

MAR 29 2016

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
BURNS DISTRICT OFFICE

CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW AND APPROVAL

A. Background

Subject Functional Code: 4130

Categorical Exclusion (CX) Number: DOI-BLM-ORWA-B060-2016-0016-CX

Date: 3/23/2016

Grazing Permit Number: 3601908

Preparer: Richard Knox

Title of Proposed Action: Livestock Grazing Permit #3601908 Renewal

Legal Description: Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment is located in southern Harney County, Oregon, south of Fields, Oregon. See attached vicinity map.

Oregon End Fenced Federal Range (FFR) Allotment is located in southern Harney County, Oregon, approximately 15 air miles southwest of Fields, Oregon. See attached vicinity map.

Description of Proposed Action: The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) would authorize grazing by cattle under grazing permit #3601908 on: Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment #6020 and Oregon End FFR #6102. This would permit livestock to graze on the allotments at the levels shown in the table below for a term not to exceed 10 years.

Allotment Name	Allotment Number	Livestock Type	Livestock Number	Season of Use	% Public Land (%PL)	Active Animal Unit Months (AUMS)
Pueblo-Lone Mountain	06020	Cattle	299	4/1-9/14	100	1643
			51	11/1-2/28		202
Oregon End FFR	06102	Cattle	20	4/1-10/31	100	138

The proposed action is a continuation of the current grazing management of the allotments. Since current management is consistent with BLM regulatory guidance and land use plan (LUP) objectives, and assessments of the allotments have found that standards for rangeland health have been achieved, there is no need for change from current management.

Terms and conditions of the permit: see attachment.

B. Conformance with LUP

LUP Name and Date Approved/Amended: Andrews Management Unit (AMU) Resource Management Plan (RMP)/Record of Decision (ROD) (approved July 2005), as amended by the Oregon Greater Sage-Grouse (GRSG) Approved RMP Amendment (ARMPA) and the ROD for the Great Basin region including the GRSG sub-regions of Idaho and Southwestern Montana, Nevada and Northeastern California, Oregon, and Utah (approved September 2015).

The proposed action is in conformance with the applicable LUP because it is specifically provided for in the following LUP decision(s): The AMU ROD and RMP identifies Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment, Management Category I (allotments that are managed to improve resource conditions and will receive the highest priority for funding and management actions upon approval of the LUP), as available for livestock grazing in Appendix J-24. The AMU ROD/RMP identifies Oregon End FFR Allotment, Management Category C (The "custodial" category is

for allotments with a very low ratio of public land to private land and low resource value), as available for livestock grazing in Appendix J-47. The RMP expectation is continued livestock grazing at current levels unless changes are shown to be warranted through rangeland monitoring as analyzed through standards for rangeland health assessments and other evaluation. These allotments have been assessed and determined to be achieving all standards for rangeland health; no change in livestock grazing levels is warranted.

C. Standards for Rangeland Health Assessment

The Oregon and Washington standards for rangeland health (further referred to as standards) have been achieved and are conforming to guidelines for livestock grazing management (further referred to as guidelines; standards and guidelines together are referred to as S&Gs; 43 CFR 4180.2, 1997).

A trend/monitoring analysis, S&G assessment, and allotment evaluation for Pueblo-Lone Mountain and Oregon End FFR Allotments were completed in 2014/2015 and determined that the allotments were achieving standards and conforming to the guidelines (43 CFR 4180.2; Standards for Rangeland Health and Guidelines for Grazing Management for Public Lands in Oregon and Washington, 1997). The following standards are currently being achieved or are not applicable:

- (1) Watershed Function - Uplands
- (2) Watershed Function - Riparian
- (3) Ecological Processes
- (4) Water Quality
- (5) Native, Threatened or Endangered (T&E), and Locally Important Species

The applicant has a satisfactory record of performance and is in substantial compliance with the terms and conditions of the existing grazing permit.

D. Other Applicable Plans/Strategies

The proposed permit renewal has also been found to be in conformance with one or more of the following BLM plans or programmatic strategies:

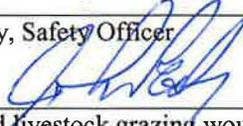
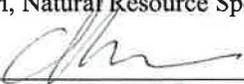
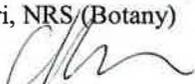
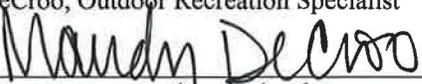
This instruction memorandum (IM) provides additional policy guidance on using this CX:
IM 2015-121, Implementing Amended Section 402(h)(1) of Federal Land Policy and Management Act [FLPMA] – Using a Categorical Exclusion when Issuing a Grazing Permit or Lease.

