

Categorical Exclusion (CX)

Right-of-Way for drainage swale on public lands

A. Background

NEPA NUMBER: DOI-BLM-NV-S010-2014-0018-CX

As the Las Vegas Valley grows, the need for flood control and storm drainage facilities increases. Harmony Homes has applied for a right-of-way (ROW) for an earthen drainage swale and related facilities on public lands. The proposed drainage and related facilities are designed to accommodate anticipated public needs associated with current and planned developments in the area, and comply with the Clark County master plan for the area.

BLM Office:

Bureau of Land Management
Las Vegas Field Office
4701 N. Torrey Pines Drive
Las Vegas, Nevada 89130

LLNVS01000

Lease/Serial/Case File No.:

N-92204

Proposed Action Title/Type:

ROW for a drainage swale on public lands.

Location of Proposed Action:

Located West of South Decatur Blvd and north of Mesa Verde Lane.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

Mount Diablo Meridian Nevada, T. 22 S., R. 60 E., sec. 12, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$.

Description of Proposed Action:

Description: Harmony Homes has requested a right-of-way (ROW) for an earthen drainage swale to redirect existing flows from an existing 36 in RCP storm drain pipe, adjacent to the "Lower Blue Diamond Detention Basin". Grading will be required to redirect existing swale to drain to Mesa Verde Lane ROW. The grading will be approximately 218.5 feet in length and vary in width from 22–110 feet. The limits of grading will disturb approximately 11,600 square feet of land. The drainage swale will be adjacent to the Mesa Verde Lane ROW. Once completed, there will be no need for continued maintenance of the area. No other alternatives were found that meet all jurisdictional criteria.

B. Land Use Plan Conformance

Land Use Plan Name:

Las Vegas Resource Management Plan and Final Environmental Impact Statement (RMP), and the Record of Decision for the Approved Las Vegas Resource Management Plan and Final Environmental Impact Statement.

Date Approved/Amended:

RMP dated October 5, 1998.

The proposed action is in conformance with the LUP, even though it is not specifically provided for, because it is clearly consistent with the following LUP decision(s) (objectives, terms, and conditions) :

The proposed action is in conformance with the applicable RMP because it is clearly consistent with the following LUP decision(s):

ROW Management. Objective: RW-1. "Meet public demand and reduce impacts to sensitive resources by providing an orderly system of development for transportation, including legal access to private inholdings, communications, flood control, major utility transmission lines, and related facilities."

Management Direction. Objective: RW-1-h. "All public land within the planning area, excepted as stated in RW1-c through 1-g, are available at the discretion of the agency for ROWs under the authority of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act."

C. Compliance with NEPA:

This is a CX per 516 DM 11.9, NEPA Handbook, Appendix 4 E. (12): "Grants of rights-of-way wholly within the boundaries of other compatibly developed rights-of-way."

The ROW is located within the boundary of the Las Vegas Valley Disposal Boundary Environmental Impact Statement, approved March 2005.

This categorical exclusion is appropriate in this situation because there are no extraordinary circumstances potentially having effects that may significantly affect the environment. The proposed action has been reviewed, and none of the extraordinary circumstances described in 516 DM 2 apply.

Comments providing substantive new information relevant to the analysis and mitigation measures have been incorporated into the Exhibit A stipulations which are attached to this document.

I have reviewed the plan conformance statement and have determined that the proposed action is in conformance with the approved land use plan and that no further environmental analysis is required.

D. Approval and Contact Information

Authorizing Official:



Vanessa Hice
Assistant Field Manager
Division of Lands


Date

Contact Person:

Jamie L. Moeini, Realty Specialist

Las Vegas Field Office
4701 N. Torrey Pines Drive
Las Vegas, Nevada 89130
phone: 702-515-5000

Exhibit A
Stipulations for N-92204

1.0 Special Stipulations

- 1.1 The Holder shall notify the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Wildlife Biologist staff, at 702-515-5000 of their construction schedule at least 10 days before initiation of the project. Failure to abide by the terms and conditions of the grant and Biological Opinion, could result in temporary suspension of all activities within your right-of-way (ROW) area per 43 CFR 2807.16 and 43 CFR 2807.17.
- 2.1 Should a tortoise be killed, injured, handled, or penned, you will need to have an Authorized Desert Tortoise Biologist complete Appendix E (see attached Terms and Conditions for Biological Opinion). Please forward Appendix E to the BLM, Attn: Wildlife Biologist, 4701 N. Torrey Pines Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89130. Failure to abide by the terms and conditions of the grant and Biological Opinion, could result in temporary suspension of all activities within your ROW area per 43 CFR 2807.16 and 43 CFR 2807.17.
- 3.1 The Holder must complete and return Appendix G (see attached Terms and Conditions for Biological Opinion) herein annually and/or upon completion of construction of the project. Please forward Appendix G to the BLM, Attn: Wildlife Biologist, 4701 N. Torrey Pines Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89130. Failure to abide by the terms and conditions of the grant and Biological Opinion, could result in temporary suspension of all activities within your ROW area per 43 CFR 2807.16 and 43 CFR 2807.17.
- 4.1 The Holder must abide by monitoring, maintenance, and reporting requirements per the Biological Opinion. Failure to abide by the terms and conditions of the grant and Biological Opinion, could result in temporary suspension of all activities within your ROW area per 43 CFR 2807.16 and 43 CFR 2807.17.

2.0 General Stipulations

- 2.1. The ROW is issued subject to all valid existing rights.
- 2.2. No signs of advertising devices shall be placed on the premises or on adjacent public lands, except those posted by or at the direction of the authorized officer.
- 2.3. The ROW shall be maintained in a sanitary condition at all times. Waste materials at those sites shall be disposed of promptly at an approved waste disposal site. "Waste", as used in this paragraph, shall mean all discarded matter of any kind.
- 2.4. Holder shall mark the exterior boundaries of the ROW with stake and/or lath at 100 to 200 foot intervals. The intervals may be varied at the time of staking at the discretion of the Authorized Officer. The tops of the stakes and/or laths will be painted and the laths flagged in a distinctive color as determined by the Holder. Holder shall maintain all boundary stakes and/or laths in place until final cleanup and restoration is completed.

- 2.5. Holder shall conduct all activities associated with construction, operation, maintenance and termination of this ROW within its authorized limits.
- 2.6. Holder shall maintain the ROW in a safe, useable condition, as directed by the Authorized Officer. A regular maintenance program shall include, but is not limited to, soil stabilization.
- 2.7. Holder shall maintain copy of the authorization along with stipulations on construction site at all times. In the event that the public land underlying this ROW, encompassed in this grant, or a portion thereof, is conveyed out of Federal ownership and administration of the ROW or the land underlying the ROW is not being reserved to the United States in the patent/deed and/or the ROW is not within a ROW corridor being reserved to the United States in the patent/deed; the United States waives any right it has to administer the ROW, or portion thereof, within the conveyed land under Federal laws, statutes, and regulations, including the regulations at 43 CFR Part [2800][2880], including any rights to have the holder apply to the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) for amendments, modifications, or assignments and for BLM to approve or recognize such amendments, modifications, or assignments. At the time of conveyance, the patentee/grantee, and their successors and assigns, shall succeed to the interests of the United States in all matters relating to the ROW, or portion thereof, within the conveyed land and shall be subject to applicable State and local government laws, statutes, and ordinances. After conveyance, any disputes concerning compliance with the use and the terms and conditions of the ROW shall be considered a civil matter between the patentee/grantee and the ROW Holder.
- 2.8. Within 90 days of construction completion, the Holder shall provide the Authorized Officer with data in a format compatible with the Bureau's Arc-Info Geographic Information System to accurately locate and identify the ROW:

Acceptable data formats are:

Corrected Global Positioning System files with sub-meter accuracy or better, in UTM NAD 83; Zone 11;
ARCGIS export files on a CD ROM, shapefile, geodatabase.

