



United States Department of the Interior  
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT  
Boise District Office  
Four Rivers Field Office  
3948 Development Avenue  
Boise, ID 83705  
<http://www.id.blm.gov/offices/boise>



In Reply Refer To:  
4160 (ID-110)

August 17, 2012

**CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED**

Thomas T. Nicholson  
P.O. Box 690  
Meridian, ID 83680-0690

**Notice of Field Manager's Decision**

Dear Mr. Nicholson:

I have received your application for a crossing permit to trail livestock across public lands in the Sunnyside Spring/Fall (00825) and Sunnyside Winter (00826) Allotments. Upon review, and in accordance with 43 CFR 4130.6-3 and Section 123 of the Consolidated Appropriations Omnibus Act, 2012 (Public Law 112-74) your application for a crossing permit is approved subject to the terms and conditions identified below.

**Background**

On October 27, 2011, you submitted an application for a crossing permit. In response to your application the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) prepared Environmental Assessment (EA) No. DOI-BLM-ID-B010-2012-0008-EA<sup>1</sup> to analyze the environmental consequences of trailing livestock across those public lands within the jurisdiction of the Four Rivers Field Office. This document incorporates by reference the EA and subsequent Finding of No Significant Impacts (FONSI).

BLM analyzed three alternatives (Alternatives A-C) and considered one additional alternative that was not analyzed in detail (see Chapter 2 of EA No. DOI-BLM-ID-B010-2012-0008-EA). Alternative A was the No Action Alternative and would have denied all applications for crossing permits.

---

<sup>1</sup> EA No. DOI-BLM-ID-B010-2012-0008-EA and its associated Finding of No Significant Impact are available through [https://www.blm.gov/epl-front-office/eplanning/nepa/nepa\\_register.do](https://www.blm.gov/epl-front-office/eplanning/nepa/nepa_register.do). Select State = **Idaho**, Office = **ID-Four Rivers FO**, Document Type = **EA**, Fiscal Year = **2012**, Program = **All**, then click **Search**. Once you arrive here, click on **DOI-BLM-ID-B010-2012-0008-EA**. If you are unable to view the documents on the website, you may request that hard copies be sent to you.

Alternative B included the proposed trailing activities as submitted in your crossing permit application. Alternative C was developed in response to public comments and in consideration of potential environmental consequences of the proposed trailing activities in Alternative B.

Relative to the specific trailing events in your application, Route 21-01 was modified to reduce impacts to special status species habitat.

### Decision

I have decided to approve your application, with additional terms and conditions, and issue you a crossing permit to trail up to 1,000 head of cattle across public lands in the Sunnyside Spring/Fall (00825) and Sunnyside Winter (00826) Allotments as described in Alternative C of EA No. DOI-BLM-ID-B010-2012-0008-EA. You are authorized to conduct crossing activities between March 1, 2013 and April 30, 2013 in accordance with the following schedule (Table 1) and listed terms and conditions.

**Table 1.** Approved Livestock Trailing Routes for Thomas T. Nicholson

Route A	Map A	Allotments Crossed	Livestock		Timeframe		No. of Groups B	Days per Group C	% PL	AUMs	Herding Method
			Number	Kind	Begin	End					
21-01	C.4	00825	≤500		03/01	03/31	2-3 <sup>1</sup>	1	100	16	Horses/ATV & Dogs
21-02	C.4	00826	≤1,000		03/01	03/31	4-6 <sup>1</sup>	1	100	33	Horses/ATV & Dogs
21-03	C.4	00826	≤500		03/31	04/30	2-3 <sup>1</sup>	1	100	16	Horses/ATV & Dogs
21-04	C.4	00826	≤1,000		03/31	04/30	4-6 <sup>1</sup>	1	100	33	Horses/ATV & Dogs

<sup>1</sup> The total number of animals in any one group shall not exceed 300 head.

<sup>A</sup> Route and map numbers correspond to routes and maps depicted as Alternative C in EA No. DOI-BLM-ID-B010-2012-0008-EA.

<sup>B</sup> Indicates the number of groups in which the total number of livestock would be split for trailing.

<sup>C</sup> Indicates how long it would take each group of livestock to travel the length of the trailing route.

All terms and conditions described in the crossing permit are incorporated by reference into this decision and must be followed. Terms and conditions that are specifically identified to reduce environmental effects are:

#### Terms and Conditions

- Permittee will submit an application to the Authorized Officer describing the trail route to be followed, the number of livestock to be trailed, and the date(s) on which the trailing event(s) will occur at least seven working days prior to the intended date of initiation. Receipt of payment of the ensuing bill will constitute your authorization to trail livestock across public land via the designated route.

