

Application Date: 08/05/2014\_02/08/2016  
 Lease/Permit Number: WYW 168584  
 Project Name: \_\_\_\_\_

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR - BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT  
 WILDLIFE CLEARANCE EVALUATION AND CONSULTATION FORM  
 LANDER FIELD OFFICE

To: Wildlife Biologist  
 From: Debbie Larsen, Land Law Examiner  
 Subject: Request for Wildlife Clearance and Evaluation

**Company Name and/or Project Name:** WY State Forestry Division

**Legal Location** T. 29 N., R. 100 W., sec. 3, Lots 20, 21 (S2SW). (See attached map)

**Description of Proposed Action** The state forestry division plans to do two forest product sales in the south pass area. They have requested use of an existing road to be used for transportation. ROW requested is 650' X 12' = 0.179 acres. A portion of the road is the railroad be and then an existing road to the Block B site. No improvements are planned other than periodic maintenance during timber haul use. Time period will be June 1 through December 31. Approximately 100 mbf of sawlogs and roundwood will be transported.

USGS Quad: **Louis Lake**  
 County: **Fremont**

Response: Data Review and Determination of Impact on Wildlife Habitat and Threatened or Endangered Species  
 To: Initiating Officer

This memo will become an appendix to the Environmental Documentation for this project. This proposal and relative data have been analyzed as to the impact of the proposed action.

\*\*Coordination with Wyoming Game and Fish Department (IS) (IS NOT) recommended. Coordination may be needed due to unusual or excessive negative effects on big game, sage-grouse, riparian areas, fisheries, other priority species or potentially controversial actions.

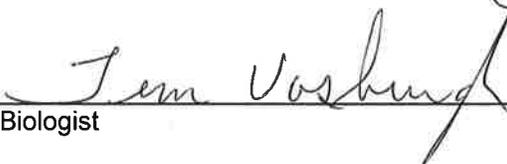
**Threatened, Endangered, and Proposed Species Clearance Form**

ENDANGERED, THREATENED, OR PROPOSED SPECIES	HABITAT DESCRIPTION	PROJECT EFFECT CALL	CONSULTATION REQUIRED	JUSTIFICATION FOR EFFECTS DETERMINATION
Canada lynx (Threatened)	Coniferous forests with abundant snowshoe hare populations.	NE	Yes   No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No suitable habitat present
Black-footed ferret (Endangered)	Large prairie dog complexes  <input type="checkbox"/> White-tailed Prairie Dog	NE	Yes   No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Area not suitable for reintroduction efforts <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No habitat present or action is within a block cleared area <input type="checkbox"/> Within prairie dog town; not block-cleared; survey required
Grizzly Bear (Threatened)	Extensive forest cover interspersed with grasslands and meadows.	NE	Yes   No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No suitable habitat present
Blowout Penstemon (Endangered)	Sparsely vegetated, early successional shifting sand with crater-like blowout depressions created by wind erosion. 5800-7500 ft. elevation.	NE	Yes   No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No suitable habitat present <input type="checkbox"/> Suitable habitat present; survey required or presence assumed

Ute ladies'-tresses (Threatened)	Moist, subirrigated or seasonally flooded soils in valley bottoms, gravel bars, old oxbows or floodplains bordering springs, lakes, rivers or perennial streams. 720-7000 ft. elevation.	NE	Yes   <u>No</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No suitable habitat present <input type="checkbox"/> Suitable habitat present; survey required or presence assumed
Desert yellowhead (Threatened)	Grows in sparsely vegetated desert cushion plant communities with scattered on whitish sandstones and clays of the Miocene-age Split Rock Formation within shallow deflation hollows and low slopes at 6700-7100 feet.	NE	Yes   <u>No</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No suitable habitat present <input type="checkbox"/> Suitable habitat present; survey required or presence assumed
Critical Habitat for the Desert yellowhead	Currently, only critical habitat in is the Cedar Rim area of southern Fremont County.	NE	Yes   <u>No</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not in critical habitat for Desert yellowhead.
Platte River Water Depletions  (5 listed species and designated critical habitat)	Downstream riparian and riverine habitat of the Platte River System  Whooping Crane – Endangered Interior Least Tern – Endangered Piping Plover – Threatened Pallid Sturgeon – Endangered Western Prairie Fringed Orchid –Threatened  Critical Habitat for: Whooping Crane	NE	Yes   <u>No</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Action will not deplete water from the Platte River System <input type="checkbox"/> Action will cause depletion to the Platte River system; consultation required <input type="checkbox"/> See comments for further restrictions and water source
Gray wolf (Non-essential, experimental population)	Habitats with abundant ungulate prey, secluded (i.e. forested) denning and rendezvous sites, and low levels of human activity.	NE	Yes   <u>No</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No suitable habitat present. Project not in recovery area. No established populations in project area. <input type="checkbox"/> Project in suitable habitat; consultation required.