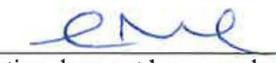
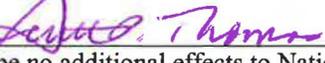
E. Compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (of 1969) (NEPA)

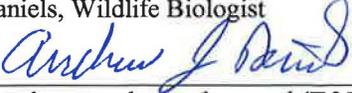
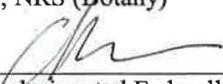
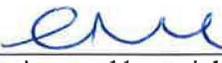
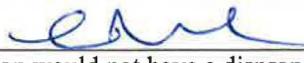
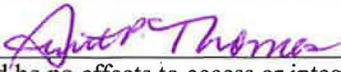
Section 402 of FLPMA of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1752), as amended by the Carl Levin and Howard P. 'Buck' McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015: section 402(c)(2), in accordance with section 401(a) of FLPMA, authorizes permits and leases to a qualified applicant for domestic livestock grazing on public lands to be for a term of ten years, subject to terms and conditions consistent with the governing law. Section 402(h)(1), NEPA of 1969, of FLPMA states that in general - the issuance of a grazing permit or lease by the Secretary concerned may be categorically excluded from the requirement to prepare an environmental assessment (EA) or an environmental impact statement (EIS) under NEPA of 1969 (42 U.S.C. et seq.) if; 1. The issued permit or lease continues the current grazing management of the allotment; and 2. Land health assessment or evaluations have been completed in accordance with Manual Handbook H-4180-1; and 3. Based on the assessment and evaluation the authorized official concludes that the allotment (a) is meeting land health standards; or (b) is not meeting land health standards due to factors other than existing livestock grazing. The grazing permit/lease being renewed under this CX meets these requirements.

This CX review was conducted by an interdisciplinary team (IDT) which utilized all available allotment information to make a recommendation. As documented below, the IDT found that the proposed action did not trigger any of the extraordinary circumstances described in 516 Departmental Manual (DM) 2, Appendix 2.

Screening for Exceptions: The following extraordinary circumstances (516 DM 2, Appendix 2) may apply to individual actions within the categorical exceptions. The indicated specialist recommends the proposed action does *not*:

CX EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES DOCUMENTATION	
2.1	Have significant impacts on public health or safety.
Specialist: John Petty, Safety Officer	
Signature and Date:  3/23/16	
Rationale: Continued livestock grazing would not result in new impacts on public health or safety.	
2.2	Have significant impacts on such natural resources and unique geographic characteristics as historic or cultural resources; park, recreation, or refuge lands; wilderness areas; wild or scenic rivers (WSR); national natural landmarks; sole or principal drinking water aquifers; prime farmlands; wetlands (Executive Order 11990); flood plains (Executive Order 11988); national monuments; migratory birds; and other ecologically significant or critical areas.
<u>Migratory Birds</u>	
Specialist: Andrew Daniels, Wildlife Biologist	
Signature and Date:  3/24/16	
Rationale: The proposed action to continue livestock grazing as it currently exists would not alter any of the available landscape; there would be no effect to migratory birds or their habitat.	
<u>Historic and Cultural Resources</u>	
Specialist: Scott Thomas, District Archeologist	
Signature and Date:  3/24/16	
Rationale: There would be no additional effects to cultural or historic resources associated with this proposed action.	
<u>Areas of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC)/Research Natural Areas (RNA)</u>	
Specialist: Caryn Burri, Natural Resource Specialist (NRS) (Botany)	
Signature and Date:  3/24/16	
Rationale: There are two RNAs located within the Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment, Pueblo Foothills and Long Draw. Current grazing management practices have not negatively impacted the RNAs; therefore, renewing the grazing permit with no changes would not impact the RNAs.	
<u>Water Resources/Flood Plains</u>	
Specialist: Jarod Lemos, NRS (Riparian)	
Signature and Date:  3/25/16	
Rationale: The proposed action to continue livestock grazing as it currently exists within the Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment and Oregon End FFR would not negatively affect any flood plain or any of the available water resources on BLM-administered land.	
<u>Soils, Biological Soil Crust (BSC), Prime Farmlands</u>	
Specialist: Caryn Burri, NRS (Botany)	
Signature and Date:  3/24/16	
Rationale: Based on current trend, impacts to soils and BSCs are not measurable under the current grazing management practices. No new impacts to soils and BSCs would result with the renewal of the existing grazing permit. There are no prime farmlands within the allotments.	
<u>Recreation/Visual Resources</u>	
Specialist: Mandy DeCruo, Outdoor Recreation Specialist	
Signature and Date:  3/23/16	
Rationale: No new impacts to recreation or visual resources would result from the renewal of the grazing permit as it currently exists.	

<u>Wilderness/WSR Resources</u>	
Specialist: Tom Wilcox, Outdoor Recreation Specialist	
Signature and Date:	 3/23/2016
Rationale: There are three wilderness study areas (WSA) within the allotments of this permit: Rincon WSA, Hawk Mountain WSA, and Pueblo Mountains WSA. There are no WSRs, lands with wilderness characteristics, or wilderness within these allotments. The current grazing management practices have not negatively impacted the WSAs; therefore, no new impacts to these special management areas would occur with the renewal of the grazing permit.	
2.3 Have highly controversial environmental effects or involve unresolved conflicts concerning alternative uses of available resources (NEPA Section 102(2)(E)).	
Specialist: Emily Erwin, District Planning and Environmental Coordinator	
Signature and Date:	 3/23/2016
Rationale: There are no highly controversial environment effects or unresolved conflicts concerning alternative uses of available resources. The permit renewal is for an existing permit within an existing allotment; the standards for rangeland health have been achieved, and there will be no change from current management.	
2.4 Have highly uncertain and potentially significant environmental effects or involve unique or unknown environmental risks.	
Specialist: Emily Erwin, District Planning and Environmental Coordinator	
Signature and Date:	 3/23/2016
Rationale: There are no highly uncertain and potentially significant environmental effects, nor are unique or unknown environmental risks involved. The permit renewal is for an existing permit within an existing allotment; the standards for rangeland health have been achieved, and there will be no change from current management.	
2.5 Establish a precedent for future action or represent a decision in principle about future actions with potentially significant environmental effects.	
Specialist: Emily Erwin, District Planning and Environmental Coordinator	
Signature and Date:	 3/23/2016
Rationale: Implementation would not set precedence for future actions or represent a decision in principle about future actions with potentially significant environmental effects. The permit renewal is for an existing permit within an existing allotment; the standards for rangeland health have been achieved, and there will be no change from current management.	
2.6 Have a direct relationship to other actions with individually insignificant but cumulatively significant environmental effects.	
Specialist: Emily Erwin, District Planning and Environmental Coordinator	
Signature and Date:	 3/23/2016
Rationale: Implementation does not have any known direct relationship to other actions with individually insignificant but cumulatively significant environmental effects. The permit renewal is for an existing permit within an existing allotment; the standards for rangeland health have been achieved, and there will be no change from current management.	
2.7 Have significant impacts on properties listed, or eligible for listing, on the National Register of Historic Places as determined by either the bureau or office.	
Specialist: Scott Thomas, District Archeologist	
Signature and Date:	 3-24-16
Rationale: There will be no additional effects to National Register eligible sites associated with this proposed action.	