Data may be submitted in any of the following formats:
ARCGIS interchange, shapefile or geodatabase format.
CD ROM in compressed or uncompressed format.

All data shall include metadata for each coverage, and conform to the Content Standards for Digital Geospatial Metadata Federal Geographic Data Committee standards. Contact the GIS Department at (702) 515-5000.

3.0 Air Quality

- 3.1. The Holder shall not violate applicable air standards or related facility siting standards established by or pursuant to applicable federal, state, or local laws or regulations. The Holder shall be responsible for dust abatement within the limits of the ROW and is responsible for obtaining all necessary permits from appropriate authorities for acceptable dust abatement and control methods (e.g., water, chemicals). The Holder shall be solely responsible for all violations of any air quality permit, law or regulation, as a result of its action, inaction, use or occupancy of the ROW.

Notwithstanding whether a violation of any air quality permit, law or regulation results, the Holder will cooperate with the Authorized Officer in implementing and maintaining reasonable and appropriate dust control methods in conformance with law and appropriate to the circumstances at the sole cost of the Holder.

- 3.2. Ensure dust control permit is obtained through the Clark County Department of Air Quality and Environmental Management (DAQEM) for all soil disturbing activity of .25 acres or greater. All dust control permit conditions and stipulations must be in compliance for the duration of the project activity. At present, water is the only means by which BLM authorizes dust suppression for construction activities, as well as for operations and maintenance of public land activities known to generate fugitive dust.
- 3.3. Prior to relinquishment, abandonment, or termination of this ROW, the Holder shall apply reasonable and appropriate dust abatement and control measures to all disturbed areas. The abatement and measures shall be designed to be effective over the long-term (e.g., rock mulch or other means) and acceptable to the Authorized Officer.
- 3.4. During excavation, backfilling, and contouring, the disturbed soil should be wetted sufficiently in order to effectively reduce airborne dust and reduce soil erosion.
- 3.5. Fuels/Fire Restrictions: Compliance with fire restrictions current at time of project implementation will mitigate any risks introduced by the proposed actions. Specific, noncompliant activities may be waived on a case by case basis by a line officer after review and approval by the Fire Management Officer.

4.0 Cultural

- 4.1. Any cultural and/or paleontological resources (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the Holder, or any person working on his behalf on public or Federal lands shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The Holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation. Any decision regarding suitable mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the Holder. Holder shall be responsible for the resultant mitigation costs.

5.0 Hazardous Material/Pesticides/Liability

- 5.1. No hazardous material, substance, or hazardous waste, (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, *et seq.*, or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, *et seq.*) shall be used, produced, transported, released, disposed of, or stored within the ROW area at any time by the Holder. The Holder shall immediately report any release of hazardous substances (leaks, spills, etc.) caused by the Holder or third parties in excess of the reportable quantity as required by federal, state, or local laws and regulations. A copy of any report required or requested by any federal, state or local government agency as a result of a reportable release or spill of any hazardous substances shall be furnished to the Authorized Officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved federal, state or local government agency.

- 5.2. The Holder shall immediately notify the Authorized Officer of any release of hazardous substances, toxic substances, or hazardous waste on or near the ROW potentially affecting the ROW of which the Holder is aware.
- 5.3. As required by law, Holder shall have responsibility for and shall take all action(s) necessary to fully remediate and address the hazardous substance(s) on or emanating from the right-of-way.
- 5.4. Use of pesticides shall comply with the applicable Federal and state laws. Pesticides shall be used only in accordance with their registered uses and within limitations imposed by the Secretary of the Interior. Prior to the use of pesticides, the Holder shall obtain from the Authorized Officer written approval of a plan showing the type and quantity of material to be used, pest(s) to be controlled, method of application, location of storage and disposal of containers and any other information deemed necessary by the Authorized Officer.

The plan shall be submitted no later than December 1 of any calendar year that covers the proposed activities for the next fiscal year.

Pesticides shall not be permanently stored on public lands authorized for use under this ROW.

- 5.5. The Holder shall comply with all applicable local, state, and federal air, water, hazardous substance, solid waste, or other environmental laws and regulations, existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. To the full extent permissible by law, the Holder agrees to indemnify and hold harmless, within the limits, if any, established by state law (as state law exists on the effective date of the ROW), the United States against any liability arising from the Holder's use or occupancy of the ROW, regardless of whether the Holder has actually developed or caused development to occur on the ROW, from the time of the issuance of this ROW to the Holder, and during the term of this ROW. This agreement to indemnify and hold harmless the United States against any liability shall apply without regard to whether the liability is caused by the Holder, its agents, contractors, or third parties. If the liability is caused by third parties, the Holder will pursue legal remedies against such third parties as if the Holder were the fee owner of the ROW.

Notwithstanding any limits to the Holder's ability to indemnify and hold harmless the United States which may exist under state law, the Holder agrees to bear all responsibility (financial or other) for any and all liability or responsibility of any kind or nature assessed against the United States arising from the Holder's use or occupancy of the right-of way regardless of whether the Holder has actually developed or caused development to occur on the ROW from the time of the issuance of this ROW to the Holder and during the term of this ROW.

- 5.6. If exaction produces mineral materials within the ROW is necessary, the mineral materials must be used within the ROW or stockpiled on site for future disposal, specific BLM use authorization in the form of a contract, free use permit or material site ROW will be necessary before the stockpiled mineral materials can be removed from the ROW.
- 5.7. The proposed action may require importing of mineral materials during construction. If imported mineral materials are federally owned, they need to be obtained in accordance with the regulations found at 43 CFR 3600 in the form of a contract or free use permit before they can be imported.

6.0 Survey Monuments

- 6.1. Holder shall protect all survey monuments found within the authorization area. Survey monuments include, but are not limited to, General Land Office and Bureau of Land Management Cadastral Survey Corners, reference corners, witness points, U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey benchmarks and triangulation stations, military control monuments, and recognizable civil (both public and private) survey monuments. If any of the above are to be disturbed during operations, the holder shall secure the services of a Professional Land Surveyor or Bureau cadastral surveyor to perpetuate the disturbed monuments and references using surveying procedures found in the Manual of Instructions for the Survey of the Public Lands of the United States and Nevada Revised Statutes, Chapter 329, Perpetuation of Corners. The holder shall record such survey in the appropriate county and send a copy to the authorized officer. If the Bureau cadastral surveyors or other Federal surveyors are used to restore the disturbed survey monuments, the holder shall be responsible for the survey cost.

7.0 Vegetation/Noxious Weeds/Land surface Treatment/Soil/Water/Riparian

- 7.1. The proposed project is in an area known to contain high densities of cactus and yucca. High numbers of cactus and yucca may be present within the project impact area. Cactus and yucca are considered government property and regulated under the BLM Nevada forestry program. If unable to be avoided, all cactus and yucca within permanent and temporary impact areas must be salvaged and replanted in temporary impact areas or undisturbed portions of the project area.
- 7.2. Unless otherwise directed by the BLM Botanist, all replanted cactus and yucca must be watered and otherwise maintained for a period of one year. To ensure successful salvage and transplant, all cactus and yucca must be salvaged using a contractor (or other approved by the BLM Botanist) with at least three years' experience salvaging and maintaining plant materials in the Mojave or Sonoran Deserts.
- 7.3. The Holder shall be responsible for weed control on disturbed areas within the limits of the ROW. The Holder is responsible for consultation with the Authorized Officer and/or local authorities for acceptable weed control methods within limits imposed in the ROW stipulations. This proposed action will follow the guidelines of the LVFO Noxious Weed Plan that was approved on December 18, 2006. The following are project specific stipulations that will attempt to control Nevada listed noxious weeds on this project.
- 7.4. The project proponent shall limit the size of any vegetation and/or ground disturbance to the absolute minimum necessary to perform the activity safely and as designed. The project proponent will avoid creating soil conditions that promote weed germination and establishment.