\*\*Project effect determinations for T&E species are: no effect (NE); may affect (MA); not likely to adversely affect (NLAA); likely to adversely affect (LAA); Likely to jeopardize population (LJ); or not likely to jeopardize population (NLJ). Project effect determinations for candidate species are: will not contribute to the need to list (WNC); will contribute to the need to list (WC).

\*\*Initiation of (FORMAL) (INFORMAL) consultation with U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service (IS) (IS NOT) necessary.

  
 Wildlife Biologist 2/2<sup>16</sup>/16  
Date

BLM Consultation Letter Sent	FWS Consultation Letter Reply	Wildlife Biologist Initial
Date:	Date:	

WILDLIFE / RESOURCE CONCERN	RMP Decision and COA	DESIGNATED OR SUITABLE HABITAT	COA STIPULATION APPLIES	COA TIMING RESTRICTION
Sage Grouse lek (Core Area)	Avoid disturbance or occupancy within 0.6 mile of perimeter of an occupied lek. No activity from 6PM to 8AM within a 0.6 mile of a lek	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	March 1 – May 15
Sage Grouse nesting /brood-rearing habitat (Core Area)	Surface disturbing and/or disruptive activities are prohibited or restricted in suitable sage-grouse nesting and early brood-rearing habitat.	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	March 15 – June 30
Sage Grouse Core	DDCT required: DDCT completed/date:	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No Yes   No	Date:	
Sage Grouse lek (non-Core Area)	Avoid disturbance or occupancy within 0.25 mile of perimeter of an occupied lek. No activity from 6PM to 8AM within a 0.25 mile of a lek	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	March 1 – May 15
Sage Grouse nesting /brood-rearing habitat (non-Core Area)	Surface disturbing and/or disruptive activities are prohibited or restricted in suitable sage-grouse nesting and early brood-rearing habitat within mapped habitat important for connectivity or within 2 miles of any occupied or undetermined lek.	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	March 15 – June 30
Sage Grouse winter habitat	Surface disturbing and/or disruptive activities are prohibited or restricted in mapped or modeled winter habitats/concentration areas that support Core Area populations.	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Nov 15 – March 1
<p>Raptors (General) and Special Status species</p> <p>Northern Goshawk</p> <p>Burrowing Owl</p> <p>Ferruginous Hawk</p> <p>Peregrine Falcon</p>	<p>Avoid surface disturbance and/ or disruptive activity or occupancy within a 0.75 mile buffer of raptor nests except ferruginous hawk nests which have a 1 mile buffer.</p> <p>Habitats: Conifer and deciduous forests</p> <p>Grasslands, basin-prairie shrub</p> <p>Basin – prairie shrub, grassland, rock outcrops</p> <p>Tall Cliffs</p>	<p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes   No</p> <p>Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p>Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p>Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p>	<p>Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p>	<p>Feb 1 – July 31 for most raptors except those listed below:</p> <p>April 1 to August 31 for northern goshawks</p> <p>April 1 to September 15 for burrowing owls,</p> <p>Feb 1 – July 31 for ferruginous hawks and peregrine falcons.</p> <p>Or until young have fledged.</p>
Bald Eagle	<p>Habitat- Lakes, rivers and other large water bodies suitable for foraging with large trees for nesting and roosting.</p> <p>Surface disturbance or disruptive activity prohibited within 1.0 mile of nest.</p>	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No nest, roost, or feeding concentrations present.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Nest within 1 mile: Apply NSO Buffer</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Roost within 1 mile: NSO and timing restrict. Nov 1 – Mar 31</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Nest buffer timing stipulation: Feb 1- Aug 15</p>

