilla where prehistoric fish traps and significant habitation sites have been recorded. These archaeological resources are listed in, or eligible for listing in, the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP).

Ecological: This ACEC provides important habitat for the Flat-tailed horned lizard and supports rare plant populations and other wildlife Species of Concern including Burrowing owl, Palm Springs little pocket mouse and Colorado desert fringed-toed lizard. The conservation lands and ACEC would protect a contiguous landscape connecting the San Sebastian Marsh/San Felipe Creek with the Fish Creek Mountains and Anza-Borrego Desert State Park. This conserved landscape would enhance the protections and habitat for the species listed above as well as numerous other species dependent on this landscape.

Scientific: Prehistoric archaeological sites with scientific information potential that make them eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within this ACEC. Significant paleontological localities containing vertebrate fossils are located within this ACEC.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: CDCA 1987 plan amendment

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

Biological: This ACEC is located on the western side of Imperial County, between the Superstition Mountains, Fish Creek, and the Coyote Mountains in the Colorado Desert – a subdivision of the Sonoran Desert. Mountains and other landforms within and surrounding the ACEC are considered sacred to local Indian tribes; viewsheds within this unit are very important to local tribes. Most surface management is administered by the BLM through a Memorandum of Understanding with the Bureau of Reclamation (BOR); the remainder of lands is leased to the Navy by the BOR, or is under private ownership. The Navy uses the land as target zones or for parachute drop zones. The BLM land within the ACEC is designated as Multiple Use Class "Limited". Casual use includes recreation activities such as OHV riding, camping, hiking, and rockhounding. Mineralization is not well developed or occurs at depths below a large quantity of overburden material, making mining uneconomical.

The ACEC is largely covered by a dry substrate, endemic to vegetation communities and wildlife species adapted to the harsh environment. Large washes, created from watersheds originating from surrounding mountains or resulting from monsoon rainfall, provide microclimates for plant species requiring additional water. The primary plant communities in the ACEC are Creosote Bush Scrub, with some Desert Psammophytic Scrub occupation the eastern portion, and Microphyll Woodland (restricted to only a few major washes). Each of the three plant communities provides habitat features preferred by a variety of wildlife species. The ACEC includes a variety of mammal, reptile, and avian species.

Proposed Expansion: This expansion is proposed to fulfill the Flat-tailed horned lizard Conservation Strategy. The northern boundary of the ACEC would extend to the San Sebastian ACEC, the western boundary would expand to the Fish Creek Mountains Wilderness, the southern boundary would expand to the southern unit of Plaster City OHV Area, and the eastern boundary would expand approximately nine miles to the east of the existing ACEC boundary.

National Historic and Scenic Trails: This unit overlaps a portion of the Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail.

Recreation Area: This unit overlaps with the Superstition Mountain SRMA.

Overarching Goals: To protect the biological, cultural and paleontological values within the ACEC while allowing for a variety of uses.

Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

Designation and Acreage by Alternative:

Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap
No Action	0	20,300**	0	1%
Preferred Alternative	81,730	82,593	0	1%
1	24,800	115,200	0	1%
2	115,100	115,200	0	1%
3	80,300	115,200	0	1%
4	80,400	115,200	0	1%

^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

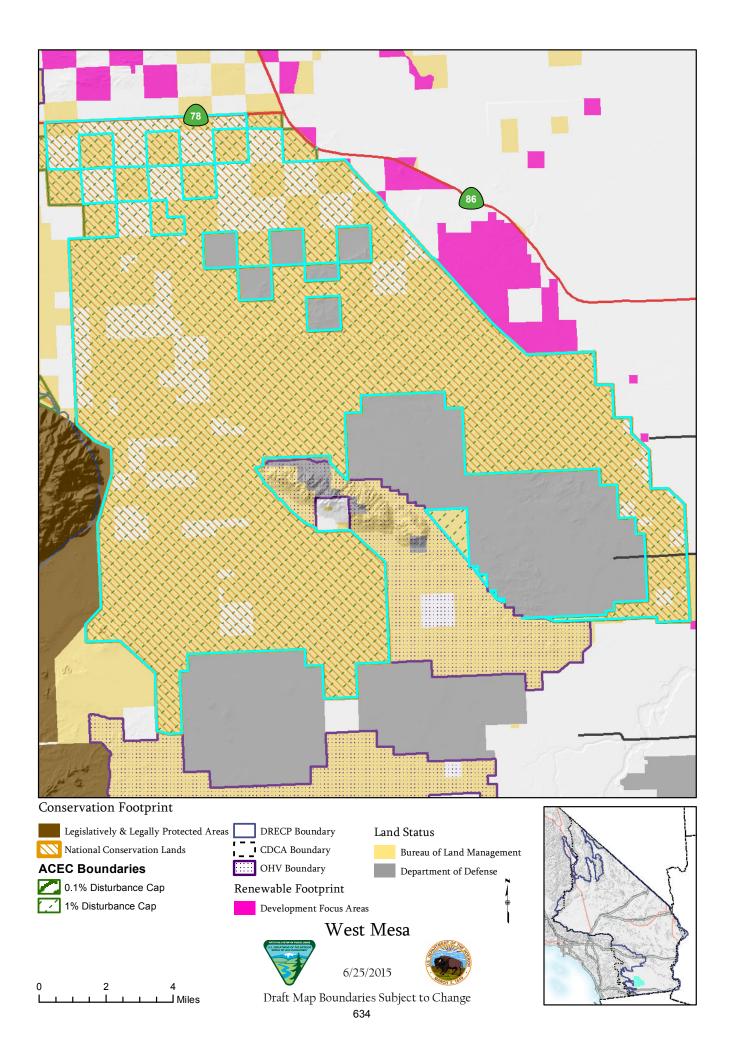
^{**} Acreage value differs from the No Action Alternative in the DEIS due to incorrect value for the existing ACEC in the DIES

