

ASDO NEPA DOCUMENT ROUTING SHEET

NEPA Document Number: **DOI-BLM-AZ-A020-2014-0004-CX**

Project Title: **BBC Scotland Documentary Filming Permit AZA 036531**

Project Lead: **Laurie Ford**

Date that any scoping meeting was conducted: N/A

Date that concurrent, electronic distribution for review was initiated: May 2, 2014

Deadline for receipt of responses: **Thursday, May 15, 2014**

ID Team/Required Reviewers will be determined at scoping meeting or as a default the following:

Gloria Benson, Tribal Liaison
Whit Bunting, Range/Vegetation/Weeds/S&G
Laurie Ford, Lands/Realty/Minerals
Diana Hawks, Recreation/Wilderness/VRM
John Herron, Cultural Resources
Ray Klein, GCPNM Supervisory Ranger
Jace Lambeth, Special Status Plants
John Sims, Supervisory Law Enforcement
Richard Spotts, Environmental Coordinator
Jeff Young, Wildlife/T&E Animals
Lorraine Christian, Field Manager, ASFO

Required Recipients of electronic distribution E-mails only (not reminders):

Steve Rosenstock (E-mail address: srosenstock@azgfd.gov)
Daniel Bulletts (E-mail address: dbulletts@kaibabpaiute-nsn.gov)
Peter Bungart (E-mail address: pbungart@circaculture.com)
Dawn Hubbs (E-mail address: dawn.hubbs101@gmail.com)

(Mr. Rosenstock is an Arizona Game and Fish Department (AGFD) habitat program manager. Mr. Bulletts is acting Environmental Program Director for the Kaibab Paiute Tribe (KPT). Mr. Bungart and Ms. Hubbs are cultural staff for the Hualapai Tribe. They may review and/or forward on ASDO NEPA documents to other employees. If a Project Lead receives comments from any AGFD employee on their draft NEPA document, they should include them in the complete set/administrative record and share them with Jeff Young as the ASDO Wildlife Team Lead. Mr. Young will then recommend how these comments should be addressed. If a Project Lead receives comments from any KPT or Hualapai Tribe employee, they should include them in the complete set/administrative record and share them with Gloria Benson as the ASDO Tribal Liaison. Ms. Benson will then recommend how these comments should be addressed.)

Discretionary Reviewers:

Kevin Wright, Monument Manager, VCNM

**NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT (NEPA)
COMPLIANCE RECORD FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS (CX)
U.S. Department of Interior
Bureau of Land Management**

PART I. – PROPOSED ACTION

BLM Office: Vermilion Cliffs National
Monument

NEPA No.: DOI-BLM-AZ-A020-2014-0004-CX
Case File No.: AZA 036531

Proposed Action Title/Type: BBC Scotland Documentary Filming Permit

Applicant: Kate T. Pringle, BBC Scotland, Zone 3-31, 40 Pacific Quay, Glasgow, UK G51 1DA

Location of Proposed Action: The proposed action would take place on one acre or less within the following described area and as shown on the attached map:

Gila and Salt River Meridian, Arizona

T. 39 N., R. 3 E.,
secs. 13, 22, and 23.

T. 39 N., R. 7 E.,
sec. 7,
tract 37.

Description of Proposed Action: The British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) has submitted an application to film the Vermilion Cliffs which have been chosen to feature as part of a new BBC documentary series called "Earth's Natural Wonders" to be broadcast to a global audience. The ambition is to use breath-taking cinematography, not only to capture the timeless beauty of the Colorado Plateau and its river basins, but also to tell the inspiring conservation story of California condor and its ancient relationship with these formations. The spectacular natural history of the condors would be photographed/filmed from key viewpoints in the Vermilion Cliffs, as well as general views of the Vermilion Cliffs National Monument. The monumental human effort that has been required to bring the condor back from the brink would also be highlighted, including the vital partnership between the Bureau of Land Management and The Peregrine Fund condor reintroduction project.