Big game crucial winter range and Elk winter range	Delineated by WGFD/BLM	Yes   <del>No</del>	Yes   <del>No</del>	MOOSE Nov 15 - April 30
Big Game parturition areas	Delineated by WGFD/BLM	Yes   <del>No</del>	Yes   <del>No</del>	May 1 - June 30
Riparian areas	Move Project > 500 feet from perennial streams/live water	Yes   <del>No</del>	Yes   <del>No</del>	Riparian Areas

\*\* Do any wildlife timing stipulations or COA apply for long-term maintenance and operation activities related to oil and gas, and Right-of-way actions outside of a Designated Development Area? (Yes | No)?

Date of Field Visit: \_\_\_\_\_

Photos Attached: YES or NO

Jim Vosburgh 2/17/16  
Wildlife Biologist (DATE)

COMMENTS:

- The BLM biologist recommends that timber haul use is not restricted during the moose CWR timing stipulation 11/15 - 4/30. The BLM ~~requests~~ requests as that the State Forestry Division submit an exception request for the 11/15 - 12/31 period to allow the transport of timber products on the separation of BLM. At that point the BLM biologist will make a recommendation regarding the request and submit that recommendation to the Field Manager

BLM SENSITIVE SPECIES	HABITAT	POTENTIAL HABITAT	COA /TLS/ STIPULATION APPLIES	RMP Decision and COA
<b>Sensitive mammals</b>				
<b>BATS:</b> Long-eared Myotis Spotted bat Townsend's Big-eared bat	Conifer and deciduous forest, caves and mines Cliffs over perennial water, basin-prairie shrub Forests, basin-prairie shrub, caves and mines	Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No	Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No	No known roost sites Prohibit surface disturbing and disruptive activities within ¼ mile of identified maternity roosts and hibernation areas that would adversely impact bats. Avoid habitat where possible and minimize disturbance
<b>PRAIRIE DOGS:</b> White-tailed	Basin prairie shrub, grasslands	Yes   No	Yes   No	Avoid burrows and colonies where possible See comments for additional restrictions
<b>GRASSLAND OBLIGATES:</b> Swift fox Long-billed Curlew	Grasslands Grasslands, plains, foothills, wet meadows	Yes   No Yes   No	Yes   No Yes   No	Avoid habitat where possible and minimize disturbance See comments for additional restrictions
<b>SAGEBRUSH OBLIGATES:</b> Sage Thrasher Loggerhead Shrike Sage Sparrow Brewer's Sparrow Pygmy rabbit Mountain Plover	Basin-prairie shrub, mountain foothill shrub Basin-prairie shrub, mountain foothill shrub Basin prairie shrub, mountain foothill shrub Basin-prairie shrub Basin-prairie and riparian shrub Surface disturbing and/or disruptive activities are prohibited or restricted within ¼ mile of suitable Mountain Plover nesting habitat.	Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No	Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No	Avoid habitat where possible and minimize disturbance See Migratory Birds for additional restrictions Pygmy rabbit: surface disturbing activities prohibited within 200 Ft. of occupied habitat. No surface disturbing or disruptive activities April 10 – July 10, or conduct clearance survey.
<b>Migratory Birds and sagebrush obligates:</b> Sage Thrasher Loggerhead Shrike Sage Sparrow Brewer's Sparrow Other migratory birds	Basin-prairie shrub, mountain foothill shrub Basin-prairie shrub, mountain foothill shrub Basin prairie shrub, mountain foothill shrub Basin-prairie shrub	Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No	Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No Yes   No	Surface disturbing and/or disruptive activities that have potential to cause destruction of nests, eggs or young of migratory birds will be prohibited during the period of May 1st to July 15th. A survey of the proposed disturbance area(s) may be conducted by the proponent to determine the presence/absence of nesting birds. Nest surveys must be conducted no more than 7 days prior to surface disturbing and/or disruptive activities.