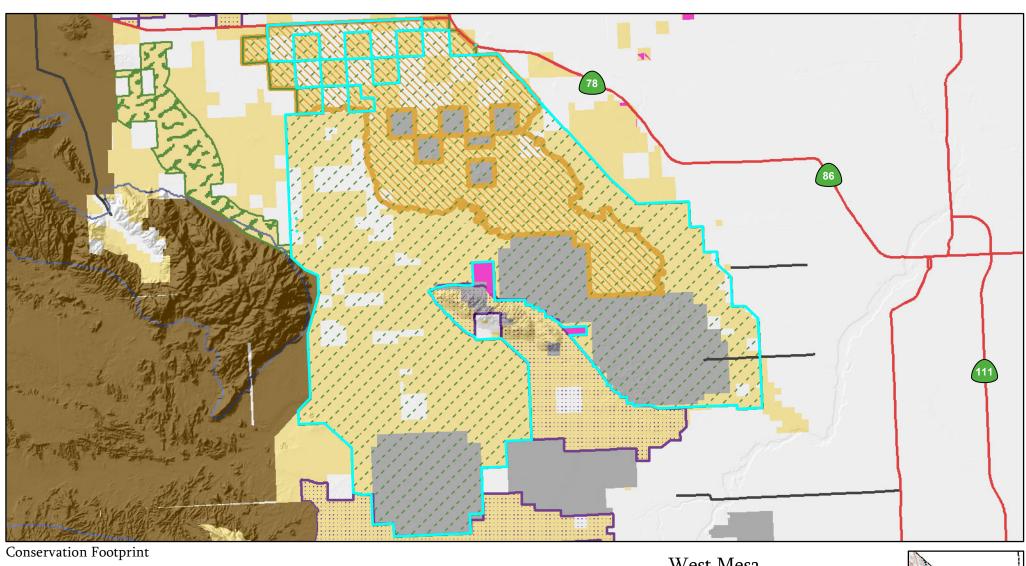
Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Objective: Minimize soil disturbance.	Soil, water, air
Management Action: Maintain confinement of OHV activity to designated locations.	
Management Action: Maintain signage informing OHV users to avoid riding	
outside of designated locations.	
Management Action: Require all undertakings with the potential to spill	
hazardous material (e.g., motor oil, coolant) to follow proper federal and state reporting requirements after a spill.	
reporting requirements after a spin.	
Objective: Minimize disturbance to washes that would result in negative	
ecological consequences to wildlife and plant communities dependent upon	
them. Management Action: Monitor to ensure materials are not being dumped	
directly into washes.	
Management Action: Require all undertakings with the potential to spill	
hazardous material (e.g., motor oil, coolant) to follow proper federal and state	
reporting requirements after a spill to avoid material(s) contaminating water.	
Objective: Protect air quality and visibility standards in accordance with the	
Southeast Desert Air Basin nonattainment standards.	
Management Action: Coordinate with the California Environmental Protection	
Agency Air Resources Board.	
Objective: Manage the ACEC within the standards for visibility-reducing	
particles, and attainment for other criteria in accordance with the standards	
set by the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District. Management Action: Coordinate with the Imperial County Air Pollution Control	
District.	
Objective: Protect and enhance robust populations of both rare and common	Vegetation (incl. special
native plants. Unique plant assemblages exist within this ACEC, including	status species)
saltbush (<i>Atriplex</i>), daleas (<i>Dalea emoryi</i>) and Mormon tea (<i>Ephedra trifurca</i>)	
can be important to wildlife because of their ability to produce seeds. Management Action: Maintain confinement of OHV activity to designated	
locations.	
Management Action: Maintain signage informing OHV users to avoid riding	
outside of designated locations.	
Management Action: Eradicate and control the spread of invasive and noxious weeds.	
weeds.	
Objective: Create a baseline of plant species to track environmental changes.	
Management Action: Inventory vascular and non-vascular plants, including	
soils crust species, in the ACEC. Objective: Protect and enhance wildlife populations within the ACEC. Special	Fish and Wildlife (incl.
Status species exist within the ACEC, including Le Conte's Trasher (<i>Toxostoma</i>	special status species)
lecontei), black-tailed gnatcatcher (Polioptila melanura), and Flat-tailed horned	, ,
lizard (Phrynocoma mcallii).	

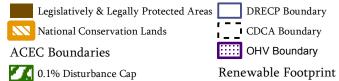
Management Action: Maintain confinement of OHV activity to designated locations. Management Action: Maintain signage informing OHV users to avoid riding outside of designated locations. Management Action: Manage landscape to ensure wildlife passage and connectivity. Objective: Protect and enhance critical Flat-tailed horned lizard habitat. Management Action: Determine the effect of pesticide spraying on the Flattailed horned lizard and avoid chemicals that would result in an adverse effect to the species. Management Action: Continue to participate actively in an Interagency Coordinating Committee to coordinate the management of the Flat-tailed horned lizard and its habitat. Management Action: Maintain camping and OHV closure in critical habitat areas. Management Action: Rehabilitate closed and unauthorized routes, and damaged habitat areas. See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in **Cultural Resources** general cultural resources rules. Objective: Provide for maximum protection of highly sensitive cultural resources. Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV Routes. Management Action: Nominate sensitive archaeological resources within the ACEC for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of resources in the Management Action: Develop baseline assessment of specific natural and manmade threats to cultural resources in the ACEC (i.e., erosion, looting, vandalism, and OHV activities). Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable traditional practitioners regarding the cultural resources values present within the ACEC. Management Action: Rehabilitate closed and unauthorized routes, and damaged areas to discourage travel to confidential locations of sensitive archaeological resources. Objective: Establish Baseline Resource Information/Identify and Document **Cultural Resources** Management Action: Integrate survey information into BLM cultural resources management systems (cultural GIS geodatabase). Objective: Increase public awareness of the cultural values in the ACEC. Management Actions: Where appropriate and with consideration of site protection and confidentiality, develop and provide interpretation to the public about cultural resources, including signs, interpretive panels and kiosks,