The work of The Peregrine Fund condor reintroduction project team in Vermilion Cliffs would be filmed including staff members as they go about their field work. The BBC crew would consist of two people continually working under the guidance of Chris Parish and his colleagues with The Peregrine Fund condor reintroduction project team. Depending on the locations and timings of nesting activity, a condor nest inside the cliff would be filmed using the latest non-intrusive remote camera technology to provide a unique and valuable insight into the life of the condor within the canyon and, more importantly, would allow the condor reintroduction project team to make crucial observations about the health of chicks. The BBC is also coordinating with Joseph Brandt, Supervisory Wildlife Biologist, USFWS California Condor Recovery Program, who has led a very successful nest cam project in the California populations. Under the strict guidance of these field biologists and the Bureau of Land Management, the filming and camera set-up would be done by the world's leading raptor wildlife cameramen, including EMMY winning Barry Britton, James Aldred, and local cameraman, Ed George.

Filming dates are approximate, pending activity of the condors this year and advice of Chris Parish and his team, as follows:

- 1 day filming between the dates of May 16-19, 2014 – 2 person crew
- 1 day rigging/installing nest cam May 20, 2014 – 4 person crew
- 3 days of sporadic observations between May 21-23/19-22, 2014, to monitor the success of the nest cam from both the base of the cliff and from a blind on top of the cliff, and train Ed George and The Peregrine Fund team to operate the camera – 2-4 person crew.
- 2-3 days in October 2014 filming the annual release of condors at the Vermilion Cliffs release site and The Peregrine Fund team field work – 3 person crew
- 2-3 days in November 2014 film the condor team as they capture and test the health of condors – 3 person crew

Estimate 5 days filming in May and 5 days in October/November dependent upon the activities of The Peregrine Fund field team. Crew would consist of 2 to 4 people (director, assistant producer, cameraman, climbing specialist). Equipment would include a handheld camera and tripod, a lightweight jib, small GoPro cameras, and a remote camera. Access would be by four-wheel drive vehicle on designated roads and then by hiking to all filming locations.

Permit would be subject to all provisions of 43 CFR 2920 including the terms and conditions identified in 43 CFR 2920.7, rental payments as provided by 43 CFR 2920.8, and mitigation measures/special conditions listed in Part V of this document.

PART II. – PLAN CONFORMANCE REVIEW

This proposed action is subject to the following land use plan(s): Vermilion Cliffs National Monument Resource Management Plan (RMP)

Decisions and page nos.: MA-LR-07, page 2-55

Minimum impact permits within the Monument will be evaluated and authorized on a case-by-case basis where site-specific NEPA analysis determines that impacts to the objects or values for which the Monument was designated would be negligible.

Date plan approved/amended: January 29, 2008

This proposed action has been reviewed for conformance with these plans (*43 CFR 1610.5-3, BLM Manual 1601.04.C.2*).

A “minimum impact permit” is defined as one which authorized activities that “will not cause appreciable damage or disturbance to the public lands, their resources or improvements” (43 CFR 2920.2-2). All travel to and from the filming location would occur on designated roads. Filming would be done with handheld cameras, using a tripod as necessary. No set construction, use of heavy equipment, or use of explosives/pyrotechnics would occur. No impacts to Monument objects or values are therefore anticipated and the activity is considered “minimum impact”. In addition, the proposed action does not conflict with other decisions in the LUP.

PART III. – NEPA COMPLIANCE DETERMINATION REVIEW

A. The proposed action is categorically excluded from further documentation under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) in accordance with 516 DM 11.9, (19);

Issuance of short-term (3 years or less) rights-of-way or land use authorizations for such uses as storage sites, apiary sites, and construction sites where the proposal includes rehabilitation to restore the land to its natural or original condition.

And

B. Extraordinary Circumstances Review: In accordance with 43 CFR 46.215, any action that is normally categorically excluded must be subjected to sufficient environmental review to determine if it meets any of the 12 Extraordinary Circumstances described. If any circumstance applies to the action or project, and existing NEPA documentation does not adequately address it, then further NEPA analysis is required.

IMPORTANT: Appropriate staff should review the circumstances listed in Part IV, check the appropriate box (yes/no), comment and initial for concurrence. Add any appropriate additional reviewers and applicable manager. Rationale supporting the concurrence should be included in the appropriate block. If no response is received from a mandatory reviewer, enter the comment due date along with the notation "No response received." Delete blank rows.