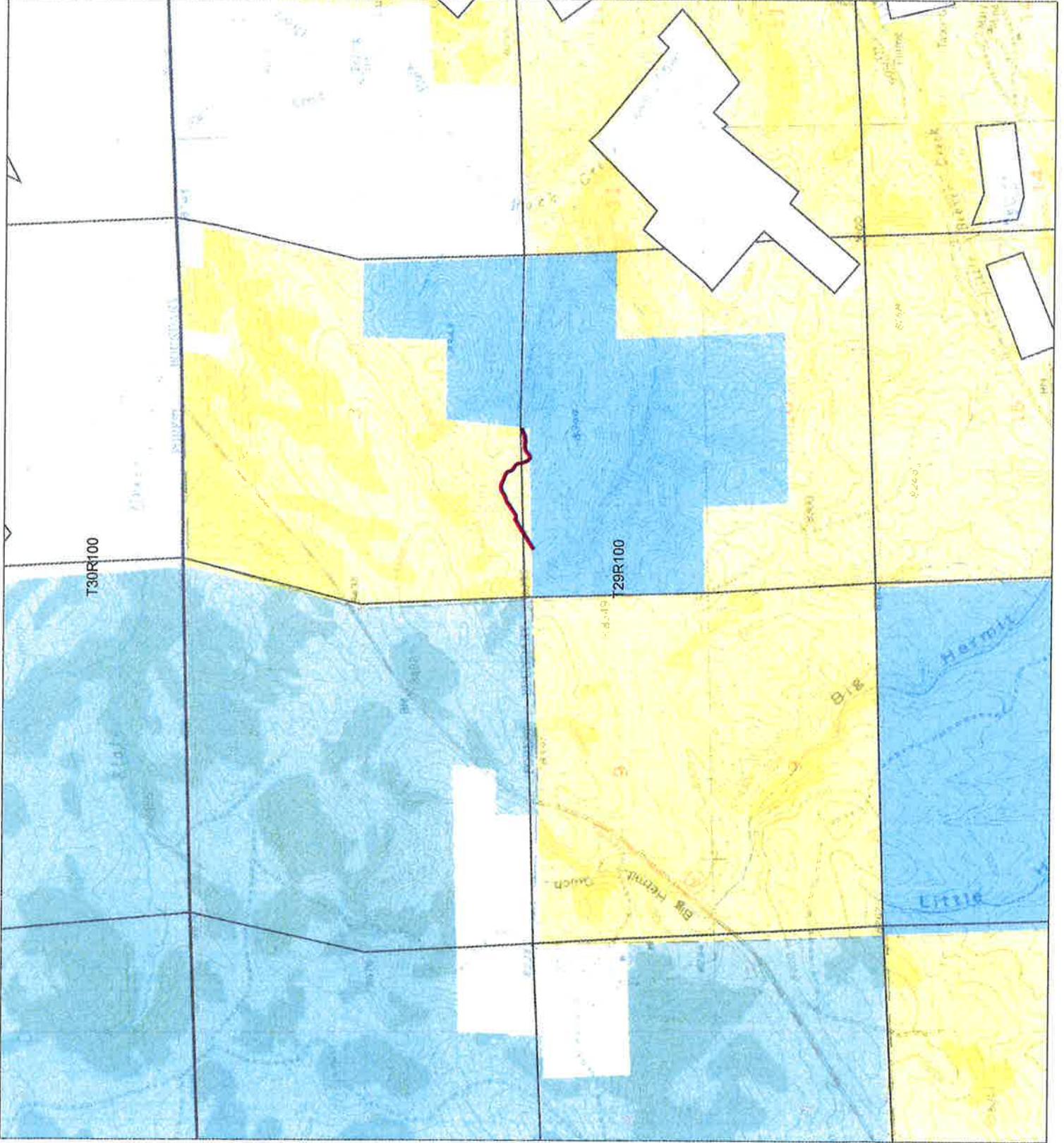
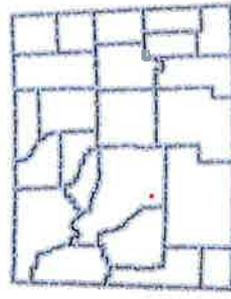
<b>Sensitive RIPARIAN/WETLAND OBLIGATES:</b>				
Yellow-billed Cuckoo	Open woodlands, streamside willow and alder groves	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Avoid habitat where possible and minimize disturbance  See comments for migratory birds above.
White-faced Ibis	Marshes, wet meadows	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Trumpeter Swan	Lakes, ponds, rivers	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
✓ Northern Leopard frog	Beaver ponds, permanent water in plains and foothills	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
✓ Great Basin spadefoot	Spring seeps, permanent and temporary waters	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
✓ Boreal toad (Northern Rocky Mtn. population)	Pond margins, wet meadows, riparian areas.	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
✓ Spotted frog	Ponds, sloughs, small streams	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Yellowstone cutthroat trout	Yellowstone drainage, small mountain streams and large rivers	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
<b>PLANTS:</b>				
Meadow Pussytoes	Moist, hummocky meadows, seeps or springs surrounded by sage/grasslands 4,950' – 7,900'	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Avoid habitat where possible and minimize disturbance  See comments for additional restrictions
Porter's Sagebrush	Sparsely vegetated badlands of ashy or tufaceous mudstone and clay slopes Elevation: 5,300 – 6,500 feet	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Meadow Milkvetch	Moist, often alkaline meadows, esp. at fringes of playa landscapes, and swales in sagebrush valleys or closed drainage basins (4400-6620 Ft.).	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Dubois Milkvetch	Barren shale, badlands, limestone, and redbed slopes and ridges 6,900' – 8,800"	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Limber Pine	Timberline and at lower elevation with sagebrush. Associated species are Rocky Mountain lodgepole pine, Engelmann spruce, whitebark pine, Rocky Mountain Douglas-fir, subalpine fir, Rocky Mountain juniper, Mountain Mahogany, and common juniper.	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes   No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Cedar Rim Thistle	Barren, chalky hills, gravelly slopes and fine-textured, sandy/shaley draws 6,700' – 7,200'	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	