<p>2.8 Have significant impacts on species listed, or proposed to be listed, on the List of Endangered or Threatened Species, or have significant impacts on designated critical habitat for these species.</p>
<p><u>Endangered or Threatened Species - Fauna</u> Specialist: Andrew Daniels, Wildlife Biologist</p>
<p>Signature and Date:  3/24/16</p>
<p>Rationale: There are no threatened or endangered (T&E) species in these allotments, so there would be no effect to these species as a result of the proposed action. There will be no changes occurring on the ground to alter the available habitat that is currently there. A portion of the allotment falls within priority habitat management area (PHMA) or general habitat management area (GHMA). S&Gs indicate Standard 5 is being achieved. Therefore, issuance of a new permit under the same terms and conditions would not have new impacts to sage-grouse or sage-grouse habitat.</p>
<p><u>Endangered or Threatened Species - Aquatic</u> Specialist: Jarod Lemos, NRS (Riparian)</p>
<p>Signature and Date:  3/23/16</p>
<p>Rationale: Lahontan Cutthroat Trout (LCT) are listed as threatened under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) and are present as a recovery population within Van Horn Creek, which is located within the Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment. Current grazing management is having a positive effect on the riparian habitat along Van Horn Creek, allowing for improved woody species regeneration. Continuing the existing use does not negatively affect the threatened LCT.</p>
<p><u>Endangered or Threatened Species - Flora</u> Specialist: Caryn Burri, NRS (Botany)</p>
<p>Signature and Date:  3/24/16</p>
<p>Rationale: There are no designated Federally listed T&E plant species, nor designated critical habitat within the Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment or Oregon End FFR. There is one BLM-designated special status plant species, <i>Agastache cusickii</i> (Cusick's giant hyssop), located in the Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment. This species is listed on the Oregon Biodiversity Information Center (ORBIC) website as a G3/G4, which means that it is rare but currently secure in its habitat. Current grazing management practices are not affecting the survival of this species; therefore, renewal of the existing grazing permit would not trend this species towards a higher, more critical listing.</p>
<p>2.9 Violate a Federal law, or a State, local, or tribal law or requirement imposed for the protection of the environment.</p>
<p>Specialist: Emily Erwin, District Planning and Environmental Coordinator</p>
<p>Signature and Date:  3/23/2016</p>
<p>Rationale: Implementation would not violate any known law or regulation imposed for the protection of the environment. The permit renewal is for an existing permit within an existing allotment; the standards for rangeland health have been achieved, and there will be no change from current management.</p>
<p>2.10 Have a disproportionately high and adverse effect on low income or minority populations (Executive Order 12898).</p>
<p>Specialist: Emily Erwin, District Planning and Environmental Coordinator</p>
<p>Signature and Date:  3/23/2016</p>
<p>Rationale: Implementation would not have a disproportionately high or adverse effect on low income or minority populations as such populations do not exist within the project area.</p>
<p>2.11 Limit access to and ceremonial use of Indian sacred sites on Federal lands by Indian religious practitioners or significantly adversely affect the physical integrity of such sacred sites (Executive Order 13007).</p>
<p>Specialist: Scott Thomas, District Archeologist</p>
<p>Signature and Date:  3/24/16</p>
<p>Rationale: There would be no effects to access or integrity of Indian sacred sites associated with this proposed action because there are no known specific sacred sites in the project area.</p>

2.12 Contribute to the introduction, continued existence, or spread of noxious weeds or nonnative invasive species known to occur in the area or actions that may promote the introduction, growth, or expansion of the range of such species (Federal Noxious Weed Control Act and Executive Order 13112).

Specialist: Lesley Richman, NRS (Weeds)

Signature and Date: Lesley Richman 3/23/2016

Rationale: Noxious weeds are known to be present in and in close proximity to these allotments. Treatments are ongoing. The weeds are currently not present in sufficient quantity to be considered a significant impact in these allotments.

F. Signatures

Additional review (as determined by the authorized officer):

Specialist: Stacy Fenton, Geographic Information Specialist

Signature: Stacy Fenton Date: 3/23/16

RMP conformance and CX review confirmation:

Specialist: Emily Erwin, Planning and Environmental Coordinator

Signature: Emily Erwin Date: 3/23/2016

Management Determination: Based upon review of this proposal, I have determined the proposed action is in conformance with the LUP, qualifies as a CX, and does not require further NEPA analysis.