PART IV. – EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES DOCUMENTATION

PREPARERS/REVIEWERS:	DATE:
Laurie Ford, Project Lead	May 1, 2014
Gloria Benson, Tribal Liaison	No Response Received
Whit Bunting, Range/Vegetation/Weeds/S&G	May 5, 2014
Diana Hawks, Recreation/Wilderness/VRM	May 5, 2014
John Herron, Cultural Resources	May 2, 2014
Ray Klein, GCPNM Supervisory Ranger	May 11, 2014
Jace Lambeth, Special Status Plants	May 7, 2014
John Sims, Supervisory Law Enforcement	May 4, 2014
Richard Spotts, Environmental Coordinator	May 7, 2014
Jeff Young, Wildlife/T&E Animals	May 14, 2014
Kevin Wright, Monument Manager, VCNM Acting Field Manager, ASFO	May 15, 2014
Dawn Hubbs, Hualapai Tribe	May 2, 2014

The action has been reviewed to determine if any of the extraordinary circumstances (43 CFR 46.215(a)-(l)) apply. The project would:

(a) Have significant impacts on public health or safety.

Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Rationale: No significant impacts on public health and safety would result from the proposed action because the activity is routine in nature similar to casual use commonly occurring in the area.
		Preparer's Initials <u> LF </u>

(b) Have significant impacts on such natural resources and unique geographic characteristics as historic or cultural resources; park, recreation or refuge lands; wilderness areas; wild or scenic rivers; national natural landmarks; sole or principal drinking water aquifers; prime farmlands; wetlands (Executive Order 11990); floodplains (Executive Order 11988); national monuments; migratory birds; and other ecologically significant or critical areas.

Yes

No

Rationale: The nature of the proposed action is such that Filming of California condor, The Peregrine Fund crews, and set up and operation of a web cam would not modify any habitat and would not have significant impacts on national monument, migratory birds, historic or cultural resources, or other ecologically significant/critical areas. Filming would occur outside designated wilderness or any areas managed to maintain wilderness characteristics. No rivers, wetlands, or farmlands occur in the project area.

Preparer's Initials DH, JH, JY

(c) Have highly controversial environmental effects or involve unresolved conflicts concerning alternative uses of available resources [NEPA section 102 (2) (E)].

Yes

No

Rationale: No controversial environmental effects or unresolved alternative uses of resources exist because proposed action is a routine activity essentially no different than casual use that commonly occurs in the area.

Preparer's Initials LF

(d) Have highly uncertain and potentially significant environmental effects or involve unique or unknown environmental risks.

Yes

No

Rationale: No. Proposed action is a routine activity similar to previously authorized uses which involved no significant environmental effects and no unique circumstances.

Preparer's Initials LF

(e) Establish a precedent for future action or represent a decision in principle about future actions with potentially significant environmental effects.

Yes

No

Rationale: No. Proposed action is similar to previously authorized activities and does not represent a decision in principle about future actions with potentially significant environmental effects. Each film permit request is assessed individually.

Preparer's Initials LF

(f) Have a direct relationship to other actions with individually insignificant but cumulatively significant environmental effects.

Yes

No

Rationale: No cumulative effects because all vehicle use is limited to designated roads and proposed action is essentially no different than casual use that commonly occurs in the area. Per specialist input, there would be no more than negligible impacts to Monument objects.

Preparer's Initials LF

<p>(g) Have significant impacts on properties listed, or eligible for listing, on the National Register of Historic Places as determined by the bureau.</p>		
<p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Rationale: The findings of this S106 review resulted in the determination of No Properties recommended for eligibility. The nature of the proposed action is such that no impact can be expected on significant cultural resources. Proposal is in compliance with the NHPA.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Preparer's Initials <u> JH, DH </u></p>
<p>(h) Have significant impacts on species listed, or proposed to be listed, on the List of Endangered or Threatened Species, or have significant impacts on designated Critical Habitat for these species.</p>		
<p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Rationale: Proposed action is a routine activity similar to previously authorized uses and essentially no different than casual use that commonly occurs in the area, therefore no impacts to special status plant species are anticipated.</p> <p>The proposed action would not adversely affect California condors. Film crew would be working under the supervision of condor specialists to insure only insignificant impacts to the birds. California condors on the Arizona Strip are considered "experimental, nonessential". As such, it is BLM policy to treat them the same as a species that has been proposed to be listed on the Endangered Species List. Adverse impacts to a "proposed" species would require the BLM to conference with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Since there would not be any adverse impacts to California condors, no conference is necessary. The proposed action would not impact any other listed species because it would not modify any listed species habitat and would not cause any disturbance to listed species.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Preparer's Initials <u> JY, JL </u></p>
<p>(i) Violate a Federal law, or a State, local or tribal law or requirement imposed for the protection of the environment.</p>		
<p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Rationale: No violation of a Federal law, or a State, local or tribal law is anticipated. Mitigation measures/special conditions are in the following Part V.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Preparer's Initials <u> JS, GB </u></p>
<p>(j) Have a disproportionately high and adverse effect on low income or minority populations (Executive Order 12898).</p>		
<p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Rationale: No effect on low income or minority populations because proposed action is a short term activity located in a remote area some distance from residential populations.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Preparer's Initials <u> LF </u></p>
<p>(k) Limit access to and ceremonial use of Indian sacred sites on Federal lands by Indian religious practitioners or significantly adversely affect the physical integrity of such sacred sites (Executive Order 13007).</p>		
<p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Rationale: The proposed action will not adversely affect properties of sacred significance. The findings of this S106 review resulted in the determination of No Properties.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Preparer's Initials <u> GB, DH </u></p>