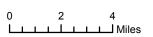
and web-based information.	
Management Action: Install signs stating no collection of any archaeological	
resources is allowed.	
Objective: Promote cultural history of the ACEC.	National Trails
Management Action: Coordinate with NPS on the management of the Juan	
Bautista de Anza NHT	
Management Action: Implement the Juan Bautista de Anza NHT Management	
Plan.	
Management Action: Comply with the NHT rule set.	
Objective: Protect and monitor paleontological resources.	Paleontology
Management Action: Manage and protect fossil resources consistent with the	
Paleontological Resources Preservation Act and the Omnibus Act.	
Management Action: Restrict renewable energy projects to one half mile or	
more from significant paleontological localities.	
Management Action: Exclude OHV use within one mile of paleontological	
resources except on designated routes.	
Management Action: Prohibit casual collection of vertebrate fossils without a	
permit. Management Action: Develop plans for the inventory, monitoring, and	
scientific and educational use of paleontological resources as needed.	
	Visual Descurses
Objective: Protect the characteristic landscape, including the significant	Visual Resources
cultural landscape surrounding the Anza NHT.	
Management Actions: Minimize impacts to characteristic landscape by	
following prescriptions of applicable VRM class.	
Objective: Manage the route of travel network to fulfill requirements of the	Trails and Travel
original CDCA Plan and the WECO Plan Amendment.	Management
Management Action: Maintain signage and provide maps to the public to	
inform them of route locations and regulations.	
Objective: Reverse trend of resource degradation due to OHV and casual ORV	
use	
Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of resources in the	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
area.	
Management Action: Rehabilitate closed and unauthorized routes.	
Objective: Promote dispersed recreation in this area, including casual day use,	Recreation
camping, hunting, target shooting, hiking, and OHV activities.	
Objective: Maintain high health and safety standards for the public.	
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Objective: Consolidate through tenure adjustment. Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests from willing sellers.	Land Tenure
Objective: Protect resource values of the ACEC Management Action 1: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals. Management Action 2: Limit energy transmission line ROWs to designated utility corridors.	Rights of Way
Closed to renewable energy development.	Renewable Energy
Objective: Process applications for mineral development while ensuring mineral development activities are not authorized in areas where new ground disturbance would impact habitat for Special Status species, disturb sensitive cultural resources, or limit or restrict locations within the ACEC that have high recreational values.	Locatable Minerals Mineral Materials Non-Energy Leasables
Allowable Uses: Geothermal leasing and mineral material sales with stipulations.	
Management Action: Restrict clay extraction because of the importance of its values to resources and other activities. Management Action: Develop a mineral management plan for the West Mesa ACEC that addresses the high seasonal visitor use to the area, and the unique resource values.	









1% Disturbance Cap

Land Status Bureau of Land Management Department of Defense

DRECP Boundary

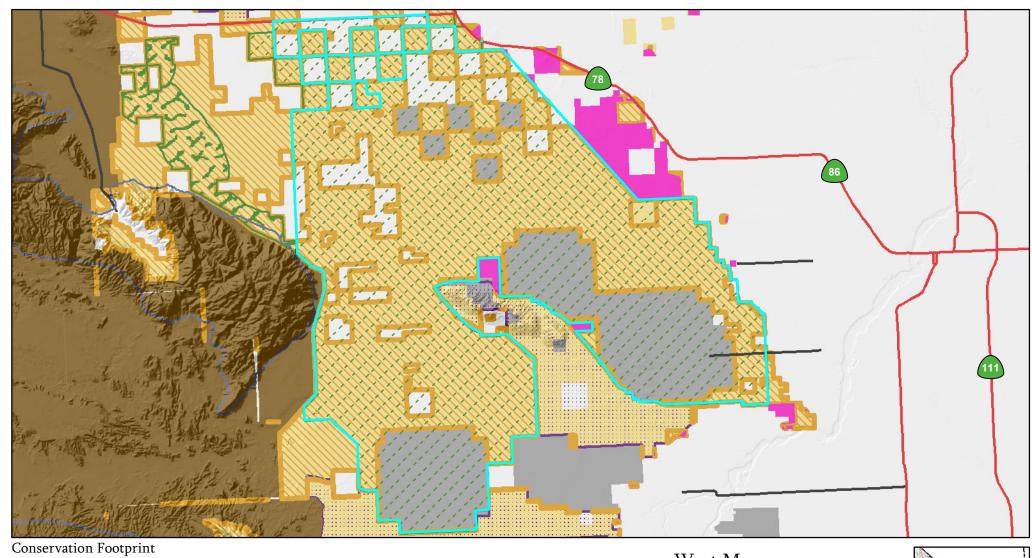
Development Focus Areas

West Mesa Alternative 1 8/25/2015









ACEC Boundaries

0.1% Disturbance Cap 1% Disturbance Cap

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

OHV Boundary Department of Defense Renewable Footprint

DRECP Boundary

Development Focus Areas

CDCA Boundary



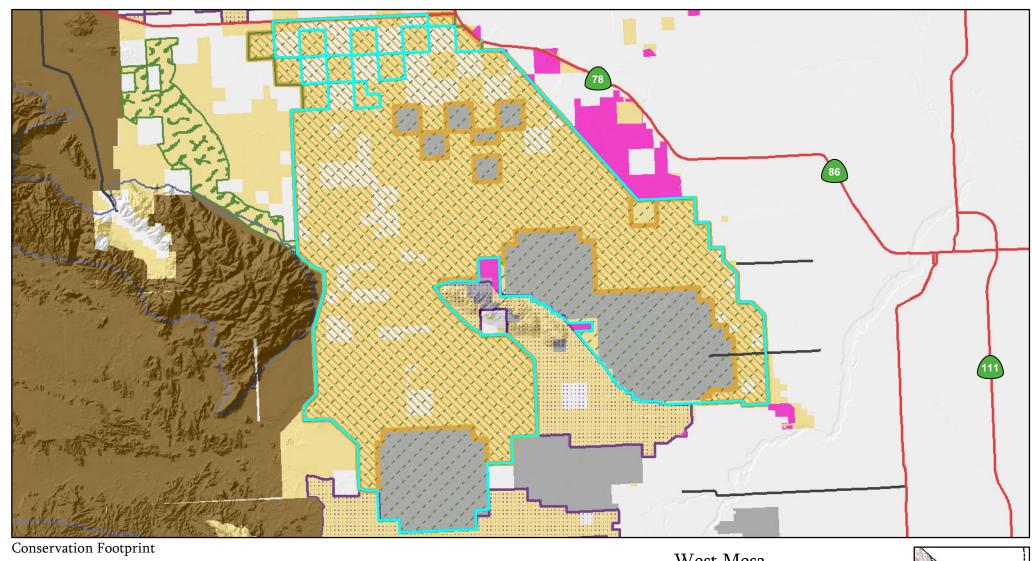
West Mesa Alternative 2

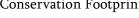
8/26/2015











ACEC Boundaries

0.1% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management Department of Defense

Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

DRECP Boundary

OHV Boundary

West Mesa Alternative 3

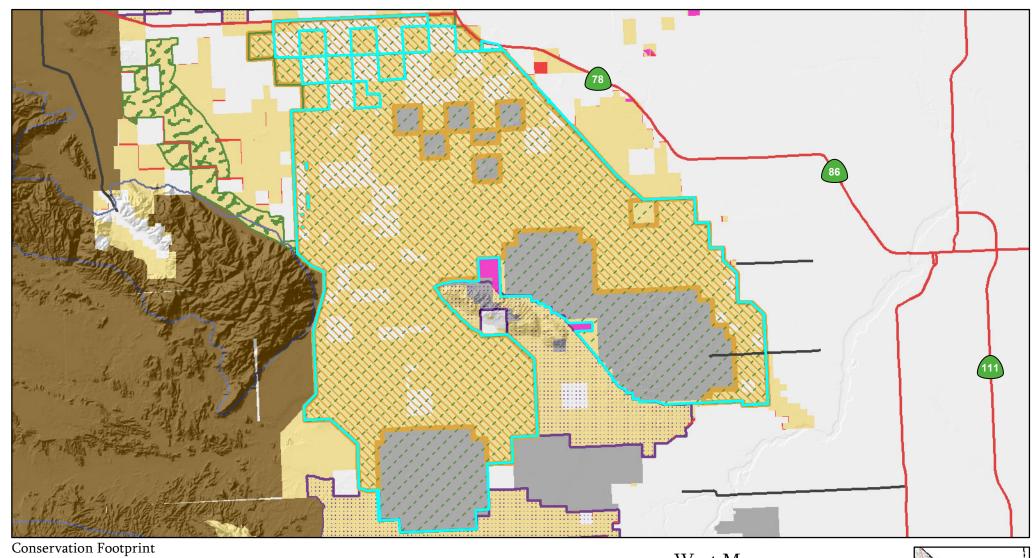
8/27/2015











ACEC Boundaries

0.1% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

DRECP Boundary

CDCA Boundary Bureau of Land Management OHV Boundary Department of Defense

Land Status

Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

Variance Lands

West Mesa Alternative 4

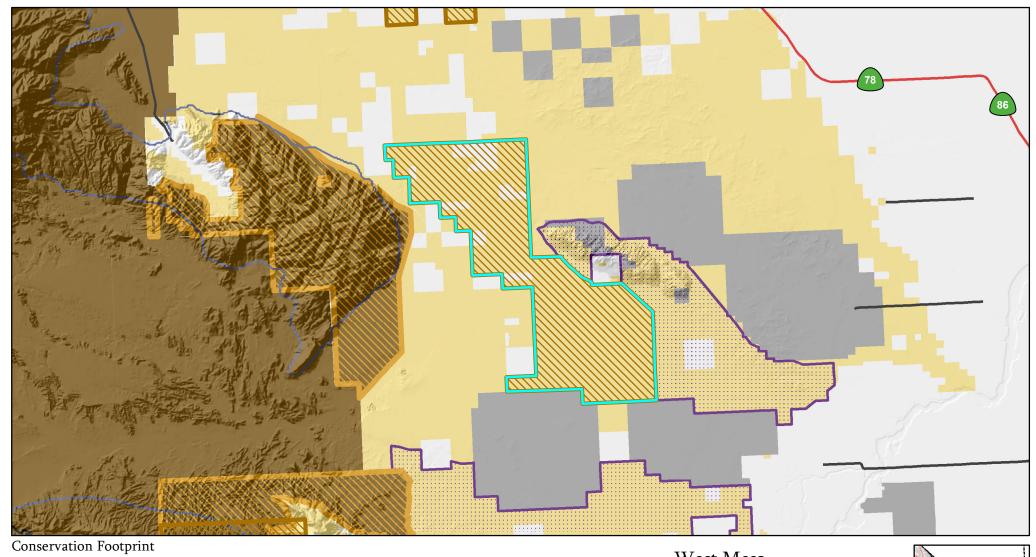
8/27/2015

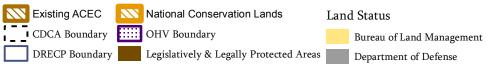












West Mesa No Action

9/15/2015









Yuha Basin

National Conservation Lands Ecoregion: Lake Cahuilla

Description/Location: The existing Yuha Basin ACEC is located in southwestern Imperial County approximately 13 miles west of El Centro, bordered by the US-Mexico International Border to the south, the Jacumba Mountains to the west, Interstate 8 to the north, and agricultural lands to the east. The community of Ocotillo lies just west of this ACEC.

Nationally Significant Values:

Cultural: National conservation lands and the ACEC contain cultural resources ranging from Paleoindian sites to campsites of ancestors of living Kumeyaay, Quechan, and Cocopah Indians (i.e., intaglios, temporary camps, lithic scatters, cremation loci, pottery loci, wells, trails, and shrines). The shoreline of ancient Lake Cahuilla, which includes habitation sites, is also located in the basin. The area also contains historic sites such as those related to mining, the Old Stage Road, and a historic railroad. The basin includes a portion of the Juan Batista de Anza National Historic Trail and one of the Anza campsites (Yuha Well). The ACEC currently contains the Yuha Basin Discontiguous District that is listed in the National Register of Historic Place (NRHP), and contains additional prehistoric archaeological resources eligible for listing in the NRHP. A Traditional Cultural Property is being proposed within this ACEC. The Southern Immigrant/Butterfield Overland Stage Route passes through the Yuha Basin, and the route is being studied by the NPS for designation as a National Historic Trail.

Ecological: The ACEC contains important habitat for the Flat-tailed horned lizard and several unique vegetation communities. Proposed conservation lands would create a contiguous protected landscape linking the Yuha Basin with the Jacumba Wilderness, the proposed Ocotillo Conservation Lands, and Anza-Borrego Desert State Park. These lands would preserve one of the most intact and diverse landscapes in the Sonoran/Colorado Desert.

Scientific: Prehistoric archaeological sites with scientific information potential that make them eligible for listing in the NRHP are located within this ACEC. Paleontological localities, including the Oyster Shell Beads and other sensitive fossil localities, such as relatively undisturbed Lake Cahuilla sediments and the Palm Springs Group, are located within the ACEC.

Special Designations/Management Plan/Date: ACEC/Yuha Desert Management Plan No. 64/ March 1985

Relevance and Importance Criteria:

The construction of transmission lines, the Imperial Valley Substation, and other undertakings has opened up much of the interior of the Yuha Basin. The 1985 Yuha Desert Management Plan emphasized the need to protect archaeological and wilderness values that were deteriorating in the Yuha Basin as a result of project development and improved access from such projects. The ACEC contains and is within proximity to landforms that contain important visual and spiritual significance to local Indian tribes.