Authorized Officer: Rhonda Karges, Andrews/Steens Resource Area Field Manager

Signature: Rhonda Karges Date: 3/28/16

G. Contact Person:

For additional information concerning this CX review, contact Richard Knox, Rangeland Management Specialist, BLM, Burns District Office, 28910 Highway 20 West, Hines, Oregon 97738, (541) 541-4400.

Decision: It is my proposed decision to implement the proposed action as described above (section "A" of the CX) to issue a fully processed, 10-year grazing permit for the Pueblo-Lone Mountain and Oregon End FFR Allotments.

Rationale: The BLM has disclosed in the CX the relevant and applicable information available to the agency. The information in the CX is a summary of the information used to support the conclusions made in the CX. The following is the rationale I used to support my decision.

Grazing Permit: Record of Performance: Pursuant to 43 CFR 4110.1(b)(1), a grazing permit may not be renewed if the permittee seeking renewal has an unsatisfactory record of performance with respect to the previous grazing permit. Accordingly, I have reviewed your record as a grazing permit holder for the Pueblo-Lone Mountain and Oregon End FFR Allotments, and have determined that you have a satisfactory record of performance relative to compliance with terms and conditions of your existing permit and are a qualified applicant for the purposes of a permit renewal.

The grazing permit/lease being renewed under this CX meets the following requirements in accordance with section 402 of FLPMA of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1752) as amended by the Carl Levin and Howard P. 'Buck' McKeon National Defense Authorization Act:

- The issued permit or lease continues the current grazing management of the allotment;
- A land health assessment and evaluation have been completed in accordance with Manual Handbook H-4180-1;
- The authorized officer concludes from the findings of the evaluation report that: a. the allotment subject to evaluation is meeting land health standards, or b. the allotment subject to evaluation is not meeting standards due to factors other than livestock grazing.

Because this proposed decision continues current grazing management, the terms and conditions will be the same between the existing and renewed grazing permits.

There will be no new impacts or effects as a result of issuance of a new permit. This proposed decision does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment; therefore, neither an EA nor an EIS is required (40 CFR 1508.4). Refer to the CX.

Rangeland Health: Rangeland Health Determination was completed in 2015 and indicated all standards present were being achieved, including Standard 5 (Federal T&E species, Federal proposed, Category 1 and 2 Federal candidates, and other special status species (SSS)) which includes sage-grouse.

The utilization level as measured at the end of the growing season will not exceed 60 percent on non-native seedings and 50 percent on native, herbaceous forage plants, on a pasture average basis, as stated in the Andrews RMP/ROD, page 54.

Greater Sage-Grouse: The BLM specialists noted no sage-grouse related concerns during the rangeland health assessment. In the CX, BLM determined that continuing current grazing management (the proposed action) would not have a significant effect on sage-grouse as no new impacts would result with renewal of the grazing permit.

In addition, BLM has determined that this proposed decision is in conformance with the September 18, 2015, ARMPA for GRS in Oregon.

The BLM CX considered and disclosed the potential impacts of the permit renewal on GRS, indicating there are no changes to sage-grouse or currently existing habitat. The Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment is in a sagebrush focal area (SFA). There are 143,021 acres of GHMA and 72,890 acres of PHMA within the two allotments. Seventy-four thousand seventy (74,070) acres of the allotments are within the Pueblo/South Steens priority area of conservation (PAC). Spatial data, including allotment boundaries and sage-grouse habitat, are available online¹.

This proposed decision conforms to lek buffer distances listed in Table 2-3 of the GRS ARMPA (page 2-8) and direction to not congregate livestock during the breeding season between March 1 through June 30 (GRS ARMPA, page 2-19). The existing fences within 1.2 miles of a lek are already marked, and the decision does not include upgrading existing primitive roads in the allotments (GRS ARMPA pages 2-31 and 2-32).

Grazing management monitoring typically focuses on livestock management and vegetation response. Livestock management will be monitored through use supervision, actual use reporting, and photo documentation. The BLM will follow the monitoring requirements in the management decisions for livestock grazing identified in the September 18, 2015, ARMPA for GRS in Oregon (pages 2-17 to 2-21), as well as the GRS Monitoring Framework (Appendix D), the Adaptive Management Strategy (Appendix J), the AMP dated August 1995, and the Andrews Resource Area RMP/ROD (August 2005).

Wilderness and WSAs: The BLM has appropriately disclosed and analyzed the effects of the proposed action on designated wilderness areas, WSAs, and lands with wilderness characteristics. The CX concludes no new impacts to

¹Spatial data is available at the following website: <http://www.blm.gov/or/energy/opportunity/final/data.php>.

WSAs will result with the renewal of the grazing permit. Wilderness and lands with wilderness characteristics are not present.