(l) Contribute to the introduction, continued existence, or spread of noxious weeds or non-native invasive species known to occur in the area or actions that may promote the introduction, growth, or expansion of the range of such species (Federal Noxious Weed Control Act & Executive Order 13112).

Yes

No

Rationale: Proposed action is a routine activity similar to previously authorized uses and essentially no different than casual use that commonly occurs in the area.

Preparer's Initials WB

PART V. – COMPLIANCE REVIEW CONCLUSION

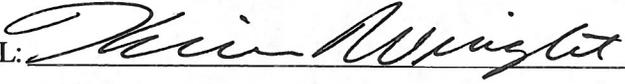
I have reviewed this plan conformance and NEPA compliance record, and have determined that the proposed project is in conformance with the approved land use plan and that no further environmental analysis is required.

I considered the short duration and low/minimum impacting nature of the proposal along with the additional mitigation measures/special conditions identified below which would not cause appreciable damage or disturbance to the public lands, their resources, or improvements in accordance with 43 CFR 2920.2-2. No surface disturbance is proposed and travel would only be on designated roads.

MITIGATION MEASURES/SPECIAL CONDITIONS/OTHER REMARKS:

1. This permit would authorize filming/photography ONLY at the location(s) specified in the permit. NO filming/photography in wilderness would be authorized.
2. This permit would be issued subject to the permittee's compliance with all applicable regulations contained in Title 43 Code of Federal Regulations part 2920.
3. The permittee would conduct all activities associated with the operation and termination of the permit within the authorized limits of the permit.
4. This permit would apply only to those lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management and does not apply to National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, or Tribal land jurisdictions. The permittee would be responsible to contact any other governmental entity that may have jurisdiction, including the Arizona Department of Transportation and local government, and to obtain any authorizations that those entities determine necessary.
5. This permit would not give permission to cross over or use private land. The permittee would be fully responsible for all trespass on and/or damages to private land which may result from the permittee's activity.
6. Use areas would be maintained in a sanitary condition at all times; waste materials at those areas would be disposed of promptly at an appropriate waste disposal site. "Waste" means all discarded matter including, but not limited to, human waste, trash, garbage, refuse, oil drums, petroleum products, ashes, and equipment. "Waste" also includes the creation of micro-trash such as bottle caps, pull tabs, broken glass, cigarette butts, small plastic, food materials, bullets, bullet casings, etc. No micro-trash would be left at use areas.
7. The Bureau of Land Management would reserve the right to take photographs of any aspect of filming/photography operations for official case file records.

8. No staging areas or off-road vehicle travel would be authorized.
9. Permittee would be responsible for the supervision of all participants, spectators, and other persons associated with the activity, and would be responsible for public safety on-site.
10. Permittee would do everything reasonable, both independently and/or upon request of the authorized officer to prevent and suppress fires caused by their activity on or near lands utilized. Compensation may be required of the permittee for Federal, state, or private interests in suppression and rehabilitation expenses.
11. Photography activities would be conducted in a manner that does not disrupt other visitor's backcountry recreational experience. Permittee would not restrict access to any area open to the public.
12. If in connection with use any human remains, funerary objects, sacred objects or objects of cultural patrimony as defined in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (P.L. 101-601; 104 Stat. 3048; 25 U.S.C. 3001) are discovered, the permittee would stop use in the immediate area of the discovery and immediately notify the authorized officer.
13. There is potential for the spread of noxious and invasive weeds from vehicles and equipment contaminated with weed seed and/or biomass. To reduce this potential, the permittee would thoroughly power wash and remove all vegetative material and soil before transporting vehicles/equipment to the work site to help minimize the threat of spreading noxious and invasive weeds. This includes trucks, trailers, and all other equipment.