Locate equipment storage, machine and vehicle parking in areas that are relatively weed-free. The project proponent shall avoid or minimize all types of travel through weed-infested areas.

BLM or the project proponent shall determine equipment-cleaning sites (if equipment is infested with weed seeds, plant parts or mud and dirt). Project related equipment and machinery (this especially includes the nooks and crannies of undercarriages) will be cleaned using compressed air or water to remove mud, dirt and plant parts before moving into and from relatively weed-free areas. Seeds and plant parts will be collected, bagged and deposited in dumpsters destined for local landfills.

Project workers shall inspect, remove, and dispose of weed seed and plant parts found on

their clothing and personal equipment, bag the product and dispose of in a dumpster for deposit in local landfills.

- 7.5. Land surface treatment for areas previously disturbed: Following excavation, trenches will be backfilled with the excavated soil. The soil will be distributed and contoured evenly over the surface of the disturbed area. The soil surface will be left rough to help reduce potential wind erosion.
- 7.6. Land surface treatment for areas previously undisturbed: Strip the top three to six inches of soil material with associated plant material over all surfaces to be disturbed by construction. Stockpile this material along the course of construction will be salvaged and transplanted out of harm's way but still within the right of way. At the conclusion, including trench backfilling and compaction, replace the stockpiled soil with plant debris uniformly back on the surface of the disturbed area.
- 7.7. Soil/Water/Riparian: If work is to occur in Ephemeral channels, need to consult with Army Corp of Engineers (ACOE) and Nevada Department of Environmental Protection (NDEP). If drilling boreholes, holder needs to follow Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) protocols for drilling. Consult with ACOE to make sure you do not need a 404 permit.

8.0 Fish and Wildlife Excluding Federally Listed Species

- 8.1. Wildlife species in the general area include small mammals, rodents, birds and reptiles. Additionally, the BLM is directed to conserve special status through LBM Manual 6840. These sensitive species include western burrowing owl, Mojave shovel-nosed snake, desert glossy snake, Mojave Desert sidewinder may be present in the general area. The area has been previously disturbed and revegetated. These species may have recolonized the site and also may be found on the adjacent undisturbed lands and could wander into the project area. The primary direct impact of the proposed action on wildlife would be mortality resulting from construction, operation, and maintenance activities. Wildlife species in the general area are common and widely distributed throughout the area and the loss of some individuals and/or their habitat would have negligible impact on populations of the species throughout the region. Impacts to BLM Sensitive Species are not anticipated to lead to further decline of the species range wide as there is no new surface disturbance.

9.0 Migratory Birds

- 9.1. Migratory birds, including the BLM sensitive species the western burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia*), may be present on the project site. Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) (16 U.S.C. 703 *et. seq.*) protects migratory birds and their nests (nests with eggs or young). The proponent must comply with the MBTA and avoid potential impacts to protected birds within the project area.
 1. To prevent undue harm, habitat-altering projects or portions of projects should be scheduled outside bird breeding season. In upland desert habitats and ephemeral washes containing upland species, the season generally occurs between March 1st – August 31st.
 2. If a project that may alter any breeding habitat has to occur during the breeding season, then a qualified biologist must survey the area for nests prior to commencement of construction activities. This shall include burrowing and ground nesting species in addition to those nesting in vegetation. If any active nests (containing eggs or young) are found, an appropriately-sized buffer area must be avoided until the young birds fledge.

10.0 Threatened and Endangered Species

- 10.1. This project will be in compliance with section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.;;) for consultation with the USFWS on effects to federally listed and candidate species. The above action has a may affect, likely to adversely affect determination for the threatened desert tortoise (*Gopherus agassizii*) and a no effect determination for designated critical habitat, as the project is outside of this range. This project will have no effect on any other federally listed species or designated critical habitat due to the absence of the species and/or habitat. For complete list of FWS listed species: http://www.fws.gov/nevada/protected_species/nevada_species_list.html.
- 10.2. The proposed action is to construct an earthen drainage swale within an existing detention basin ROW. Section 7 Consultation for this project will be covered under the Programmatic Biological Opinion (84320-2010-F-0365.R001) contingent on compliance with the terms and conditions. The construction of the berm will occur in an area previously disturbed as part of the construction of the detention basin for which tortoise fees have already been paid. Therefore, no additional remuneration fees are required.
- 10.3. A site visit was conducted on January 31, 2014 by the BLM. The site has been previously completely graded as part of the construction of the existing facilities. The site had been subsequently restored. The area directly around the project site did not contain any tortoise sign but suitable habitat was located south of the project area and tortoise may still wander on the project site. Desert tortoise survey data conducted for the preparation of the Disposal Boundary EIS indicates there are tortoise burrows located within less than a quarter mile of the proposed project site. Since tortoises could occur in the vicinity and undisturbed habitat exists in and adjacent to the project site, there is potential for tortoises to wander into the project area. If not noticed and avoided during construction activities, desert tortoises could be either injured or killed (by crushing) or harassed (by being moved out of harm's way).
- 10.4. This project will require an authorized desert tortoise biologist, monitor or other approved by the BLM to present an education program (see Term and Condition 1.e.) to operation and maintenance personnel, a desert tortoise monitor to be on site during activities utilizing heavy equipment during the desert tortoise active season (March 1 to October 31) and, an authorized desert tortoise biologist to be on call during the desert active season (March 1 to October 31) to relocate any desert tortoise that enter the work during maintenance activities that are in harm's way area per Terms and Conditions 1.b and 1.d. provided.

Case Number: N-92204
NEPA Project #: DOI-BLM-NV-S010-2014-0018-CX
Sec. 7 Log #: NV-052-14-062

TERMS AND CONDITIONS: BO File No. 84320-2010-F-0365.R001

In order to be exempt from the prohibitions of section 9 of the Act, the Bureau must comply with the following terms and conditions and minimization measures, which implement the reasonable and prudent measures described above. These terms and conditions are non-discretionary.

RPM 1: **Applies towards lands and realty, ROWs, and mining actions and other activities that involve vehicle and equipment use, excavations, or blasting.** *BLM, and other jurisdictional Federal agencies as appropriate, shall implement or ensure implementation of measures to minimize injury or mortality of desert tortoises due to project construction, operation and maintenance; and most actions involving habitat disturbance.*

Terms and Conditions:

- 1.a. *Field Contact Representative*—BLM shall ensure a Field Contact Representative (FCR) (also called a Compliance Inspection Contractor) is generally designated for each contiguous stretch of construction activity for linear projects or isolated work areas for non-linear projects. The FCR will serve as an agent of BLM and the Service to ensure that all instances of non-compliance or incidental take are reported. BLM has discretion over approval of potential FCRs; however, those who also may be acting as authorized desert tortoise biologists, and must also be approved by the Service (see Term and Condition 1.c). All FCRs will report **directly** to BLM and the Service.

The FCR, authorized desert tortoise biologist, and monitors (see Term and Condition 1.c.) shall have a copy of all stipulations when work is being conducted on the site and will be responsible for overseeing compliance with terms and conditions of the ROW grant, including those for listed species. BLM shall ensure the FCR and authorized desert tortoise biologists have authority to halt any activity that is in violation of the stipulations. The FCR shall be on site year-round during all project activities.

Within 3 days of employment or assignment, the project proponent and BLM shall provide the Service with the names of the FCR.