Authority: The authorities under which this decision is being issued include the Taylor Grazing Act of 1934, as amended; FLPMA of 1976, as promulgated through 43 CFR 4100, Grazing Administration – Exclusive of Alaska; and 43 CFR 1601.0-5(b). My decision is issued under the following specific regulations:

- 4100.0-8 LUPs: The Andrews RMP/ROD designates the Pueblo-Lone Mountain and Oregon End FFR Allotments available for livestock grazing and the permit is in conformance with the LUP as defined at 43 CFR 1601.0-5(b);
- 4130.2 Grazing permits or leases: Grazing permits may be issued to qualified applicants on lands designated as available for livestock grazing. Grazing permits shall be issued for a term of 10 years unless the authorized officer determines that a lesser term is in the best interest of sound management;
- 4130.3 Terms and conditions: Grazing permits must specify the terms and conditions that are needed to achieve desired resource conditions, including both mandatory and other terms and conditions;
- 4180 Fundamentals of Rangeland Health and Standards and Guidelines for Grazing Administration: The allotment(s) covered in this decision are meeting S&Gs or, if not meeting, the causal factor is not current livestock grazing.

Protest and Appeal Procedures:

Protest: Any applicant, permittee, lessee, or other interested public may protest a proposed decision under 43 CFR 4160.1 and 4160.2, in person or in writing, to Rhonda Karges, Andrews/Steens Resource Area Field Manager, Burns District Office, 28910 Highway 20 West, Hines, Oregon 97738, within 15 days after receipt of such decision. The protest, if filed, should clearly and concisely state the reason(s) why the proposed decision is in error.

A written protest electronically transmitted (e.g., email, facsimile, or social media) will not be accepted; a written protest must be printed or typed on paper and delivered to BLM in person or by mail. A written protest must be received by the BLM no later than the end of the protest period by the ordinary close of business for the day. A protest made in person must be made to the authorizing official, or designee, by the end of the protest period by the ordinary close of business for the day.

In the absence of a protest, the proposed decision will become the final decision of the authorized officer without further notice unless otherwise provided in the proposed decision.

Appeal: Any applicant, permittee, lessee, or other person whose interest is adversely affected by the final decision may file an appeal of the decision. An appellant may also file a petition for stay of the decision pending final determination on appeal. The appeal and petition for stay must be filed in the office of the authorized officer, in person or in writing, to Rhonda Karges, Andrews/Steens Resource Area Field Manager, Burns District Office, 28910 Highway 20 West, Hines, Oregon 97738, within 30 days following receipt of the final decision.

The appeal must be in writing and shall clearly and concisely state the reasons why the appellant thinks the final decision is in error and also must comply with the provisions of 43 CFR 4.470. The appellant must also serve a copy of the appeal by certified mail on the Office of the Solicitor, U.S. Department of the Interior, 805 SW Broadway, Suite 600, Portland, Oregon 97205, and on any person(s) named in the final decision, including in the **Copies sent to:** section of the final decision (43 CFR 4.470(a)).

A petition for stay, if filed, shall show sufficient justification based on the following standards (43 CFR 4.471(c)).

- (1) The relative harm to the parties if the stay is granted or denied;
- (2) The likelihood of the appellant's success on the merits;
- (3) The likelihood of immediate and irreparable harm if the stay is not granted; and
- (4) Whether the public interest favors granting the stay.

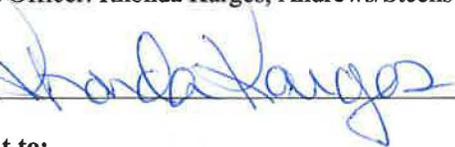
As noted above, the petition for stay must be filed in the office of the authorized officer. The appellant must also serve a copy of the petition for stay by certified mail on the Office of the Solicitor, U.S. Department of the Interior,

and on any person(s) named in the final decision, including in the **Copies sent to:** section of the final decision (43 CFR 4.471(b)).

A notice of appeal and/or request for stay electronically transmitted (e.g., email, facsimile, or social media) will not be accepted. A notice of appeal and/or request for stay must be on paper.

Authorized Officer: Rhonda Karges, Andrews/Steens Resource Area Field Manager

Signature: _____



Date: _____

3/28/16

Copies sent to:

The Honorable Steven E. Grasty
Harney County Courthouse
450 N. Buena Vista Avenue #5
Burns, Oregon 97720
Certified mail – 7015-1660-0001-0465-2307
Return receipt requested

Rod Klus
Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife
P.O. Box 8
Hines, Oregon 97738
Certified mail – 7015-1660-0001-0465-2291
Return receipt requested

Charlotte Rodrique
Tribal Council Chairperson
Burns Paiute Tribe
100 PaSiGo Street
Burns, Oregon 97720
Certified mail – 7015-1660-0001-0465-2284
Return receipt requested

Dan Morse
Oregon Natural Desert Association
50 SW Bond Street, Suite E
Bend, Oregon 97702
Certified mail – 7015-1660-0001-0465-2277
Return receipt requested