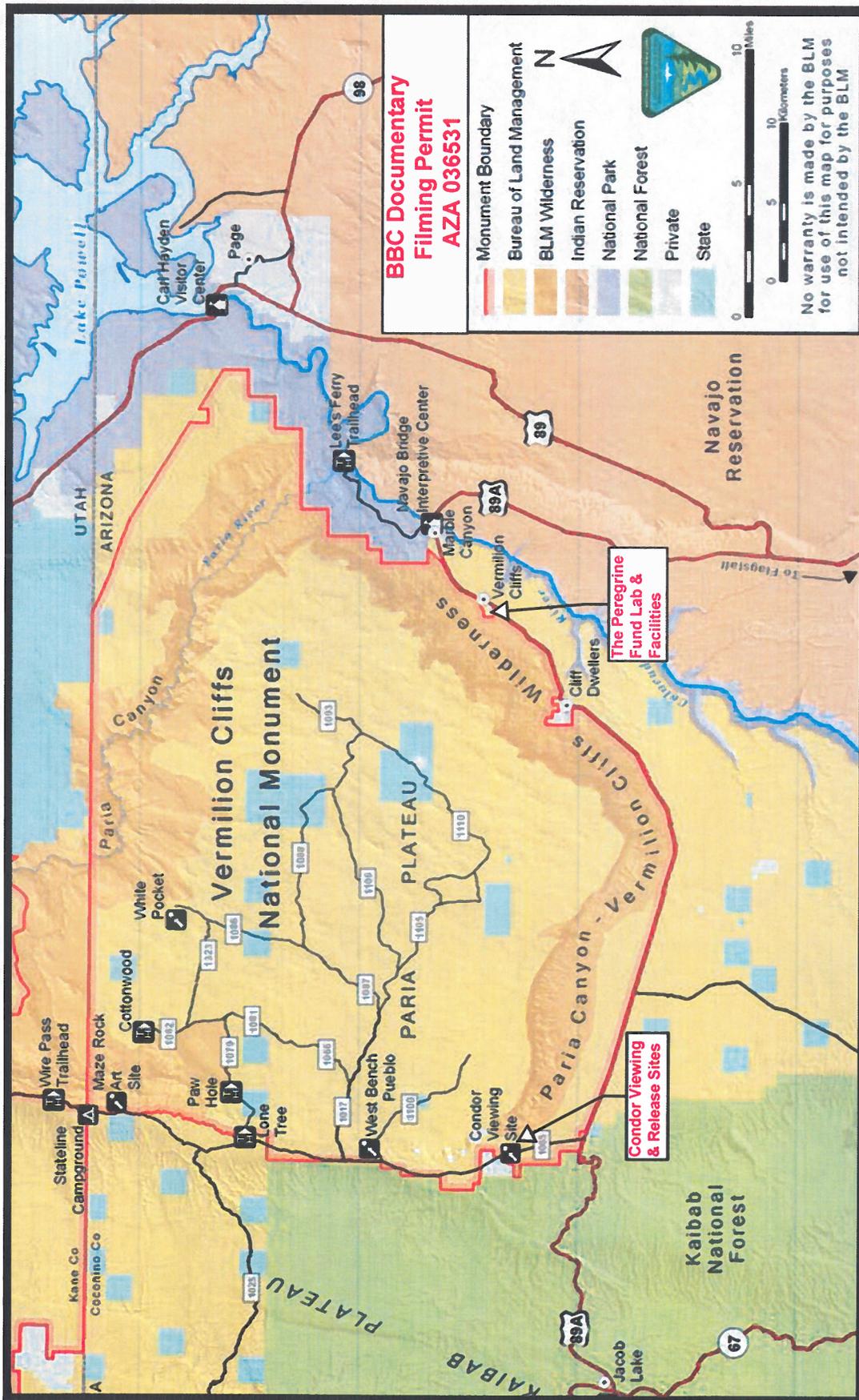
APPROVING OFFICIAL:  DATE: 5/15/14

TITLE: Acting Field Manager, Arizona Strip Field Office

Note: The signed conclusion on this compliance record is part of an interim step in the BLM's internal decision process and does not constitute an appealable decision. A separate decision to implement the action should be prepared in accordance with program specific guidance.