- 1.b. *Authorized desert tortoise biologist*—**required to be on call during the desert tortoise active season (March 1 to October 31) to relocate any desert tortoises that enter the work area during construction activities that are in harm's way per Terms and Conditions provided.** All authorized desert tortoise biologists (and monitors) are agents of BLM and the Service and shall report directed to BLM and the proponent concurrently regarding all compliance issues and take of desert tortoises; this includes all draft and final reports of non-compliance or take. The initial draft report shall be provided to BLM and Service within 24 hours of the observation of take or non-

compliance.

1. c. Authorized desert tortoise biologists, monitors, and the FCR (see Term and Condition 1.a.) shall be responsible for ensuring compliance with all conservation measures for the project. This responsibility includes: (1) enforcing the litter-control program; (2) ensuring that desert tortoise habitat disturbance is restricted to authorized areas; (3) ensuring that all equipment and materials are stored within the boundaries of the construction zone or within the boundaries of previously-disturbed areas or designated areas; (4) ensuring that all vehicles associated with construction activities remain within the proposed construction zones; (5) ensuring that no tortoises are underneath project vehicles and equipment prior to use or movement; (6) ensuring that all monitors (including the authorized desert tortoise biologist) have a copy of the required measures in their possession, have read them, and they are readily available to the monitor when on the project site.

An authorized desert tortoise biologist will serve as a mentor to train desert tortoise monitors and will approve monitors if required. An authorized desert tortoise biologist is responsible for errors committed by desert tortoise monitors. An authorized desert tortoise biologist shall record each observation of desert tortoise handled in the tortoise monitoring reports. Information will include the following: location (GPS), date and time of observation, whether the desert tortoise was handled, general health and whether it voided its bladder, location desert tortoise was moved from and location moved to, unique physical characteristics of each tortoise, and effectiveness and compliance with the desert tortoise protection measures. This information will be provided **directly** to BLM and the Service.

An authorized desert tortoise biologist should possess a bachelor's degree in biology, ecology, wildlife biology, herpetology, or closely related field. The biologist must have demonstrated prior field experience using accepted resource agency techniques. As a guideline, Service approval of an authorized biologist requires that the applicant have at least 60 days project experience as a desert tortoise monitor. In addition, the biologist shall have the ability to recognize and accurately record survey results and must be familiar with the terms and conditions of the biological opinion that resulted from project-level consultation between BLM and the Service. All tortoise biologists shall be familiar with the field manual (Service 2009).

Potential authorized desert tortoise biologists must submit their statement of qualifications to the Service's Nevada Fish and Wildlife Office in Las Vegas for approval, allowing a minimum of 30 days for Service response. The statement form is available on the internet at:

http://www.fws.gov/nevada/desert_tortoise/auth_dt_form.htm.

Prior to final approval to begin work on the project, the authorized desert tortoise biologists will have read the required measures (terms and conditions and other stipulations) and have a copy of the measures available at all times while on the project site. BLM shall provide the appropriate agency contact for the project to the Service and the Service will include the forms with approval letters.

Biologists and monitors should be visibly identifiable on the project site, which may include use of a uniquely designated hardhat or safety vest color.

1. d. ***Desert tortoise monitor***—Required to be on-site during construction activities utilizing heavy equipment (including activities on access road) during the desert tortoise active season (March 1 to October 31). Desert tortoise monitors assist an authorized desert tortoise biologist during surveys and serve as apprentices to acquire experience. Desert tortoise monitors ensure proper implementation of protective measures, and record and report desert tortoises and sign observations in accordance with Term and Condition 1.c. They will report incidents of noncompliance to the authorized desert tortoise biologist or FCR. No monitors shall be on the project site unless supervised by an authorized desert tortoise biologist or approved by the BLM.

If a desert tortoise is immediately in harm's way (*e.g.*, certain to immediately be crushed by equipment), desert tortoise monitors may move the desert tortoise then place it in a designated safe area until an authorized desert tortoise biologist assumes care of the animal.

Desert tortoise monitors may not conduct field or clearance surveys or other specialized duties of an authorized desert tortoise biologist unless directly supervised by an authorized desert tortoise biologist or approved to do so by the Service; "directly supervised" means an authorized desert tortoise biologist has direct sight and voice contact with the desert tortoise monitor (*i.e.*, within approximately 200 ft of each other).

Within 3 days of employment or assignment, the project proponent and BLM shall provide the Service with the names of desert tortoise monitors who would assist an authorized desert tortoise biologist.

1. e. ***Desert tortoise education program***—A desert tortoise education program shall be presented to all personnel on site during maintenance activities by an agency or authorized desert tortoise biologist, monitor, FCR or other approved by the BLM. The Service, BLM, and appropriate state agencies shall approve the program. At a minimum, the program shall cover desert-specific Leave-No-Trace guidelines, the distribution of desert tortoises, general behavior and ecology of this species, sensitivity to human activities, threats including introduction of exotic plants and animals, legal protection (the definition of "take" will also be explained), penalties for violation of State and Federal laws, reporting requirements, and project measures in this biological opinion. All field workers shall be instructed that activities must be confined to locations within the approved areas and their obligation to walk around and check underneath and vehicles and equipment before moving them (or be cleared by an authorized desert tortoise biologist). Workers and project associates will be encouraged to carpool to and from the project sites. In addition, the program shall include fire prevention measures to be implemented by employees during project activities. The program shall instruct participants to report all observations of desert tortoise and their sign during construction activities to the FCR and authorized desert tortoise biologist.

- 1.f. *Vehicle travel*— Project personnel shall exercise vigilance when commuting to the project area to minimize risk for inadvertent injury or mortality of all wildlife species encountered on paved and unpaved roads leading to and from the project site. Speed limits will be clearly marked, and all workers will be made aware of these limits. On-site, personnel shall carpool to the greatest extent possible. During the desert tortoise less-active season (generally November through February), vehicle speed on project-related access roads and in the work area will not exceed 25 mph. All vehicles and construction equipment will be tightly grouped.

During the more-active season (generally March through October), and if temperatures are above 60 but below 95 °F for more than 7 consecutive days, vehicle speed on project-related access roads and in the work area will not exceed 15 mph.

- 1.g. *Unauthorized access*—no required for this project.
- 1.h. *Desert tortoise clearance*—not required for this project.
- 1.i. *Desert tortoise in harm's way*—Any project-related activity that may endanger a desert tortoise shall cease if a desert tortoise is found on the project site. Project activities may resume after an authorized desert tortoise biologist or desert tortoise monitor (see restrictions in Term and Condition 1.d.) removes the desert tortoise from danger or after the desert tortoise has moved to a safe area on its own.
- 1.j. *Handling of desert tortoises*—Desert tortoises shall only be moved by an authorized desert tortoise biologist or desert tortoise monitor (see restrictions in Term and Condition 1.d.) solely for the purpose of moving the tortoises out of harm's way. During construction, operation, and maintenance, an authorized desert tortoise biologist shall pen, capture, handle, and relocate desert tortoises from harm's way as appropriate and in accordance with the most current Service-approved guidance. No tortoise shall be handled by more than one person. Each tortoise handled will be given a unique number, photographed, and the biologist will record all relevant data on the Desert Tortoise Handling and Take Report (Appendix E) to be provided to BLM in accordance with the project reporting requirements.

Desert tortoises that occur aboveground and need to be moved from harm's way shall be placed in the shade of a shrub, 150 to 1,640 ft from the point of encounter. In situations where desert tortoises must be moved more than 1,640 ft (500 m), translocation procedures may be required. Translocation would likely result in a level of effect to the desert tortoise that would require the appended procedures.