Peter M. Lacey
Oregon Natural Desert Association
917 SW Oak Street, Suite 419
Portland, Oregon 97205
Certified mail – 7015-1660-0001-0465-2260
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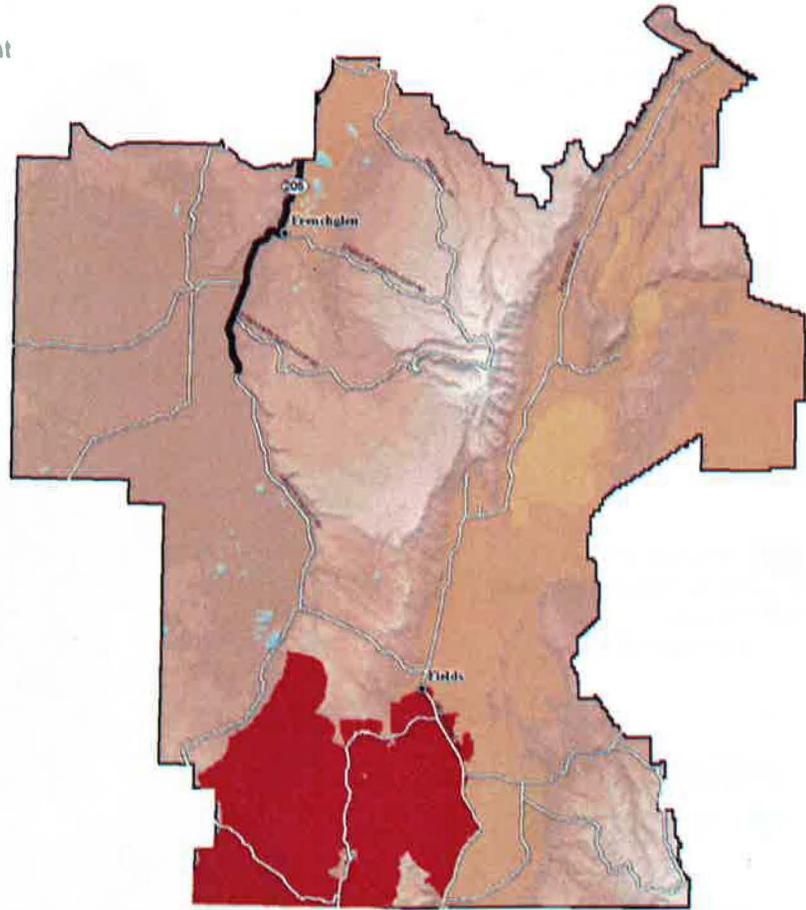
Western Watershed Project
P.O. Box 1602
Hailey, Idaho 83333
Certified mail – 7015-1660-0001-0465-2253
Return receipt requested

Wildlands Defense
P.O. Box 125
Boise, Idaho 83701
Certified mail – 7015-1660-0001-0465-2246
Return receipt requested


Fields, Oregon 97710
Certified mail – 7015-1660-0001-0465-2239
Return receipt requested


Denio, Nevada 89404
Certified mail – 7015-1660-0001-0465-2222
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Map A
Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment
Andrews Resource Area



- Allotment Boundary
- Andrews Resource Area Boundary
- Highways
- Not All Roads Are Shown

This is a map made by the Bureau of Land Management as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of these data for individual or aggregate use with other data. Original data may be compiled from various sources and may be updated without notification.



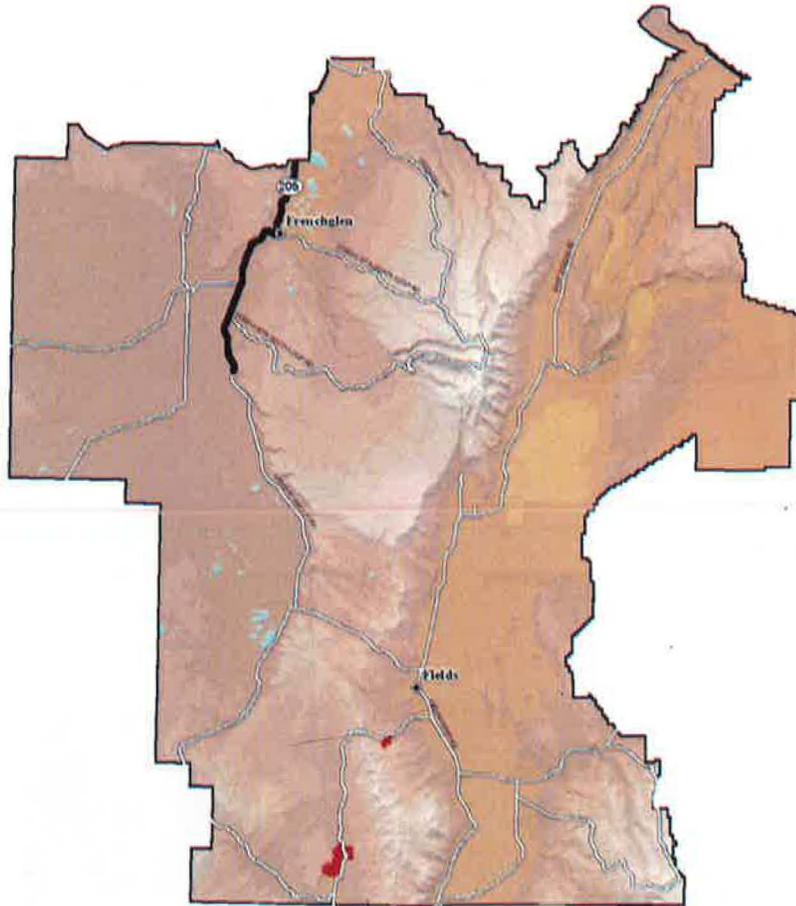
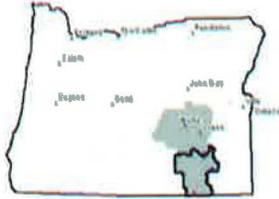
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
 Bureau of Land Management
 Burns District, Oregon



01/2015
 2015 Map Update 2015



Map B
Oregon End FFR
Andrews Resource Area



- Allotment Boundary
- Andrews Resource Area Boundary
- Highways
- Not All Roads Are Shown

Note: No warranty is made by the Bureau of Land Management as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of these data for individual or aggregate use with other data. Original data were compiled from various sources and may be updated without notification.

US DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
 Bureau of Land Management
 Salem, Oregon
 11/20/08
 WMA001 Oregon END

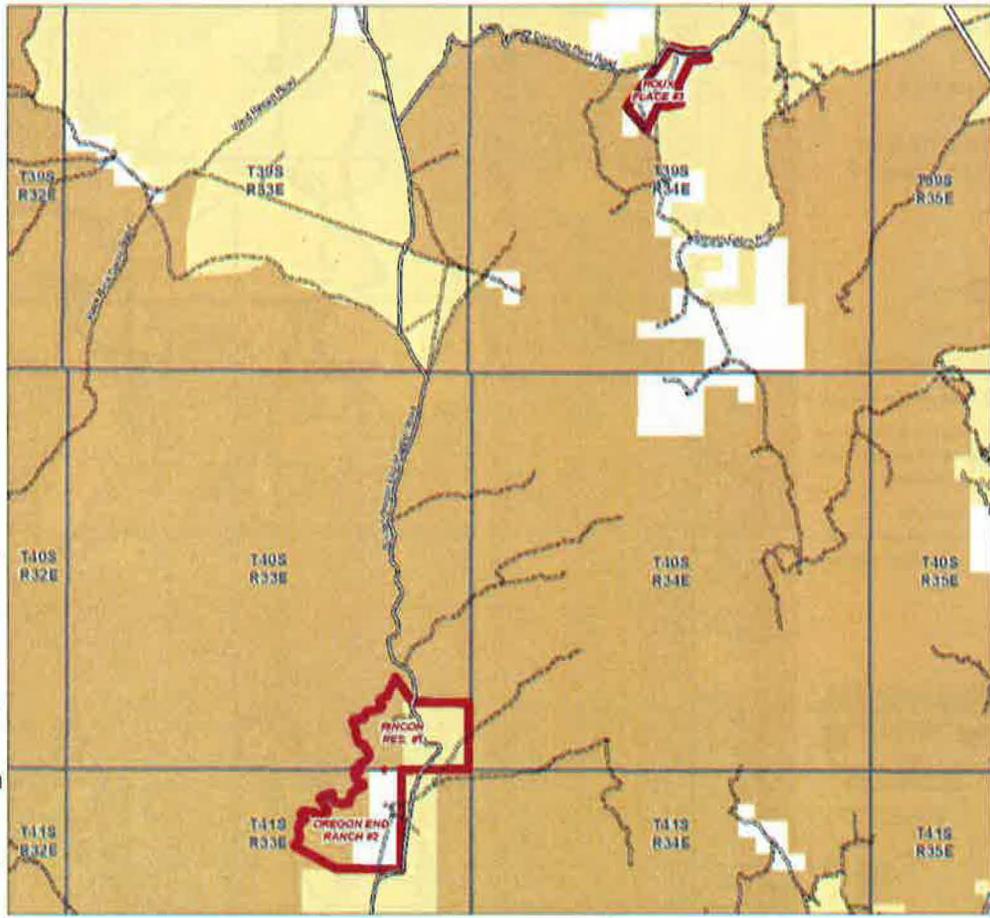
Map B

Oregon End
FFR

-  Allotments
-  Pastures
-  BLM Wilderness Study Area
-  Bureau of Land Management
Private/Unknown
-  Paved Road
-  Non-Paved Improved Road
-  Natural/Unknown Road Surface

THIS MAP WAS PREPARED BY THE BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL SYSTEM OF PUBLIC LANDS
MANAGEMENT ACT AND THE FEDERAL LAND MANAGEMENT POLICY
MANAGEMENT ACT. THE BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION
CONTAINED HEREIN.