LOCATION MAP

BBC Scotland Documentary Filming Permit AZA 036531
 NEPA No.: DOI-BLM-AZ-A020-2014-0004-CX



DECISION MEMORANDUM

BBC Scotland Documentary Filming Permit AZA 036531
NEPA No.: DOI-BLM-AZ-A020-2014-0004-CX
U.S. Department of the Interior
Bureau of Land Management
Vermilion Cliffs National Monument

Approval and Decision

Based on a review of the project described in the attached Categorical Exclusion (CX) documentation and resource staff recommendations, I have determined that the project is in conformance with the Vermilion Cliffs National Monument Resource Management Plan (approved January 29, 2008) and is categorically excluded from further environmental analysis. It is my decision to approve the action as proposed with the mitigation measures/special conditions identified in Part V of the CX.

Administrative Review or Appeal Opportunities

This decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, Office of the Secretary, in accordance with the regulations contained in 43 CFR, Part 4 and the attached Form 1842-1. If an appeal is taken, your notice of appeal must be filed in the Arizona Strip Field Office, 345 East Riverside Drive, St. George, Utah 84790 within 30 days from receipt of this decision. The appellant has the burden of showing that the decision appealed from is in error.

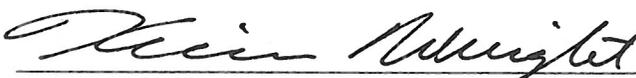
In accordance with 43 CFR 2920.2-2(b), this decision remains in effect pending appeal unless a stay is granted. If you wish to file a petition pursuant to regulations at 43 CFR 2920.2-2 for a stay of the effectiveness of this decision during the time that your appeal is being reviewed by the Board, the petition for a stay must accompany your notice of appeal. A petition for a stay is required to show sufficient justification based on the standards listed below. Copies of the notice of appeal and petition for a stay must also be submitted to each party named in this decision and to the Interior Board of Land Appeals and to the Department of the Interior, Office of the Field Solicitor, Sandra Day O'Connor U.S. Court House #404, 401 West Washington Street SPC44, Phoenix, AZ 85003-2151 (see 43 CFR 4.413) at the same time the original documents are filed in this office. If you request a stay, you have the burden of proof to demonstrate that a stay should be granted.

Standards for Obtaining a Stay

Except as otherwise provided by law or other pertinent regulations, a petition for a stay of a decision pending appeal shall show sufficient justification based on the following standards:

- (1) The relative harm to the parties if the stay is granted or denied,
- (2) The likelihood of the appellant's success on the merits,
- (3) The likelihood of immediate and irreparable harm if the stay is not granted, and
- (4) Whether the public interest favors granting the stay.

Acting
for


Lorraine M. Christian, Field Manager, Arizona Strip Field Office

5/15/14
Date

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

INFORMATION ON TAKING APPEALS TO THE INTERIOR BOARD OF LAND APPEALS

DO NOT APPEAL UNLESS

1. This decision is adverse to you,
AND
2. You believe it is incorrect

IF YOU APPEAL, THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES MUST BE FOLLOWED