If desert tortoises need to be moved at a time of day when ambient temperatures could harm them (less than 40 ° F or greater than 95° F), they shall be held overnight in a clean cardboard box. These desert tortoises shall be kept in the care of an authorized biologist under appropriate controlled temperatures and released the following day when temperatures are favorable. All cardboard boxes shall be discarded after one use and never hold more than one tortoise. If any tortoise active nests are encountered, the Service must be contacted immediately, prior to removal of any tortoises or eggs from those burrows, to determine the most appropriate course of action.

Desert tortoises located in the project area sheltering in a burrow during the less-active season may be temporarily penned in accordance with Term and Condition 1.k. at the discretion of an authorized desert tortoise biologist. Desert tortoises should not be penned in areas of moderate to heavy public use, rather they should be moved from harm's way in accordance with the most current Service-approved guidance (currently Service 2009).

Desert tortoises shall be handled in accordance with the Desert Tortoise Field Manual (Service 2009). Equipment or materials that contact desert tortoises (including shirts and pants) shall be sterilized, disposed of, or changed before contacting another tortoise to prevent the spread of disease. All tortoises shall be handled using disposable surgical gloves and the gloves shall be disposed of after handling each tortoise. An authorized desert tortoise biologist shall document each tortoise handling by completing the Desert Tortoise Handling and Take Report (Appendix E).

- 1.k. *Penning*—Not applicable for the proposed action.
- 1.l. *Temporary tortoise-proof fencing*—Not required for this project.
- 1.m. *Permanent tortoise-proof fencing*—Not required for this project.
- 1.n. *Wildlife escape ramps*— Not applicable for the proposed action.
- 1.o. *Dust control*—Water applied to for dust control shall not be allowed to pool outside desert-tortoise fenced areas, as this can attract desert tortoises. Similarly, leaks on water trucks and water tanks will be repaired to prevent pooling water. An authorized desert tortoise biologist/monitor will be assigned to patrol each area being watered immediately after the water is applied and at approximate 60-minute intervals until the ground is no longer wet enough to attract tortoises if conditions favor tortoise activity.
- 1.p. *Blasting*— Not applicable for the proposed action.
- 1.q. *Power transmission projects*—Transmission line support structures and other facility structures shall be designed to discourage their use by raptors for perching or nesting (*e.g.*, by use of anti-perching devices) in accordance with the most current Avian Power Line Interaction Committee guidelines (see terms and

conditions 2.b and 2.c.).

- 1.r. *Timing of construction*—The BLM shall ensure that when possible, the project proponent schedules and conducts construction, operation, and maintenance activities within desert tortoise habitat during the less-active season (generally October 31 to March 1) and during periods of reduced desert tortoise activity (typically when ambient temperatures are less than 60 or greater than 95 °F). All vehicles and equipment that are not in areas enclosed by desert tortoise exclusion fencing will stop activities in desert tortoise habitat during rainfall events in the more-active season (generally March 1 to October 31), and if temperatures are above 60 but below 95 °F for more than 7 consecutive days. The Field Contact Representative (FCR) or designee will determine, in coordination with the BLM and Service, when it is appropriate for project activities to continue.

RPM 2: **Predator Control— Applies to all actions.** *BLM, and other jurisdictional Federal agencies as appropriate, shall ensure their agency personnel, the project proponent, and their contractors implement the following measures to minimize injury to desert tortoises as a result of predators drawn to the project area from construction, operation, and minor maintenance activities:*

Terms and Conditions:

- 2.a. *Litter control, applies to all projects*—A litter control program shall be implemented to reduce the attractiveness of the area to opportunistic predators such as desert kit foxes, coyotes, and common ravens. Trash and food items will be disposed of properly in predator-proof containers with predator-proof lids. Trash containers will be emptied and construction waste will be removed daily from the project area and disposed of in an approved landfill. Vehicles hauling trash to the landfill or transfer facility must be secured to prevent litter from blowing out along the road.
- 2.b. *Deterrence*—The project proponent will implement measures to discourage the presence of predators on site (coyotes, ravens, etc.), including elimination of available water sources, designing structures to discourage potential nest sites, and use of hazing to discourage raven presence.
- 2.c. *Monitoring and predator control*—Projects that may create nest sites for ravens: The project proponent will monitor for the increased presence of ravens and other potential human-subsidized predators in the vicinity of the project area. A qualified biologist (not necessarily an authorized desert tortoise biologist) shall conduct monthly nest surveys of potential nest sites (*e.g.*, power transmission towers/poles) during the raven breeding season (generally February 1 to April 30) and document the presence of all nests and the species using them. During these monthly surveys, an authorized biologist will also document any sign of predation of desert tortoises below the nest and in the vicinity of the transmission line. If sign of predation is found under a nest, control measures will be implemented in coordination with the Service. The frequency of these nest surveys may be

modified as agreed upon by BLM and the Service.

- 2.d. *Evaporation ponds and open water sources*—Not applicable for the proposed action.

RPM 3: Impacts to Desert Tortoise Habitat—Applies towards all actions that involve habitat impacts. *BLM, and other jurisdictional Federal agencies as appropriate, shall ensure their agency personnel, the project proponent, and their contractors implement the following measures to minimize loss and long-term degradation and fragmentation of desert tortoise habitat, such as soil compaction, erosion, crushed vegetation, and introduction of weeds or contaminants from construction, operation, and minor maintenance activities:*

Terms and Conditions:

- 3.a. *Habitat protection plans*—If required by resource specialists, BLM shall ensure that the applicants develop and implement an approved fire prevention and response plan, erosion control plan, and a weed management plan approved by BLM prior to surface disturbance.
- 3.b. *Restoration plan*—Not required for this project.
- 3.c. *Minimizing new disturbance*—Cross-country travel outside designated areas shall be prohibited. All equipment, vehicles, and construction materials shall be restricted to the designated areas and new disturbance will be restricted to the minimum necessary to complete the task (*e.g.*, such as construction of one-lane access roads with passing turnouts every mile rather than a wider two-lane road). All work area boundaries shall be conspicuously staked, flagged, or otherwise marked to minimize surface disturbance activities.
- 3.d. *Weed prevention*—Vehicles and equipment shall be cleaned with a high pressure washer prior to arrival in desert tortoise habitat and prior to departure from areas of known invasive weed and nonnative grass infestations to prevent or at least minimize the introduction or spread these species.
- 3.e. *Chemical spills*—Hazardous and toxic materials such as fuels, solvents, lubricants, and acids used during construction will be controlled to prevent accidental spills. Any leak or accidental release of hazardous and toxic materials will be stopped immediately and cleaned up at the time of occurrence. Contaminated soils will be removed and disposed at an approved landfill site.
- 3.f. *Residual impacts from disturbance*— Remuneration fees are not required for this project as the ROW is existing and no new disturbance is authorized.

RMP 7: Compliance and Reporting—Applies towards all actions. *BLM, and other jurisdictional Federal agencies as appropriate, shall ensure their agency personnel, the project proponent, and their contractors implement the following measures to comply with the reasonable and prudent measures, terms and*

conditions, reporting requirements, and reinitiation requirements contained in this biological opinion:

Terms and Conditions:

- 7.a. *Desert tortoise deaths*—The deaths and injuries of desert tortoises shall be investigated as thoroughly as possible to determine the cause. The Service (702/515-5230), BLM wildlife staff (702/515-5000) and appropriate state wildlife agency must be verbally informed immediately and within 5 business days in writing (electronic mail is sufficient). The Authorized Desert Tortoise Biologist shall complete the Desert Tortoise Handling and Take Report (Appendix E).
- 7.b. *Non-compliance*—Any incident occurring during project activities that was considered by the FCR, authorized desert tortoise biologist, or biological monitor to be in non-compliance with this biological opinion shall be immediately documented by an authorized desert tortoise biologist. Documentation shall include photos, GPS coordinates, and details on the circumstances of the event. The incident will be included in the annual report and post-project report.
- 7.c. *Fence inspection*—Fencing is not required for this project.
- 7.d. *Project reporting requirements*— Project proponents will provide BLM with compliance reports. Quarter (non-appended actions), annual, and comprehensive final project reports will be submitted to BLM and the Service's Nevada Fish and Wildlife Office in Las Vegas. Annual reports are required for all appended actions (except those completed and provided in a prior annual report). Annual reports will cover the calendar year and are due April 1st of the following year (e.g., the annual report for calendar year 2013 is due April 1, 2014). Quarterly reports for non-appended actions are due 15 calendar days following the quarter. Final project reports are due within 60 days following completion of the project or each phase of the project.