BLM
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
1980

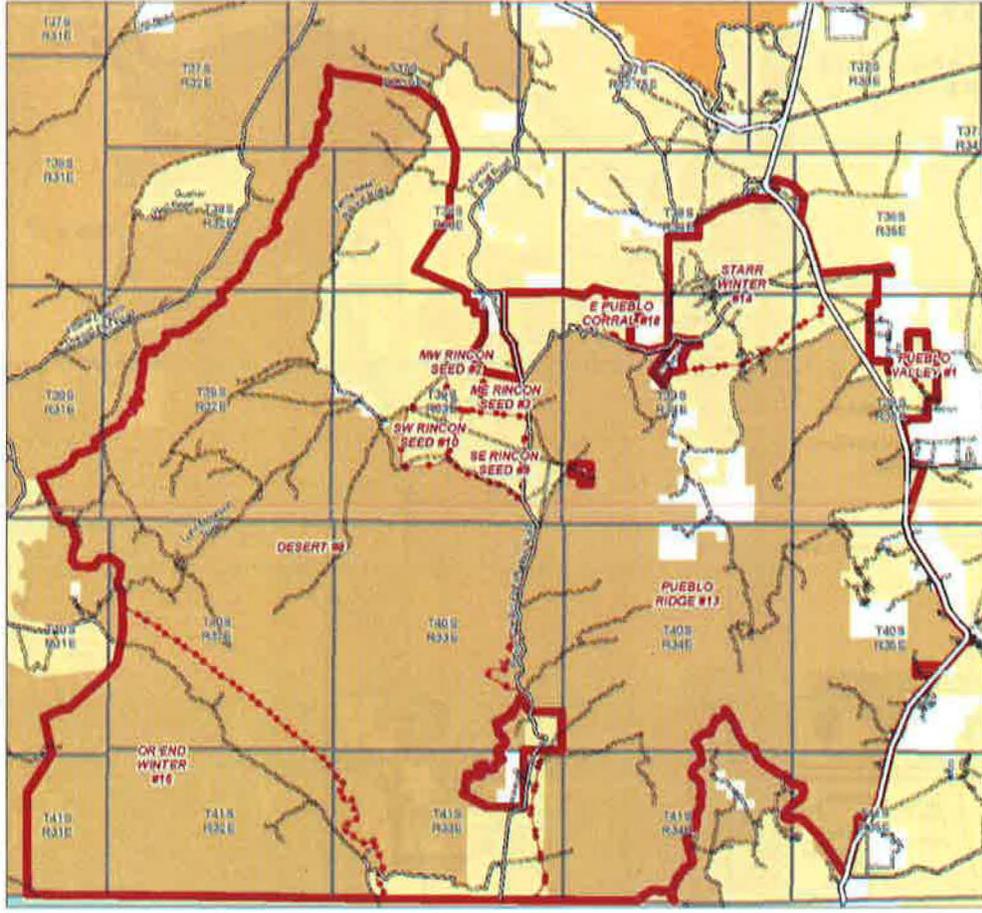


Map B

Pueblo-Lone Mountain Allotment

-  Allotments
-  Pastures
-  Beens Min Wilderness
-  BLM Wilderness Study Area
-  Bureau of Land Management
-  U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
-  Private/Unknown
-  Paved Road
-  Non-Paved Improved Road
-  Tribal/Unknown Road Surface

Map prepared by the Bureau of Land Management
 on the basis of the following information:
 - Aerial photography
 - Topographic maps
 - Field notes
 - Other available information



Standard Terms and Conditions

1. Grazing permit or lease terms and conditions and the fees charged for grazing use are established in accordance with the provisions of the grazing regulations now or hereafter approved by the Secretary of the Interior.
2. They are subject to cancellation, in whole or in part, at any time because of:
 - a. Noncompliance by the permittee/lessee with rules and regulations.
 - b. Loss of control by the permittee/lessee of all or a part of the property upon which it is based.
 - c. A transfer of grazing preference by the permittee/lessee to another party.
 - d. A decrease in the lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management within the allotment(s) described.
 - e. Repeated willful unauthorized grazing use.
 - f. Loss of qualifications to hold a permit or lease.
3. They are subject to the terms and conditions of allotment management plans if such plans have been prepared. Allotment management plans MUST be incorporated in permits or leases when completed.
4. Those holding permits or leases MUST own or control and be responsible for the management of livestock authorized to graze.
5. The authorized officer may require counting and/or additional or special marking or tagging of the livestock authorized to graze.
6. The permittee's/lessee's grazing case file is available for public inspection as required by the Freedom of Information Act.
7. Grazing permits or leases are subject to the nondiscrimination clauses set forth in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1964, as amended. A copy of this order may be obtained from the authorized officer.
8. Livestock grazing use that is different from that authorized by a permit or lease MUST be applied for prior to the grazing period and MUST be filed with and approved by the authorized officer before grazing use can be made.
9. Billing notices are issued which specify fees due. Billing notices, when paid, become a part of the grazing permit or lease. Grazing use cannot be authorized during any period of delinquency in the payment of amounts due, including settlement for unauthorized use.
10. The holder of this authorization must notify the authorized officer immediately upon the discovery of human remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony (cultural items), stop the activity in the area of the discovery and make a reasonable effort to protect the remains and/or cultural items.
11. Grazing fee payments are due on the date specified on the billing notice and MUST be paid in full within 15 days of the due date, except as otherwise provided in the grazing permit or lease. If payment is not made within that time frame, a late fee (the greater of \$25 or 10 percent of the amount owed but not more than \$250) will be assessed.
12. No Member of, or Delegate to, Congress or Resident Commissioner, after his/her election of appointment, or either before or after he/she has qualified, and during his/her continuance in office, and no officer, agent, or employee of the Department of the Interior, other than members of Advisory committees appointed in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.1) and Sections 309 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) shall be admitted to any share or part in a permit or lease, or derive any benefit to arise therefrom; and the provision of Section 3741 Revised Statute (41 U.S.C. 22), 18 U.S.C. Sections 431-433, and 43 CFR Part 7, enter into and form a part of a grazing permit or lease, so far as the same may be applicable.

THIS GRAZING PERMIT:

1. CONVEYS NO RIGHT, TITLE OR INTEREST HELD BY THE UNITED STATES IN ANY LANDS OR RESOURCES
2. IS SUBJECT TO (A) MODIFICATION, SUSPENSION OR CANCELLATION AS REQUIRED BY LAND PLANS AND APPLICABLE LAW; (B) ANNUAL REVIEW AND MODIFICATION OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS AS APPROPRIATE; AND (C) THE TAYLOR GRAZING ACT, AS AMENDED, THE FEDERAL LAND POLICY AND MANAGEMENT ACT, AS AMENDED, THE PUBLIC RANGELANDS IMPROVEMENT ACT, AND THE RULES AND REGULATIONS NOW OR HEREAFTER PROMULGATED THEREUNDER BY THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.