The Yuha Basin ACEC contains unique vegetation communities, which include the Crucifixion Thorn Natural Area. The Mt. Signal Research Natural Area is also located within this ACEC. Major washes, such as Pinto Wash, resulting from mountain runoff of flash flooding from monsoons support important plant communities and wildlife habitats. Mesquite dunes or hummocks are common throughout the ACEC and also provide a unique environment that supports a number of plant communities and wildlife species. Vegetation communities highly adapted to the hyper-arid environment of the Yuha Desert include creosote (*Larrea tridentate*), Saltbush (*Atriplex*), and mesquite (*Prosopis glandulosa*), which support a diversity of

wildlife species. Sensitive plant species within the ACEC include cholla cactus (*Opuntia wigginsii*) and milkvetch (*Astagalus crotalatiae*). The ACEC is also home to a number of sensitive wildlife species, including the magic gecko, the loggerhead shrike (*Lanius Iudovicainus*), and game species such as Gambel's quail (*Callipepla gambelii*) and coyote (*canus latrans*).

Common recreational activities within the ACEC include OHV riding, hunting, hiking, rock and mineral collecting, and camping; as well as site-seeing in areas of interest such as at the Yuha Well, Yuha Shell Beds, and the Crucifixion Thorn Natural Area. The potential for locatable mineral development within the ACEC is very low except for in the extreme southwest corner where several mining claims exist. Sand and gravel is the only in-demand mineral commodity within the ACEC. The Yuha Basin ACEC contains deposits of material suitable for use as tailing sand, road base aggregate and concrete aggregate.

Proposed Expansion:

Conservation lands and the ACEC are proposed to expand northward to the Even Hewes Highway (Old 80) to protect significant cultural resources and flat-tiled horn lizard habitat.

National Historic and Scenic Trails: This unit overlaps a portion of the Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail.

Overarching Goals:

Protect cultural and ecological, and recreational values while providing for other compatible uses. Where the CMAs in this Special Management Plan conflict from the CMAs included in Volume II of the Proposed LUPA and Final EIS, the more restrictive CMA would be applied (i.e. management that best supports resource conservation and limits impacts to the values for which the conservation unit was designated), unless otherwise specified.

If this area is included in the National Conservation Lands, the BLM will manage this area to protect the Nationally Significant Values above. Appropriate multiple uses will be allowed, consistent with this Special Unit Management Plan and the CMAs in Volume II. If an activity is not specifically covered by the CMAs, it will be allowed if it is consistent with the Nationally Significant Values, but prohibited if the uses conflict with those values.

Designation and Acreage by Alternative:						
Alternative	BLM Acres of NLCS within ACEC or Wildlife Allocation	BLM Acres within ACEC	BLM Acres within Wildlife Allocation	ACEC Disturbance Cap		
No Action	0	68,300	0	1%		
Preferred Alternative	73,522	77,302	0	1%		
1	0	74,900	0	1%		
2	75,400	75,400	0	1%		
3	71,000	74,900	0	1%		
4	46,300	74,900	0	1%		

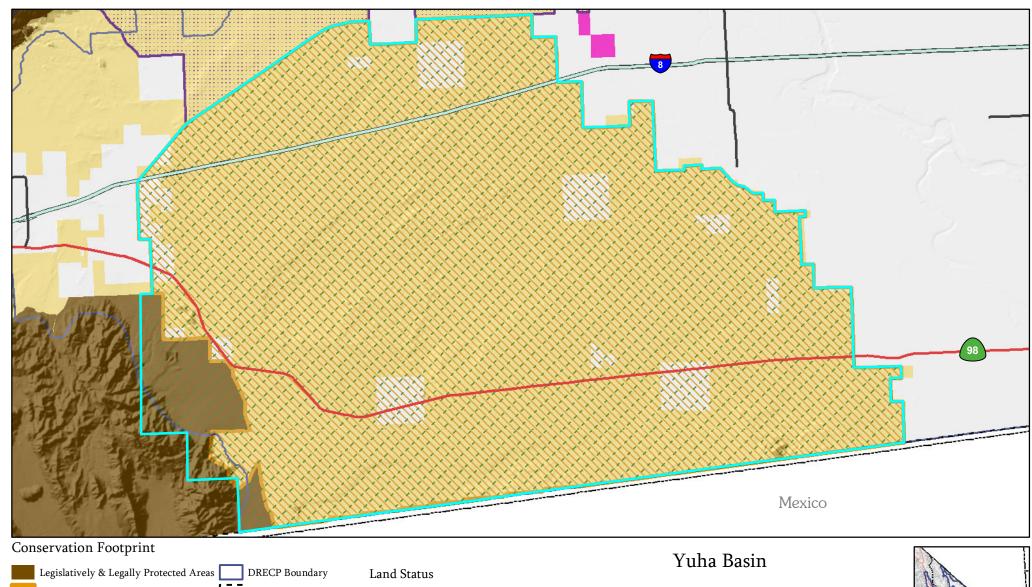
^{*} Acreage values are for BLM managed lands

Objectives (desired future condition)/Allowable Uses/Management Actions	Resource
Objective: Protect air quality and visibility standards in accordance with the Southeast Desert Air Basin nonattainment.	Soil, water, air
Management Action: Coordinate with the California Environmental Protection Agency Air Resources Board.	
Objective: Manage the ACEC with the standards, visibility-reducing particles, and attainment for other criteria in accordance with the standards set by the	
Imperial County Air Pollution Control District.	
Management Action: Coordinate with the Imperial County Air Pollution Control	
District.	
Objective: Protect and enhance habitat for Emory's Crucifixion Thorn woodland	Vegetation (incl. special status species)
Management Action: Withdraw the Crucifixion Thorn Natural Area from mineral entry.	
Objective: Protect desert wetland plant communities at seeps and springs; and Sonoran Desert wash woodland.	
Management Action: Arrange with partner agencies and developers or ROW applicants to inventory flora of the ACEC after a significant rainfall.	
Objective: Maintain habitat that potentially supports the presence of Special Status plant species.	
Management Action: Control the introduction of invasive plant species.	
Objective: Determine the effects of pesticide spraying on the Special Status plant species.	
Management Action: Conduct study to assess effects of pesticides on the Special Status plant species.	