The Programmatic Biological Opinion Report to the Fish and Wildlife Service (Appendix G) will be used for quarterly, annual, and final project reports, and shall include all Desert Tortoise Handling and Take Reports (Appendix E). If available, GIS shape files will be included.

- 7.e. *Operation and maintenance*—A written assessment report shall be submitted annually to the Service outlining the operation and maintenance activities that occurred over the past year.

Report to include: It will include frequency of implementation of minimization measures, biological observations, general success of each of the minimization measures. All deaths, injuries, and illnesses of endangered or threatened species within the project area, whether associated with project activities or not, will be summarized in the annual report. The report is due April 1 of each year.

- 7.f. *Restoration monitoring*—Not required for this project.

8: Minimization Measures

- 8.a. *The project applicant shall notify BLM wildlife staff at 702-515-5000 at least 10 days before initiation of the project.* Notification shall occur before any activities begin that will damage or remove vegetation, such as off-road vehicle travel for surveys, soil testing, and clearing vegetation off the project site. The purpose of the notification is to ensure that the proper education program is given and to review expectations for compliance with the terms and conditions of the biological opinion.
- 8.b. Overnight parking and storage of equipment and materials, including stockpiling, shall be in previously disturbed areas or areas cleared by a tortoise biologist. If not possible, areas for overnight parking and storage of equipment shall be designated by the tortoise biologist in coordination with BLM and project proponent, which will minimize habitat disturbance.
- 8.c. Within desert tortoise habitat, any construction pipe, culvert, or similar structure with a diameter greater than 3 inches stored less than 8 inches above the ground will be inspected for tortoises before the material is moved, buried, or capped.
- 8.d. Trenches: Not required for this project.
- 8.e. Ravens and other avian tortoise predators: All towers and poles will be fitted with "bird-be-gone" or other perch deterrent devices to minimize the potential for increased predation from aerial predators following construction.
- 8.f. Vehicles: All project/event-related individuals shall check underneath stationary vehicles before moving them. Tortoises often take cover under vehicles. All vehicle use will be restricted to existing roads. New access roads will be created only when absolutely necessary and only when approved by BLM. Workers shall not drive or park vehicles where catalytic converters can ignite dry vegetation and to exhibit care when smoking in natural areas. Fire protective mats or shields shall be used during grinding or welding.

Minimization Measures to Minimize Threat of Nonnative Plants

- 8.d. Rehabilitate, reclaim, or revegetate areas subjected to surface-disturbing activities where feasible. Habitat will be reclaimed so that pre-disturbance conditions can be reached within a reasonable time frame. Reclamation may include salvage and transplant of cacti and yucca, recontouring the area, scarification of compacted soil, soil amendments, seeding, vertical mulch, and transplant of seedling shrubs. If necessary subsequent seeding or transplanting efforts may be required, should monitoring indicate that the original effort was not successful.
- 8.e. If off-site fill material is used, survey the site where the fill source comes from for noxious plants. Only fill from non-contaminated sites shall be used.
- 8.g. Certify that all plant material including animal feed and material used for erosion control (straw, etc.) is weed-free.

- 8.h. Clean all equipment of weed and grass seeds, stems, stalks, etc., prior to arrival and release from the project site. The wash-down will concentrate on the undercarriage, with special emphasis on axles, cross members, motor mounts, and on and underneath steps, running boards and front bumper/bushguard assemblies.
- 8.i. Should there be concentrated areas of noxious weeds within the project area, additional spraying of equipment may be required to prevent the contamination of uninfested areas.
- 8.j. Wash sites will be mapped for future monitoring of weed infestations.
- 8.k. Mechanized treatments will not be conducted on slopes greater than 30 percent to minimize erosion.
- 8.l. Treatments that compact and disturb the soil to the degree that runoff and erosion would be increased should be ripped and properly drained.
- 8.m. Untreated islands of natural vegetation would be left to minimize negative impacts of the natural community.
- 8.n. When herbicide use is approved by BLM and the Service, applicant will follow information and guidelines provided on label and pesticide use permit.

APPENDIX E. DESERT TORTOISE HANDLING AND TAKE REPORT

If a desert tortoise is killed or injured, immediately contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and BLM, by phone at the numbers below and complete Section 1 of the form.

Completed forms should be submitted to the BLM and Fish and Wildlife Service:

Bureau of Land Management
 4701 North Torrey Pines Drive
 Las Vegas, Nevada 89130
 702-515-5000

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
 4701 North Torrey Pines Drive
 Las Vegas, Nevada 89130
 702-515-5320

Section 2: Complete all information below for each desert tortoise handled.

Project Name: Renewal of Powerline and dirt access road NEPA No.: DOI-BLM-NV-S010-2014-0018-CX Case File No./SRP No.: N-92204 BLM Section 7 log no.: NV-052-14-062	Report Date:
Fish and Wildlife Service Append File No.- n/a	
Authorized Desert Tortoise Biologist: _____ Employed by: _____	
<p>Section 1: Complete all information below if a desert tortoise is injured or killed in addition to initial contact described above.</p> If tortoise was injured <input type="checkbox"/> or killed <input type="checkbox"/> (check appropriate box):	
Date and time found: _____ Found by: _____ GPS location (NAD 83): easting: _____ northing: _____ _____ No. of photos taken: _____ Disposition: _____ _____ _____	
Attach report with photos that describe in detail, the circumstances and potential cause of injury or mortality. For injuries include name of veterinarian and detailed assessment of injuries.	

All instances of desert tortoise handling must be reported in this section and be included in the quarterly, annual, and final project reports.

Desert tortoise number: _____

Date and time found: _____ Sex of tortoise: _____

Air temperature when found: _____ Air temperature when released: _____

Tortoise activity when found: _____

Handled by: _____ Approx. carapace length _____

GPS location (NAD 83) found: easting: _____ northing: _____

GPS location released: easting: _____ northing: _____

Approximate distance moved: _____

Did tortoise void bladder; if so state approximate volume and actions taken:

Post handling or movement monitoring and observations:

Section 3: Complete for each tortoise burrow penned.

All instances of desert tortoise penning must be reported in this section and be included in the quarterly, annual, and final project reports.

Date and time of pen construction:

Began: _____ Completed: _____

Date and time pen removed: _____

Pen constructed by: _____

Why was tortoise penned? _____

How frequently was pen monitored? _____

Observations of desert tortoise behavior including time and date of observation:

Include photos of pen and burrow with report.

APPENDIX G. PROGRAMMATIC BIOLOGICAL OPINION (FILE NO. 84320-2010-F-0365.R001) REPORT TO THE FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

The information below should be completed by BLM or the Authorized Desert Tortoise Biologist for the project/action. Reports for all appended actions are required annually (due March 1 of each year for prior calendar year activities) and upon completion of the project/action.