- Trailing livestock will be authorized within 0.125 miles on either side of designated trailing routes, except where subsequent stipulations apply that reduce the width in order to avoid or reduce resource conflicts.
- Trailing will be active, with livestock moving toward their final destination, except at night.
- Trailing will not be authorized during times when soils are saturated (i.e., there will be no evidence of puddles and soils will be firm).
- Trailing will not be authorized when soils within slickspots are saturated [there will be no evidence of puddles (i.e. standing water) and the soil within slickspots would be firm (i.e. a boot heel would not penetrate >0.5 inches)].
- Motorized vehicles will remain on existing vehicle routes. Cross-country use of motorized vehicles will not be authorized.
- Livestock trailing on routes in or adjacent to burned areas will be kept within 50' of the identified route centerline until vegetation recovery objectives are met.
- Livestock trailing on routes in or adjacent to vegetation treatments (e.g., fuels projects, restoration treatments, or noxious weed spraying) will be kept within 50' of the identified route centerline until the treatment objectives are met, unless the specific trailing event will not conflict with treatment objectives.
- Trailing livestock will avoid identified priority noxious weed occurrences or stay within 50' of the identified route centerline.
- Areas used for staging vehicles, horse trailers, fence panels, etc. will avoid sagebrush habitats; if this is not possible, previously disturbed sites will be used, such as areas around stock ponds or troughs, past seedings, or other grassland sites.
- Staging, bedding, or portable trough areas will not be placed on known historic property sites.
- Per the Final Supplementary Rules published in the *Federal Register* on July 21, 2011 (76 FR 43706), all supplemental feeding of livestock during trailing, including feeding of horses used for the purposes of herding, must use certified noxious-weed-free forage to prevent the spread of noxious weeds on BLM-administered public lands in Idaho.
- Any conflicts that occur due to livestock mixing will be the responsibility of the trailing applicant, in cooperation with the grazing permittee, to mitigate and resolve.
- Trailing applicant will contact all grazing permittees at least 24 hours prior to beginning trailing operations.
- Livestock trailing will be avoided where it has the potential to affect occupied Special Status Plant species habitat.

### **Rationale**

My decision is in conformance with the 2008 Snake River Birds of Prey National Conservation Area Resource Management Plan (RMP). My reasons for approving your application with additional terms and conditions are:

- Provide for the orderly movement of livestock to and from the allotments where you hold an active grazing preference;
- Reduce the potential effect of trailing on vegetation by avoiding burned areas and recent vegetation treatments;
- Reduce the potential risk of introducing or spreading noxious weeds; and
- Reduce the potential effect to Special Status Plant species.

The BLM archaeologist determined the impacts to cultural resources from granting a trailing permit and assessing the possible impacts to sites evaluated as eligible to be listed on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). The archaeologist recommended permitting this trailing event because it will not adversely impact any known cultural resource sites or historic trail segments that are listed or eligible to be listed on the NRHP, per Section 3.9 of EA No. DOI-BLM-ID-B010-2012-0008-EA. However, if monitoring and additional inventories find that impacts from trailing livestock are occurring to NRHP-eligible sites, additional mitigation measures will be identified and implemented.

As described in the Finding of No Significant Impact for EA No. DOI-BLM-ID-B020-2012-0008-EA, I found none of the impacts associated with these trailing events to be significant, either individually or cumulatively.

### **Authority**

My decision is issued under the authority found in:

Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Subpart 4100 Grazing Administration, specifically sections 4100.0-3, 4130.6-3, 4130.3, 4160.1, 4160.3, and 4130.8-1b; the 2012 Appropriations Omnibus Act Sec. 123; and the 2008 Snake River Birds of Prey National Conservation Area Resource Management Plan (RMP), which allocates livestock uses in the affected allotments.

### **Protest and/or Appeal**

My decision is not subject to protest or appeal in accordance with Section 123 of the 2012 Appropriations Omnibus Act. If you have any questions, please contact me at (208) 384-3430 or Mike Barnum, Rangeland Management Specialist/Project Lead at (208) 384-3218.

Sincerely,

*/s/ Terry A. Humphrey*

Terry A. Humphrey  
Four Rivers Field Office Manager

Enclosures:  
Maps of trailing events