Objective: Control noxious or poisonous plants, improve habitat, and eliminate introduced plant species, such as tamarisk, from riparian areas. Management Action: Develop strategies, such as vegetation manipulation. Objective: Protect and enhance robust populations of both rare and common native plants. Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV routes. Management Action: Place signs, kiosks and interpretive information at key recreational sites to better inform the public about the important plant resources. Objective: Update a baseline of plant species to track environmental changes. Management Action: Inventory vascular and non-vascular plants, include soil crust species, in the ACEC. Objective: Maintain wildlife habitat that supports native species including that of special status species. Management Action: Monitor wildlife for habitat and population change. Objective: Manage habitat for the Flat-tailed horned lizard (Phrynosoma mecalii) according to the 2003 Flat-tailed Horned Lizard Rangewide Monagement Strategy. Management Action: Maintain the 1% cap for ground disturbance for this ACEC. Objective: Rehabilitate and improve habitat quality for burrowing owl (Athene cunicularia) and American badger (Toxideo americana) Management Action: Inventory the ACEC for invertebrate species to determine the prevalence of species endemic to the hyperarid conditions. Management Action: Enhance shrub vegetation damaged from unauthorized OHV traffic. Objective: Protect and enhance habitat for desert bird species such as Le Conte's thrasher (Toxostoma leconte). Management Action: Inventory the ACEC for invertebrate species to determine the prevalence of species endemic to the hyperarid conditions. Management Action: Conduct study to assess effects of pesticides on the Flat-tailed horned lizard. See programmatic ACEC cultural resources objective and action items in general cultural resources rules. Objective: Protect and preserve cultural resources within and visible from the		
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general cultural resources rules. Objective: Protect and preserve cultural resources within and visible from the ACEC.	tailed horned lizard.	
ACEC.		Cultural Resources
Management Action: Develop interpretive programs and brochures that		
explain Lake Cahuilla cultural resources.	Management Action: Develop interpretive programs and brochures that explain Lake Cahuilla cultural resources.	

Management Action: Manage vehicular traffic to stay on designated OHV	
Routes.	
Management Action: Perform route restoration to erase illegal routes.	
Management Action: South of Interstate 8 camping is limited to designated	
campgrounds only.	
Management Action: Increase patrols and BLM presence in the area.	
Management Action: Nominate the Lake Cahuilla district to the NRHP.	
Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks to ensure the	
public is aware of restrictions as well as provide interpretation about the	
ancient lake.	
Objective: Expand our understanding of the nature, variety, and complexity of	
cultural resources within the Lake Cahuilla ACEC.	
Management Action: Consult with local Indian tribes and knowledgeable	
traditional practitioners regarding the cultural resource values present within	
the ACEC.	
Management Action: Work with local archaeological organizations and	
institutions to develop partnerships to enable proactive survey and	
recordation.	
Management Action: Apply for grant or other funding to pay for contracting.	
Objective: Promote cultural history of the ACEC.	National Trails
Management Action: Coordinate with NPS on the management of the Juan	
Bautista de Anza NHT	
Management Action: Implement the Juan Bautista de Anza NHT Management	
Plan.	
Management Action: Comply with the NHT rule set.	
Objective: Provide for maximum protection of significant paleontological	Paleontology
resources.	
Management Action: Designate protection areas for significant paleontological	
localities.	
Management Action: Prohibit casual collection of vertebrate fossils without a	
permit.	
Management Action: Increase patrols in areas with highly sensitive fossils that	
are located near areas with highest public visitation, such as along hiking and	
OHV trails, and campsites.	
Objective: Increase public awareness of the paleontological values in ACEC	
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Management Action: Install informative signage and kiosks to ensure the	
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Management Actions: Minimize and mitigate visual impacts through	
prescriptions of applicable VRM class.	
Objective: To maintain trails and routes of travel to ensure the protection of	Trails and Travel
cultural, ecological, and recreational values.	Management
Management Action: Mark the margins of BLM-designated OHV trails.	
Management Action: Provide signage and maps to the public to inform them of	
route locations and regulations.	
Management Action: Increase compliance with protection of sensitive	
resource areas.	
Management Action: Perform route restoration to erase illegal routes	
Allocation: OHV limited (designated routes and vehicle type) as per the WECO	
plan.	
Objective: Reverse trend of resource degradation due to OHV and casual ORV	Recreation
use.	
Management Action: Prohibit competitive motorized vehicle recreation events	
within the ACEC.	
Action: Increase compliance with protection of sensitive resource areas.	
Objective: Promote dispersed recreation within the ACEC, including sight-	
seeing, camping, hunting, target shooting, hiking, and 4x4 touring.	
Management Action: Promote organized non-vehicular events (e.g., hiking and	
site-seeing tours)	
Allocation: OHV limited (designated routes and vehicle type) as per the WECO	
plan.	Dishts of Mari
Objective: Protect resource values of the ACEC	Rights of Way
Management Action: Land use authorization proposals (new, renewal, and	
amendment) will be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to assess whether they	
are compatible with the ACEC and its management goals.	
Management Action: Limit energy transmission line ROWs to designated utility	
corridors.	
Objective: Consolidate through tenure adjustment.	Land Tenure
Management Action: Acquire inholdings, edgeholdings and other interests	
from willing sellers.	
Objective: Minimize impacts resulting from geothermal energy development	Renewable Energy
within the ACEC.	
Management Action: Review lease applications on case-by-case basis.	
Management Action: Prohibit solar and wind energy projects within the ACEC.	
Management Action: Prohibit additional energy transmission corridors inside	
the ACEC.	
Management Action: Encourage transmission lines to share infrastructure,	
reduce redundant poles and access roads in the transmission corridor.	
reduce reduitable poles and decess rodds in the transmission corridor.	
Objective: Develop management guidelines for material sales.	Locatable Minerals
Management Action: Develop Sand and Gravel Activity Management Plan.	Mineral Materials
Management Action: Permit geothermal leasing with stipulations as per Yuha	Non-Energy Leasable
I management retions a crimit geometrial reasing with supulations as per fulla	LITTE ELLER EL
Basin Proposed Geothermal Leasing Environmental Assessment.	