Project Name: Renewal of Powerline and dirt access road
 NEPA no.: DOI-BLM-NV-S010-2014-0018-CX

Case File no./SRP no.: N-92204
 BLM Section 7 log no.: NV-052-14-062

Annual Report Project Completion Report

1. Date: _____

2. Fish and Wildlife Service File No (for appended actions): _____ n/a

3. Species and critical habitat affected:

Desert tortoise Desert tortoise critical habitat

Other (identify): _____

4. Project/action status:

Not begun In progress* Completed date _____

If in progress, state approximate percent complete: _____

5. Desert tortoise habitat disturbed:

Non-critical habitat		Critical habitat	
Proposed disturbance (ac)	Actual disturbance (ac)	Proposed disturbance (ac)	Actual disturbance (ac)
0		0	

6. Habitat of other species disturbed (identify species, non-critical, and critical habitat affected below):

7. Summary of individual desert tortoises taken (appended action):

	Desert Tortoise:		
	Adults	Juveniles	Eggs
Exempted			
Actual			

Describe other individuals taken:

8. Name of authorized desert tortoise biologists and monitors on the project and the dates they were on the project.

9. Describe all non-compliance issues and events.

10. Desert tortoise burrow observed during activity/event:

Total number desert tortoises observed: _____
Total number desert tortoises burrows observed: _____
Attach a summary report detailing each desert tortoise and/or desert tortoise burrows observed during activity/event including tortoise activity when found, how the animal was avoided, what happened to the tortoise, the date and time encountered and GPS location (NAD 83 easting: _____ northing: _____)

11. Contact Information

Name _____ Company _____

Address _____

Phone _____

Signature _____ Date _____

Send completed form to:
Bureau of Land Management
Attn: Wildlife Staff
4701 North Torrey Pines Drive
Las Vegas, Nevada 89130
702-515-5000

The Threatened Desert Tortoise

Life History

The desert tortoise is the largest reptile and the only wild land tortoise found in the southwestern United States. The tortoise occurs in southern Nevada, western Arizona, southeastern California, and northwestern Mexico. Desert tortoises are typically found in creosote bush, cactus and shad scale scrub, and Joshua tree woodland habitats below 5000' elevation.

Tortoise populations are patchily distributed and densities range from a few per square mile to 200 per square mile. A tortoise will live in the same general area of less than one square mile during its lifespan of 50 to 100 years. This slow-moving desert reptile ranges in size from 2 to 15 inches long and is soil colored. Because of their color and shape, tortoises can be very difficult to see.

There are several clues that can be used to tell male and female tortoises apart. However, only tortoises greater than seven inches long can be sexed reliably. Males tend to be larger than females, have a longer tail, have longer upward curving gular horns, have larger chin glands, and have a concave plastron (bottom portion of shell).



Sexual maturity for tortoises occurs at 15-20 years of age. Breeding occurs in March and April and egg laying is from May to July. Nests are almost always located at the entrance of burrows. Clutches 1 to 14 eggs and a mature female may lay 0 to 3 clutches annually. The eggs are covered with soil and hatch after 80 to 130 days in August or September.

Predators are usually only a problem for young tortoises. Predation is the greatest cause of mortality for hatchlings. Eggs are eaten by Gila monsters, foxes, coyotes, snakes, and badgers. The shell of juvenile tortoises does not harden for five or more years and young tortoises may fall prey to ravens, hawks, eagles, coyotes, foxes, bobcats, badgers, skunks, and feral dogs and cats. Up to 200 young tortoise carcasses have been found under raven perches and nests. While successful predation on adults is rare; coyotes, foxes, bobcats, eagles, and feral dogs have been known to prey on adult tortoises. Habitat quality can affect predation in certain habitats.

Research

The Bureau of Land Management will be actively involved ongoing research projects that are addressing various aspects of tortoise management and physiology. Research is being conducted on disease, livestock grazing, predator-prey relationships, genetics, tortoise translocation/relocation, and habitat restoration.

Legal Status

The desert tortoise (*Gopherus agassizii*) in the Mojave Desert was federally listed under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 as a threatened species on April 2, 1990. The tortoise was listed because of direct losses and threats to tortoise populations and habitat. Desert tortoises are directly impacted by increased raven predation on juveniles, collection by humans, vandalism, losses on roads and to off-highway vehicle (OHV) activities, and Upper Respiratory Tract Disease (URTD). Tortoise habitat is lost directly to urbanization, agriculture, road construction, military activities, and other uses. OHV use, rights-of-way, and grazing degrade habitat. All of these activities fragment tortoise habitat, which may reduce a tortoise population below the level necessary to maintain a minimum viable population.

The U.S. Endangered Species Act makes it illegal to harass, collect, or harm tortoises and provides for penalties of up to **\$50,000 in fines and one year in prison for each count**. State laws and Fish and Game Codes also afford protection to the desert tortoise.



Tortoises are well adapted to their desert environment and spend up to 98% of their time in burrows they dig. Burrows are crescent shaped and are most often found at the base of desert shrubs or in wash banks. A

tortoise may excavate and use many burrows during the year. Some burrows are used for only a short period of time and others may be used for several years. Some researchers believe that some winter dens on the Beaver Dam Slope in Utah may be 5000 years old. Many mammals, birds, reptiles, and invertebrates utilize tortoise burrows. Burrows and tortoises are most often found on valley floors and slopes, but they may also be found on the less precipitous slopes and ridges of desert mountain ranges.

Besides burrows, and remains; another method that biologists use to determine if tortoises exist in an area is the presence of scat (feces). Fresh scat is dark brown or black, but turns gray as it weathers. Scat length varies, from one half to four inches, depending on the size of the tortoise. Scats usually contain coarse plant fibers.

Tortoises are inactive from mid November until February. The activity period for desert tortoises is from March until late October when they usually spend part of each day above ground. Tortoises are especially active during warm days when it is overcast or raining, when they seek water that collects in natural depressions or in depressions the tortoises dig themselves. Available drinking water is essential to tortoise survival. The diet of tortoises, which are vegetarians, includes a wide variety of herbs, grasses, cacti, and flowers. Since droughts are common in the desert that tortoises inhabit, they rely on the erratic years of good rainfall and the ensuing growth of palatable plants.



Legal Status continued..

The Endangered Species Act allows for individuals of an endangered or threatened species to be taken incidentally to an otherwise lawful activity; as long as the conditions of the Fish and Wildlife Service's (Service) Biological Opinion are followed. "Take" includes harassing, harming, pursuing, hunting, shooting, wounding, killing, trapping, capturing or collecting, or attempting to engage in any such conduct. Harm includes significant habitat modification or degradation that impacts a listed species by interfering with breeding, feeding, or sheltering behavior. The threatened listing of the desert tortoise occurred because of widespread habitat destruction and degradation, illegal collection, disease, raven predation, and other factors.

Tortoises in captivity prior to the initial listing of August 4, 1989 are not protected by the Act. If you are interested in having a pet tortoise, you may obtain one from an adoption group or from someone that has acquired their pet legally and gifted them to you. Tortoises can offer a unique alternative to more traditional family pets but please do not turn them loose or allow your tortoises to breed.

