GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The criteria that would be used to establish physical safety hazard program priorities are:

- AML physical safety program's highest priority would be the cleaning up of those AML sites where (a) a death or injury has occurred, (b) the site is situated on or in immediate proximity to developed recreation sites and areas with high visitor use, and (c) upon formal risk assessment, a high or extremely high risk level is indicated.
- AML would be factored into future recreation management area designations, land-use planning assessments, and all applicable use authorizations.
- The site is presently listed or is eligible for listing in the Abandoned Mine Land Inventory System (AMLIS).
- AML hazards should be, to the extent practicable, mitigated or remediated on the ground during site development.

The criteria used to establish water-quality-based AML program priorities are:

- The state has identified the watershed as a priority based on (a) one or more water laws or regulations; (b) threat to public health or safety; and (c) threat to the environment.
- The project reflects a collaborative effort with other land managing agencies.
- The project would be funded by contributions from collaborating agencies.

These priorities would be maintained and updated as needed in the state AML strategy.

The BLM Utah State Office would continue to consult and collaboratively work together with the State of Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining (UDOGM) concerning the Abandoned Mine Land program.