-
- 1. NOTICE OF APPEAL.....** A person who wishes to appeal to the Interior Board of Land Appeals must file in the office of the officer who made the decision (not the Interior Board of Land Appeals) a notice that he wishes to appeal. A person served with the decision being appealed must transmit the *Notice of Appeal* in time for it to be filed in the office where it is required to be filed within 30 days after the date of service. If a decision is published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, a person not served with the decision must transmit a *Notice of Appeal* in time for it to be filed within 30 days after the date of publication (43 CFR 4.411 and 4.413).
-
- 2. WHERE TO FILE**
NOTICE OF APPEAL..... Field Manager, Arizona Strip Field Office
Bureau of Land Management
345 East Riverside Drive
St. George, Utah 84790
- WITH COPY TO SOLICITOR...** Office of the Field Solicitor
Sandra Day O'Connor US Courthouse, Suite 404
401 West Washington Street, SPC-44
Phoenix, Arizona 85003-2151
-
- 3. STATEMENT OF REASONS** Within 30 days after filing the *Notice of Appeal*, file a complete statement of the reasons why you are appealing. This must be filed with the United States Department of the Interior, Office of Hearings and Appeals, Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 N. Quincy Street, MS 300-QC, Arlington, Virginia 22203. If you fully stated your reasons for appealing when filing the *Notice of Appeal*, no additional statement is necessary (43 CFR 4.412 and 4.413).
- WITH COPY TO SOLICITOR.....** Office of the Field Solicitor
Sandra Day O'Connor US Courthouse, Suite 404
401 West Washington Street, SPC-44
Phoenix, Arizona 85003-2151
- AND COPY TO.....** Field Manager, Arizona Strip Field Office
Bureau of Land Management
345 East Riverside Drive
St. George, Utah 84790
-
- 4. ADVERSE PARTIES.....** Within 15 days after each document is filed, each adverse party named in the decision and the Regional Solicitor or Field Solicitor having jurisdiction over the State in which the appeal arose must be served with a copy of: (a) the *Notice of Appeal*, (b) the Statement of Reasons, and (c) any other documents filed (43 CFR 4.413).
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- 5. PROOF OF SERVICE.....** Within 15 days after any document is served on an adverse party, file proof of that service with the United States Department of the Interior, Office of Hearings and Appeals, Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 N. Quincy Street, MS 300-QC, Arlington, Virginia 22203. This may consist of a certified or registered mail "Return Receipt Card" signed by the adverse party (43 CFR 4.401(c)).
-
- 6. REQUEST FOR STAY.....** Except where program-specific regulations place this decision in full force and effect or provide for an automatic stay, the decision becomes effective upon the expiration of the time allowed for filing an appeal unless a petition for a stay is timely filed together with a *Notice of Appeal* (43 CFR 4.21). If you wish to file a petition for a stay of the effectiveness of this decision during the time that your appeal is being reviewed by the Interior Board of Land Appeals, the petition for a stay must accompany your *Notice of Appeal* (43 CFR 4.21 or 43 CFR 2801.10 or 43 CFR 2881.10). A petition for a stay is required to show sufficient justification based on the standards listed below. Copies of the *Notice of Appeal* and Petition for a Stay must also be submitted to each party named in this decision and to the Interior Board of Land Appeals and to the appropriate Office of the Solicitor (43 CFR 4.413) at the same time the original documents are filed with this office. If you request a stay, you have the burden of proof to demonstrate that a stay should be granted.
- Standards for Obtaining a Stay.** Except as otherwise provided by law or other pertinent regulations, a petition for a stay of a decision pending appeal shall show sufficient justification based on the following standards: (1) the relative harm to the parties if the stay is granted or denied, (2) the likelihood of the appellant's success on the merits, (3) the likelihood of immediate and irreparable harm if the stay is not granted, and (4) whether the public interest favors granting the stay.

Unless these procedures are followed, your appeal will be subject to dismissal (43 CFR 4.402). Be certain that all communications are identified by serial number of the case being appealed.

NOTE: A document is not filed until it is actually received in the proper office (43 CFR 4.401(a)). See 43 CFR Part 4, Subpart B for general rules relating to procedures and practice involving appeals.

43 CFR SUBPART 1821—GENERAL INFORMATION

Sec. 1821.10 Where are BLM offices located? (a) In addition to the Headquarters Office in Washington, D.C. and seven national level support and service centers, BLM operates 12 State Offices each having several subsidiary offices called Field Offices. The addresses of the State Offices can be found in the most recent edition of 43 CFR 1821.10. The State Office geographical areas of jurisdiction are as follows:

STATE OFFICES AND AREAS OF JURISDICTION:

Alaska State Office ----- Alaska
Arizona State Office ----- Arizona
California State Office ----- California
Colorado State Office ----- Colorado
Eastern States Office ----- Arkansas, Iowa, Louisiana, Minnesota, Missouri
and, all States east of the Mississippi River
Idaho State Office ----- Idaho
Montana State Office ----- Montana, North Dakota and South Dakota
Nevada State Office ----- Nevada
New Mexico State Office --- New Mexico, Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas
Oregon State Office ----- Oregon and Washington
Utah State Office ----- Utah
Wyoming State Office ----- Wyoming and Nebraska

(b) A list of the names, addresses, and geographical areas of jurisdiction of all Field Offices of the Bureau of Land Management can be obtained at the above addresses or any office of the Bureau of Land Management, including the Washington Office, Bureau of Land Management, 1849 C Street, NW, Washington, DC 20240.

(Form 1842-1, September 2006)