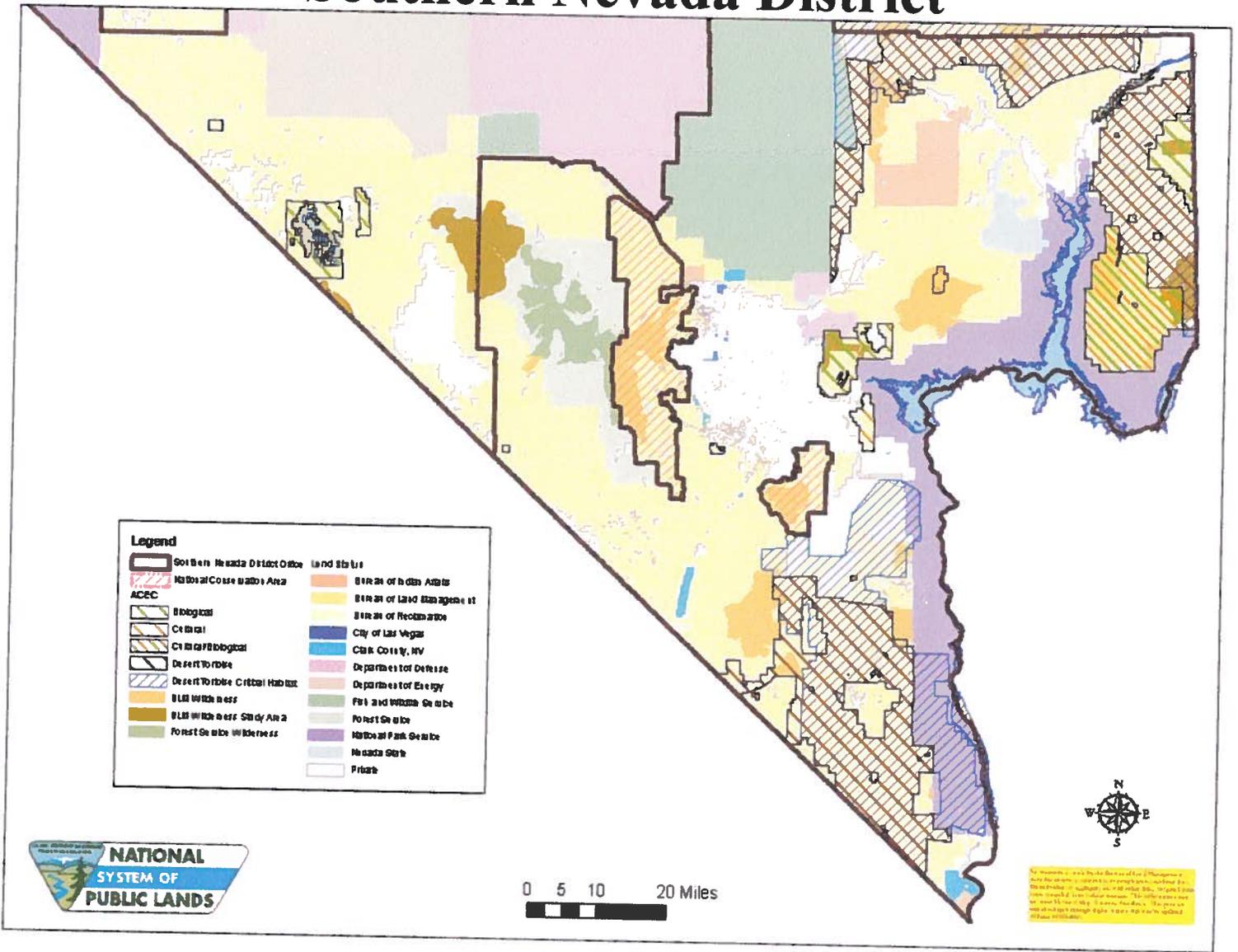


Tortoise Handling

Handle all tortoises carefully and only if authorized to do so! Tortoises can be injured and can die from improper handling. Do not approach tortoises unless absolutely necessary, as your presence can induce stress in the animal. When you must approach a tortoise, move slowly and approach from the rear of the animal. Pick up the tortoise gently and keep it level at all times. When handling large tortoises, grasp the animal with both hands, one at each side of the animal. When moving tortoises longer distances, a plastic tote or cardboard box should be used. Containers should be thoroughly cleaned between tortoises or only used for one tortoise. All personnel handling tortoises will wear surgical type gloves to inhibit the transmission of diseases among tortoises. Not more than one tortoise can be handled

Remember to always check under your vehicles!!

Southern Nevada District



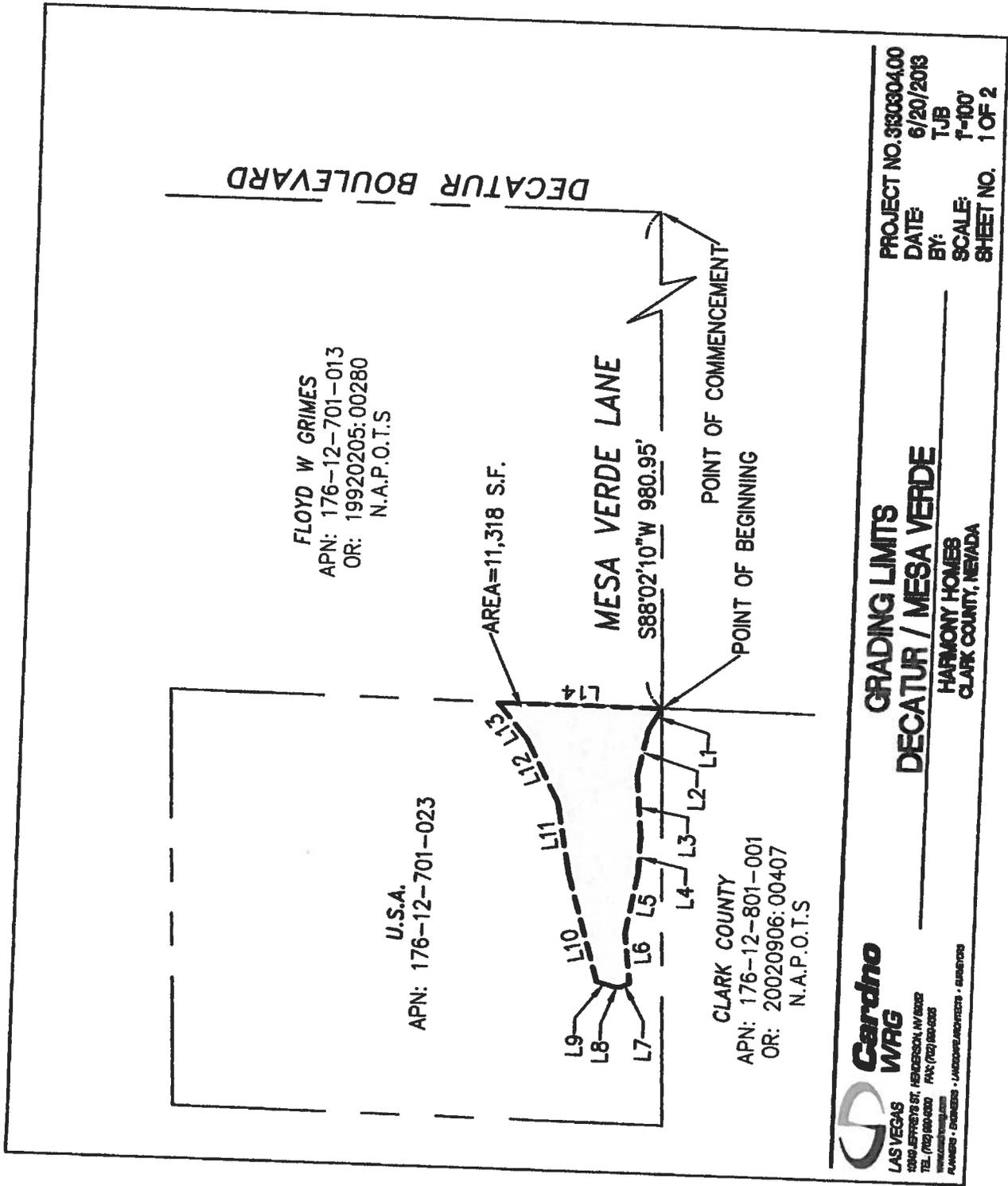


Exhibit B

N-92204

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