Many-stemmed spider-flower	Whitish, alkali-rich, strongly hydrogen-sulfide scented soils bordering shallow, spring-fed playa lakes or dried lakebeds. Most abundant on damp, but not flooded, flats	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Owl Creek Miner's	Sandy-gravelly slopes on sandstone of the Wind River Formation 4,700' – 6,000'	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Fremont Bladderpod	Rocky limestone slopes and ridges 7,000' – 9,000'	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Avoid habitat where possible and minimize disturbance
Beaver Rim Phlox	Sparsely vegetated slopes on sand-stone, siltstone, or limestone substrates 6,000' – 7,4000'	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	See comments for additional restrictions
Rocky Mountain Twinpod	Sparsely vegetated, rocky slopes of limestone, sandstone or clay 5,600' – 8,300'	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Persistent Sepal Yellowcress	Riverbanks and shorelines, usually on sandy soils near high water line.	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Shoshonea	Shallow, stony calcareous soils of exposed limestone outcrops, ridgetops, and talus slopes 5,900' – 9,200'	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Barnaby's Clover	Ledges, crevices and seams on reddish-cream Nugget Sandstone outcrops 5,600' – 6,700'	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Yes   <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	

**COMMENTS:**

Wyoming State Forest  
 Access Road  
 WYW168584  
 08/29/2014  
 T. 29 N., R. 100 W.  
 Sec. 3: Lots 20, 21.

- Access Road
- LFO Boundary
- PLSS Sections
- PLSS Township\Range
- Improved Roads
- Surface Ownership
- SURFACE**
- Bureau of Land Management
- Forest Service
- Private
- State
- Water
- fremont\_county\_topos.sid
- RGB**
- Red: Band\_1
- Green: Band\_2
- Blue: Band\_3



Date: 8/29/2014

No warranty is made by the  
 Bureau of Land Management (BLM)  
 for use of the data for  
 purposes not intended by BLM.