National Conservation Lands **ACEC Boundaries**

CDCA Boundary Bureau of Land Management OHV Boundary 1% Disturbance Cap Renewable Footprint Development Focus Areas

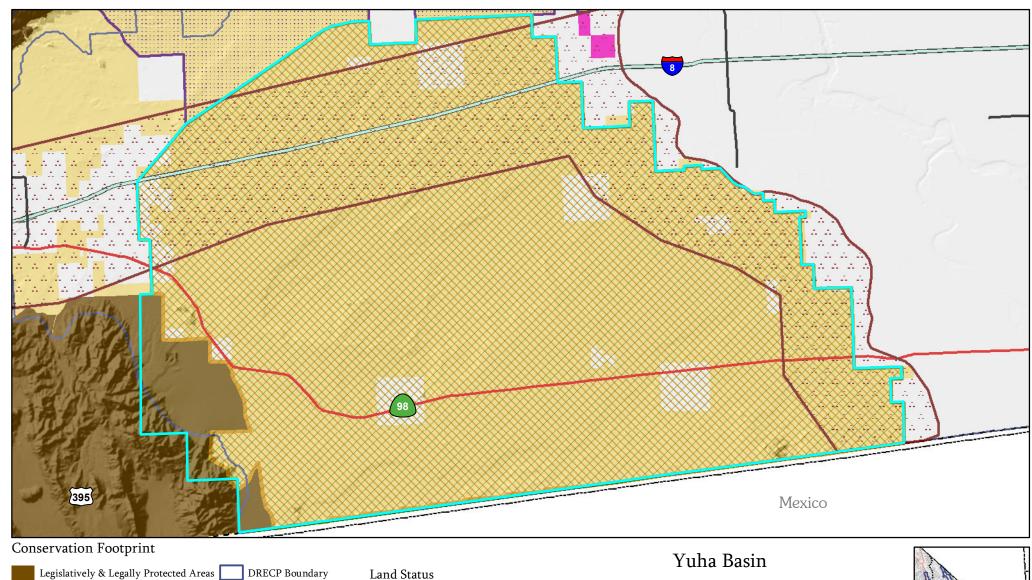
6/24/2015

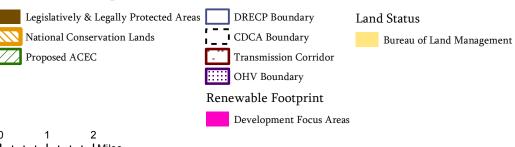










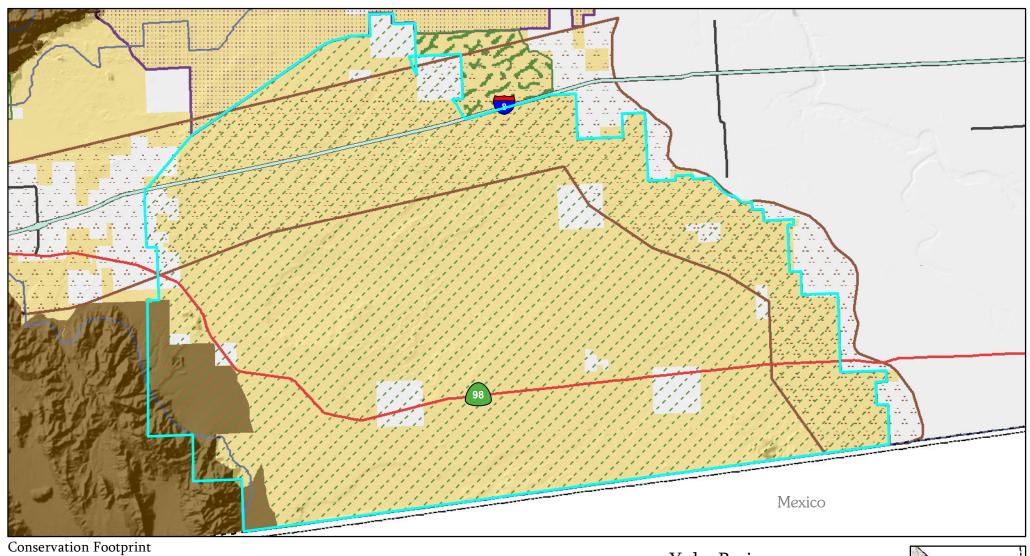












Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas

National Conservation Lands

ACEC Boundaries

0.1% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

0 1 2 L 1 1 1 1 1 Miles

DRECP Boundary

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

CDCA Boundary

Transmission Corridor

OHV Boundary

Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

Yuha Basin

Alternative 1

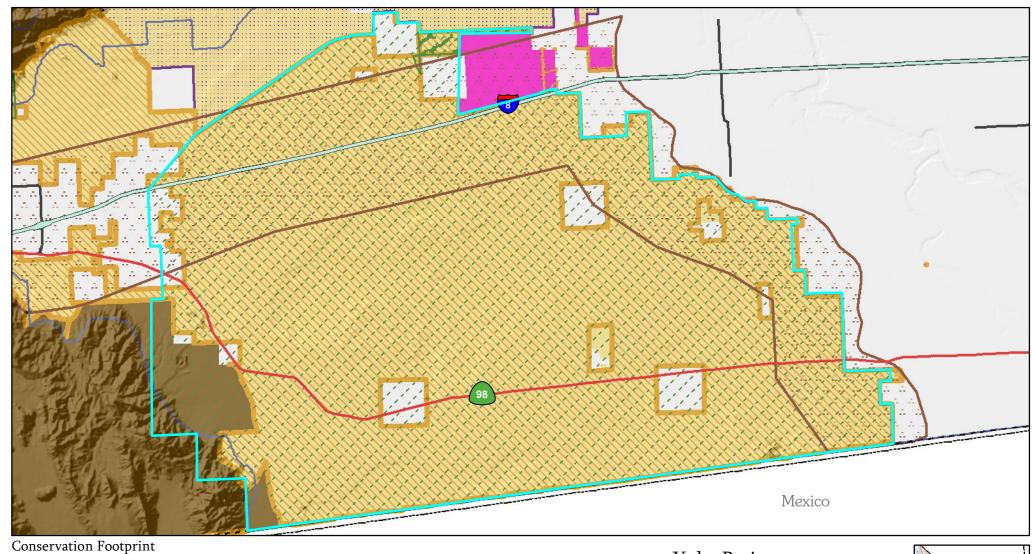
8/25/2015











ACEC Boundaries

0.1% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

DRECP Boundary

CDCA Boundary Transmission Corridor

OHV Boundary

Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Yuha Basin

Alternative 2

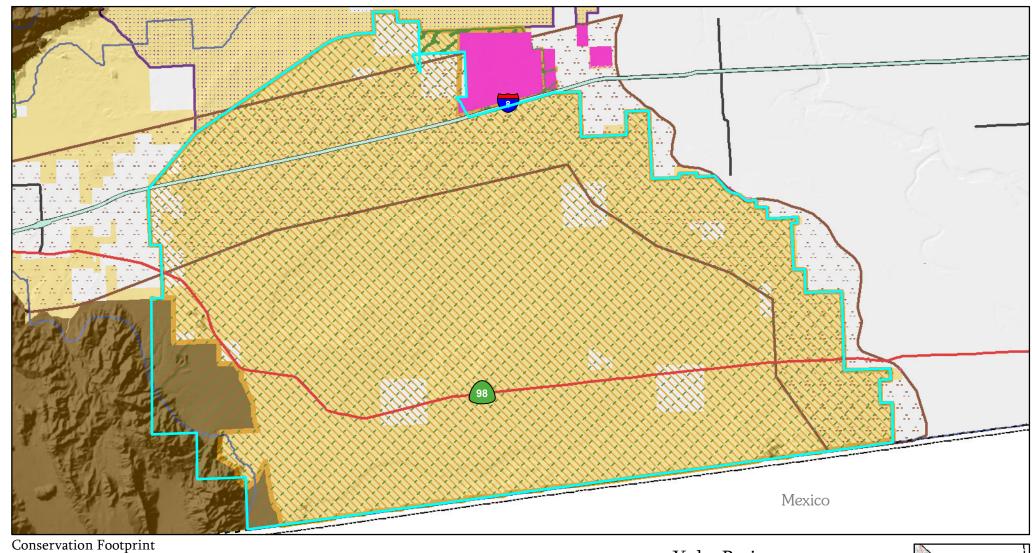
8/26/2015











ACEC Boundaries

0.1% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

0 1 2 ______ Miles

DRECP Boundary

CDCA Boundary
Transmission Corridor

OHV Boundary

Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Yuha Basin

Alternative 3

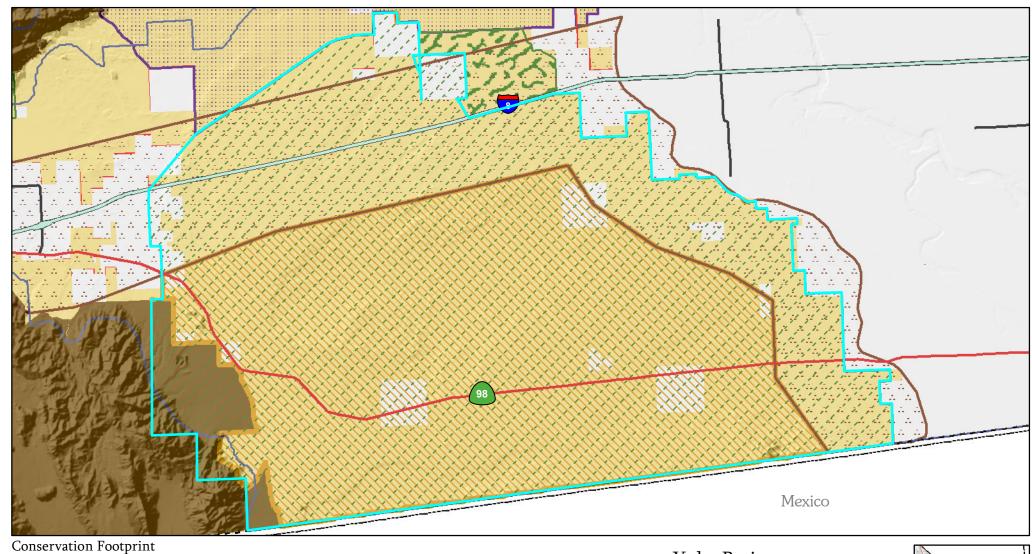
8/27/2015











ACEC Boundaries

0.1% Disturbance Cap

1% Disturbance Cap

DRECP Boundary

CDCA Boundary OHV Boundary

Transmission Corridor

Land Status

Bureau of Land Management

Renewable Footprint

Development Focus Areas

Variance Lands

Yuha Basin

Alternative 4

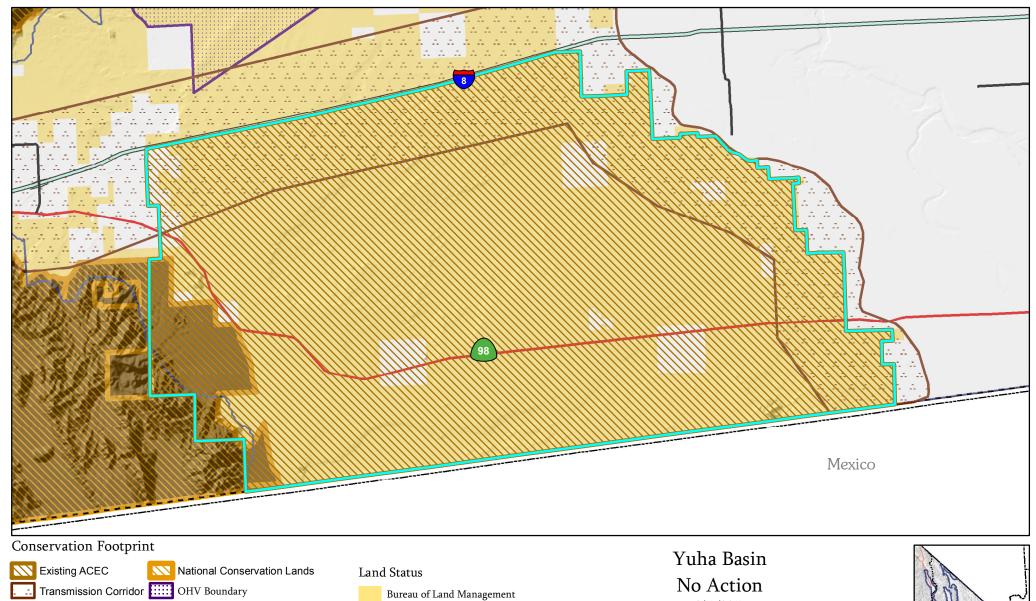
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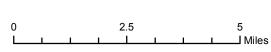












Legislatively & Legally Protected Areas

CDCA Boundary

DRECP Boundary

9/15/2015







